# THE AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT NEW YORK

# THE JEWS IN THE UNITED STATES, 1927

A Study of Their Number and Distribution

BY

HARRY S. LINFIELD, Ph.D. Director, Statistical Department of the American Jewish Committee



NEW YORK
THE AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE
1929
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#### PREFACE

SINCE 1897 estimates have been prepared decennially of the number of Jews in the country and their distribution, and for the past thirty years these estimates were made at the time that the decennial censuses were being taken of the religious bodies by the United States Bureau of the Before 1927, estimates of the number of Jews in the country did not go further than their distribution by states and divisions. In the course of the present study for the first time data was collected with a view to ascertaining the distribution of the Jews in the United States not only among the Divisions of the country and the States, but also among the 15,700 incorporated cities, towns, and villages of the various sizes and the 45,000 rural unincorporated areas in the country. It was not before known that residents of the Jewish faith lived in nearly 10,000 cities, towns, villages, and rural areas in the country, nor that Jews have already spread to every place of 25,000 or over; to nearly 90% of the urban places of 25,000 or less; to over 30% of the rural villages of 2,500 or less, and to over 7% of the rural unincorporated areas. The wide dispersion of the Jews over the country was found quite remarkable.

For several reasons, previous studies of the number of Jews in the United States could not enter exhaustively into the matter of the density of the Jews in the country. present study aimed to supply this omission. Data was collected with a view to determining the percentage that the Jews constitute of the total population in the large regions of the country of the North, the South, and the West; in the Divisions like New England, Middle Atlantic, etc.; and in the separate states; an attempt was then made for the first time to determine the percentage that the Jews constitute in the unincorporated areas and in the various classes of incorporated places in accordance with their size. was found that while the Jews form 11.11% of the total population in cities of the class of 100,000 population or over, they constitute but 3.11% in the class of cities of the size of 100,000 to 25,000, and only 1.61% in the class of 25,000

to 10,000 population. In addition to determining the general or crude density that the Jews constitute in the various classes of places, an attempt was made to determine by class of place the percentage of the Jews to the total population of the places in which Jews reside, or the specific density of the Jews. Thus it was found that while the crude or general density of the Jews in the rural incorporated villages was but 0.48 of the total population of that class of place, the Jewish density in those villages where Jews actually live was 1.37% of the total population. The study of the density of the Jews brought out the fact that with the exception of the large cities the density of the Jews is extremely light.

The study was made under the auspices of the American Jewish Committee, aided financially by two Jewish foundations. The work of the census began in the summer of 1925 and ended in the winter of 1928, though the actual work of collecting the data was done during the latter part of 1927. The study called forth the cooperation of the national federations of congregations and over one hundred other Jewish national organizations in the country, of the city-wide federations of congregations and the federations of charity, and of great numbers of other Jewish organizations; and the writer had the cooperation, through correspondence, of over 4,000 persons: rabbis, heads of Jewish organizations, and leading men in the various communities including a great number of non-Jews. Doctor Cyrus Adler, President of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, and of the Dropsie College who, as is well known, was closely identified with every decennial census of the Jews in the country since 1907, assisted the writer through every stage of the work. Mr. Harry Schneiderman, editor of the American Jewish Year Book, has cooperated with the writer and helped him in numerous ways; his assistance in the preparation of the manuscript was invaluable. The United States Bureau of the Census and the United States Chief Geographer have assisted the writer to clear up matters that would otherwise have remained obscure. The writer takes the opportunity here to express his deep-felt gratitude for every act of helpfulness which was rendered to him and for the fine spirit in which it was given.

H. S. L.

# NUMBER AND DISTRIBUTION— GENERAL STATEMENT

LATE in 1927 material was collected with a view to determining the number of Jews of the United States and their distribution at that time. A wide canvas brought returns from 2,970 cities, towns, and villages, and 170 rural districts<sup>1</sup>; and for places and districts which were not canvassed or which did not reply to inquiries, estimates were made. The canvas and the estimates showed that at the end of 1927 a total of 4,228,029 Jews lived in the country, comprising 3.58% of the entire population. An estimate made ten years before placed the number of Jews at 3,388,951 or 3.27% of the total. Table I below gives the total population and the number of Jews in 1927 and in 1917.

As was to be expected, the canvas showed that the Jews are not evenly distributed over the country. As will be seen in Table II below, the density of the Jewish population was found to be greatest in the northern states and in Maryland, Delaware, and the District of Columbia, the northernmost states of the South Atlantic Division. In this large region Jews comprise 5.25% of the total population. The density of the Jews is only .65% in the southern states (exclusive of Maryland, Delaware, and the District of Columbia) and 1.66% in the western states.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Since this was written reports were received from 156 other cities, towns, villages and rural districts and these are included in General Table F where a total of 3,296 places are listed as having reported the number of permanent Jewish inhabitants.

TABLE I

Number of Jews and Their Distribution by State,
1917 and 1927<sup>1</sup>

CT A TE		1917			1927		
STATE	Total Population	Jews	Per Cent	Total Population	Jews	Per	
	Fopulation	Jews	Cent	Population	Jews	Cent	
Alabama	2,363,939	11,086	0.47	2,549,000	12,891	0.5	
Arizona	263,788	1,013	0.38	459,000	1,455	0.32	
Arkansas	1,766,343	5,012	0.28	1,923,000	8,850	0.46	
California	3,029,032	63,652	2.10	4,433,000	123,284	2.78	
Colorado	988,320	14,565	1.47	1,074,000	20,321	1.89	
Connecticut	1,265,373	66,862	5.28	1,636,000	91,538	5.59	
Delaware	215,160	3,806	1.77	243,000	5,310	2.18	
D. of C	369,282	10,000	2.71	540,000	16,000	2.96	
Florida	916,185	6,451	0.70	1,363,000	13,402	0.98	
Georgia	2,895,841	22,414	7.74	3,171,000	23,179	0.73	
Idaho	445,176	1,078 246,637	0.24 3.95	534,000 7,296,000	1,141 345,980	0.21	
Illinois	6,234,995	25,833	0.91	3,150,000		0.86	
IndianaIowa	2,835,492 2,224,771	15,555	0.70	2,425,000	27,244 16,404	0.68	
Kangag	1,851,870	9,450	0.70	1,328,000	7,792	0.59	
KansasKentucky	2,394,093	13,362	0.56	2,538,000	19,533	0.77	
Louisiana	1.856.954	12,723	0.68	1.934.000	16,432	0.85	
Maine	777,340	7,387	0.95	793,000	8,480	1.07	
Maryland	1,373,673	62,642	4.56	1.597,000	70,871	4.44	
Massachusetts	3,775,973	189,671	5.	4.242.000	225,634	5,32	
Michigan	3.094.266	63,254	2.04	4,490,000	89,462	1.99	
Minnesota	2,312,445	31,462	1.36	2,686,000	43,197	1.61	
Mississippi	1,976,570	3,881	0.19	1,790,618	6,420	0.36	
Missouri	3,429,595	80.807	2.35	3,510,000	80,687	2.3	
Montana	472,935	2,518	0.53	714,000	1,578	0.22	
Nebraska	1,284,126	13,547	1.06	1,396,000	14,209	1.02	
Nevada	110.738	503	0.45	77,407	264	0.34	
New Hampshire	444,429	3,257	0.73	455,000	2,779	0.61	
New Jersey	3,014,194	149,476	4.96	3,749,000	225,306	6.01	
New Mexico	423,649	858	0.20	392,000	1,052	0.27	
New York	10,460,182	1,603,923	15.33	11,423,000	1,903,890	16.67	
North Carolina	2,434,381	4,915	0.20	2,897,000	8,252	0.28	
North Dakota	765,319	1,492	0.19	641,192	2,749	0.43	
Ohio	5,212,085	166,361	3.19	6,710,000	173,976	2.59	
Oklahoma	2,289,855	5,186	0.23	2,397,000	7,823	0.33	
Oregon	861,992	9,767	1.13	890,000	13,075	1.47	
Pennsylvania	8,660,042	322,406	3.72	9,730,000	404,979	4.16	
Rhode Island	625,865	20,502	3.27	704,000	25,003	3.56	
South Carolina	1,643,205	4,816	0.29	1,845,000	6,851	0.37	
South Dakota	716,972	1,262	0.18	696,000	1,584	0.23	
Tennessee	2,304,629	14,034	0.61	2,485,000	22,532	0.91	
Texas	4,515,423	30,839	0.86	5,397,000	46,648	0.86	
Utah	443,866	3,737	0.84	522,000	2,857	0.55	
Vermont	364,946	2,221	0.61	352,428	2,036	0.58	
Virginia	2,213,025	15,403	0.69	2,546,000	25,656	1.01	
Washington	1,597,400	9,117	0.57	1,562,000	14,698 7,471	0.94	
West Virginia	1,412,602	5,129	0.36	1,696,000	35,935	1.23	
Wisconsin	2,527,167	28,581 498	0.27	2,918,000 241,000	1,319	0.55	
Wyoming	184,970	498	0.27	241,000	1,319	0.55	
Total	103,640,473	3,388,951	3.27	118,140,645	4,228,029	3.58	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The population figures for 1927 and other non-census years in this table and in all subsequent tables are the estimates of the United States Bureau of the Census, or of the writer, following the method of the Census Bureau, whenever official estimates were not available.

TABLE II

Number of Jews and Their Distribution by Division and
State, 1917, 1927

Division and		1917			1927		
State	Total	Jews	Per Cent	Total	Jews	Per Cent	
North							
Maine	777,340	7,387	0.95	793,000	8,480	1.07	
New Hampshire Vermont	444,429 364,946	3,257 2,221	0.73	455,000 352,428	2,779 2,036	0.61	
Massachusetts	3,775,973	189,671	5.	4,242,000	225,634	5.32	
Rhode Island	625,865	20,502	3.27	704,000	25,003	3.56	
Connecticut	1,265,373	66,862	5.28	1,636,000	91,538	5.59	
New York	10,460,182	1,603,923	15.33	11,423,000	1,903,890	16.67	
New Jersey Pennsylvania	3,014,194 8,660,042	149,476 322,406	4.96 3.72	3,749,000 9,730,000	225,306 404,979	6.01 4.16	
Ohio	5,212,085	166,361	3.19	6,710,000	173,976	2.59	
Indiana	2,835,492	25,833	0.91	3,150,000	27,244	0.86	
Illinois	6,234,995	246,637	3.95	7,296,000	345,980	4.74	
Michigan	3,094,266	63,254	2.04	4,490,000	89,462	1.99	
Wisconsin	2,527,167	28,581	1.13	2,918,000	35,935 43,197	1.23	
Minnesota Iowa	2,312,445 2,224,771	31,462 15,555	0.70	2,686,000 2,425,000	16,404	0.68	
Missouri	3,429,595	80,807	2.35	3,510,000	80.687	2.3	
North Dakota	765,319	1,492	0.19	641,192	2,749	0.43	
South Dakota	716,972	1,262	0.18	696,000	1,584	0.23	
Nebraska	1,284,126	13,547	1.06	1,396,000	14,209	1.02	
Kansas	1,851,870 1,373,673	9,450 62,642	0.51 4.56	1,328,000	7,792 70,871	0.59	
Maryland Delaware	215,160	3,806	1.77	243,000	5,310	2.18	
Dist. of Columbia	369,282	10,000	2.71	540,000	16,000	2.96	
Total	63,835,562	3,126,394	4.9	72,710,620	3,821,045	5.25	
South	00,000,000	0,120,072		12,120,020	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Virginia	2,213,025	15,403	.69	2,546,000	25,656	1.01	
West Virginia	1,412,602	5,129	.36	1,696,000	7,471	0.44	
North Carolina	2,434,381	4,915	.20	2,897,000	8,252	0.28	
South Carolina Georgia	1,643,205 2,895,841	4,816	7.74	1,845,000 3,171,000	6,851 23,179	0.37	
Florida	916,185	22,414 6,451	.70	1,363,000	13,402	0.98	
Kentucky	2,394,093	13,362	.56	2.538,000	19,533	0.77	
Tennessee	2,304,629	14,034	.61	2,485,000	22,532	0.91	
Alabama	2,363,939	11,086	.47	2,549,000	12,891	0.5	
Mississippi	1,976,570	3,881	.19	1,790,618	6,420	0.36	
Arkansas Louisiana	1,766,343 1,856,954	5,012 12,723	.28	1,923,000 1,934,000	8,850 16,432	0.85	
Oklahoma	2,289,855	5,186	.23	2,397,000	7,823	0.33	
Texas	4,515,423	30,839	.86	5,397,000	46,648	0.86	
Total	30,983,045	155,251	.5	34,531,618	225,940	0.65	
West	1						
Montana	472,935	2,518	0.53	714,000	1,578	0.22	
Idaho	445,176	1,078	0.24	534,000	1,141	0.21	
Wyoming	184,970	498	0.27	241,000	1,319	0.55	
Colorado New Mexico	988,320 423,649	14,565 858	1.47 0.20	1,074,000 392,000	20,321 1,052	0.27	
Arizona	263.788	1.013	0.38	459,000	1,455	0.32	
Utah	443,866	3,737	0.84	522,000	2,857	0.55	
Nevada	110,738	503	0.45	77,407	264	0.34	
Washington	1,597,400	9,117	0.57	1,562,000	14,698	0.94	
Oregon	861,992 3,029,032	9,767 63,652	1.13 2.10	890,000 4,433,000	13,075 123,284	1.47 2.78	
			1.22		181,044	1.66	
Total	8,821,866	107,306		10,898,407			
Grand Total	103,040,473	3,388,951	3.27	118,140,645	4,228,029	3.58	

Not only do the Jews live in every state of the Union but the canvas showed that the Jews are widely distributed within the states. The first wide canvas of the Jews in the country, that made by Mr. William B. Hackenburg in 1877. showed that in that year the Jews lived in 173 places. Thirty years later, in 1907, Miss Henrietta Szold, expanding statistics which she had collected in 1905, received reports from 684 places as having Jews. Ten years later, in 1917, Dr. Samson D. Oppenheim received reports from 724 places which were brought up in the following year to 819 places. The present writer found that in 1927, the Jewish dispersion in the country reached the figure of 6,420 cities, towns, and villages and of 3,292 rural unincorporated districts in Continental United States.1 In 1927 every city of 25,000 or over was found to have Jewish inhabitants. Of the smaller cities it was found that there were Jews in 93.9% of cities of 25,000-10,000; in 88.2% of the places of 10,000-5,000; and in 84.86% of the places of 5,000-2,500. Even of the small villages, those belonging to the class of rural incorporated places of 2,500 or less, 30.55% have Jewish inhabitants. In other words, as the table following will show, out of every one hundred urban places nearly ninety have Jewish residents; of every one hundred rural villages only thirty have Jews; while in the country districts, only seven in every one hundred have permanent Jewish residents.

<sup>1</sup>No conclusion as to the actual number of places having Jews in the previous years should be drawn from the above statement, nor should comparisons be attempted, because the methods of investigation differed from one another. In 1927, in addition to the territory canvassed, estimates were made by the use of statistical methods for all such places as the canvas did not include; hence the figures for 1927, probably represent the sum total of places having Jews in that year. This procedure does not seem to have been followed in 1877, 1907, and 1917. The figures for these years represent only those places from which reports were received without making allowances for those places which failed to reply or were not canvassed.

TABLE III TOTAL NUMBER OF PLACES AND NUMBER OF PLACES HAVING **Iews. 1927** 

Class of Place	Total Number of Places Census of 1920 <sup>1</sup>	Number of Places Having Jews	Per Cent
Urban Places of 25,000 or over Urban Places of 25,000-10,000 Urban Places of 10,000-5,000 Urban Places of 5,000-2,500	287 461 721 1,321	287 433 636 1,121	100. 93.93 88.22 84.86
Total Urban Places	2,790	2,477	88.77
Rural Incorporated Places of 2,500 or less	12,908	3,943	30.55
Total Incorporated Places	15,698	6,420	41.22
Rural Unincorporated Districts	44,5652	3,292	7.39

Although the distribution of Jews was found to be wide. it appeared evident that their density was light except in the large cities. Thus it was found that in the large cities of 100,000 population or over, the percentage of the Iews was 11.11% of the total and that the percentage became smaller with the size of the class of place. In cities of 100,000 to 25,000 the percentage of Jews was but 3.11%. In the rural incorporated villages it was 0.48%, and in the rural districts, but 0.15%. The following table shows the percentage of Jews among the various classes of cities, towns, villages, and in rural territory.

TABLE IV DENSITY OF JEWS IN URBAN PLACES AND IN RURAL TERRITORY

Class of Place	Total Population <sup>3</sup>	Jews	Per Cent 1927
Urban Places of 100,000 or over	31,988,375	3,553,600	11.11
Urban Places of 100,000-25,000. Urban Places of 25,000-10,000.	12,191,173 6,942,742	378,862 111,742	3.11 1.61
Jrban Places of 10,000- 5,000. Jrban Places of 5,000- 2,500.	4,997,794 4,593,953	41,855 32,370	0.84
Rural Incorporated Places of	1		
2,500 or less	8,969,241 42,436,776	43,513 66,087	0.48 0.15

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The figures for places in this table and in all other tables are those of 1920.

See note on page 23.
See note on next page.

The preceding table gave the density of the Jewish population in the various classes of places, taking each class as a whole. Now, in the cities of 25,000 or over, inasmuch as every city reported Jews, the actual density of the Jewish population equals the percentage shown. This is not the case, however, with the classes of cities of less than 25,000 in population, where not all the cities have Jewish residents. The table below shows the density of the Jews in the cities, villages and rural districts where they live.

TABLE V

THE NUMBER OF JEWS AND THEIR PER CENT OF THE TOTAL
POPULATION IN THOSE CITIES, TOWNS, VILLAGES, AND
RURAL PLACES INHABITED BY JEWS, 1927

Class of Place	Number of Jews	Per Cent of Total Population
Urban Places of 100,000 or over	3,553,600	11.11
Urban Places of 100,000-25,000	378,862	3.11
Urban Places of 25,000-10,000	111,742	1.821
Urban Places of 10,000- 5,000	41,855	0.95
Urban Places of 5,000- 2,500	32,370	0.82
Rural Incorporated Places of 2,500 or less	43,513	1.37
Rural Unincorporated Territory	66,087	1.76

In all the tables, the figures for the total population of the rural territories and of the small urban places of 2500-25,000, are those of the census year 1920. For, the figures for the number of Jews in those areas and places are certainly minima due to the method used for their ascertainment, namely, actual counts. Since our correspondents reported only those Jewish men, women, and children that were known to them to reside in those places, the total figures reported to us were undoubtedly less than the actual figures for the areas and places under consideration. Hence, in order to arrive at a true percentage of the Jews to the total population, it was deemed proper not to correct the figures for the total population for the increase between 1920 and 1927. Thus in the case of the rural areas and of the small urban places of 2500 to 25,000, the figures for both the total population and the Jews are minima and the per cent of the Jews is assumed to be correct. The figures for the total population of places 25,000 or over and of the United States as a whole are always those of 1927.

Of the two tables that follow, one is a list giving the total population and the number of Jews of the capital city and of the largest city or of the next largest city in each state, and the other a list of cities having 100,000 Jews or more.

TABLE VI NUMBER OF JEWS IN CAPITAL CITY AND LARGEST CITY OF EACH STATE

	m . 1		1
State and City	Total Population 1927 <sup>1</sup>	Jews 1927	Per Cent
Alabama			
*MontgomeryBirminghamArizona	47,193 217,500	3,000 4,000	6.36 1.84
*PhoenixTucsonArkansas	41,596 25,261	425 400	1.02 1.58
*Little Rock	78,582 32,296	3,000 420	3.82 1.3
*Sacramento	80,756	1,100	1.36
Los Angeles	1,300,000	65,000	4.998
*Denver	289,800	17,000	5.87
Pueblo	43,962	1,200	2.73
*Hartford	168,300	27,000	16.04 12.17
New Haven Delaware	184,900	22,500	
*Dover	4,267	70 5 <b>.000</b>	1.64 3.96
Wilmington	126,400	.,	2.96
*Washington	540,000	16,000	
*Tallahassee	6,070	59	0.97 4.12
Jacksonville	97,006	4,000	
*Atlanta	250,0001	11,000	4.4
SavannahIdaho	96,400	3,800	
*Boise	24,217	316	1.3
Pocatello	19,123	120	
*Springfield	64,436	600	0.93
ChicagoIndiana	3,102,809	325,000	10.47
*Indianapolis	374,300	10,000	2.67
Fort Wayne	102,380	1,800	1.76
*Des Moines	148,900	4,200	2.82
Sioux City	87,606	3,150	3.59
*Topeka	59,500	900	1.51
Kansas City	. 117,500	2,500	2.13

<sup>\*</sup>Capital City.

See note on page 10.

TABLE VI (Continued)

TABLE VI (Continued)					
State and City	Total Population 1927	Jews 1927	Per Cent		
Kentucky					
*FrankfortLouisvilleLouisiana	9,805 320,100	74 12,500	0.75 3.9		
*Baton Rouge	26,601	750	2.82		
New Orleans	424,400	9,000	2.12		
*Augusta	14,746	45	0.31		
Portland	76,762	3,500	4.56		
*Annapolis	13,037	300	2.3		
Baltimore	819,000	68,000	8.3		
*Boston	793,100 195,500	90,000 13,000	11.35		
Worcester	·		0.26		
*Lansing	75,595 1,334,500	200 75,000	5.62		
Detroit	1,004,000	75,000	3.02		
*St. Paul	250,100	13,500	5.4		
*St. Paul	447,700	22,000	4.91		
*Jackson	23,905	169	0.71		
Meridian	23,479	575	2.45		
*Jefferson City	16,338	80	0.49		
St. Louis	839,200	50,000	5.96		
*Helena	12,037	79	0.66		
Butte Nebraska	43,323	540	1.25		
*Lincoln	62,630	1,050	1.68		
Omaha Nevada	219,200	11,000	5.02		
*Carson City	1,685	164	1.28		
Reno New Hampshire	12,820	104	1.20		
*Concord	22,636	120	0.53		
Manchester New Jersey	84,208	935	1.11		
*Trenton	136,700	11,000	8.05		
Newark	466,700	65,000	13.93		
*Santa Fé	8,750	40	0.46		
Albuquerque	18,052	240	1.33		
*Albany	119,500	9,000	7,5		
New York North Carolina	5,970,800	1,765,000	29.56		
	20.050	150	0.53		
*Raleigh	28,058 66,385	325	0.33		
North Dakota	00,363	323			
*Bismarck	8,297	400	4.83		
FargoOhio	27,302	500	1.83		
*Columbus	291,400	8,500	2.92		
Cleveland	984,500	85,000	8.63		
*Oklahoma City	145,000	1,250	0.86		
Tulsa	135,900	2,400	1.77		
		1	1		

<sup>\*</sup>Capital City.

# NUMBER AND DISTRIBUTION—GENERAL STATEMENT 17

# TABLE VI (Continued)

State and City	Total Population 1927	Jews 1927	Per Cent
Oregon			
SalemPortland	20,188 340,740	80 12, <b>9</b> 00	0.4 3.52
Pennsylvania Harrisburg	84,600 2,035,900	5,000 270,000	5.91 13.26
Philadelphia	280,600	21,000	7.48
PawtucketSouth Carolina	73,086	570	0.78
ColumbiaCharleston	45,367 74,343	590 2,150	1.3 2.89
South Dakota Pierre Sioux Falls	3,209 32,977	9 210	.28 0.64
Tennessee Nashville	137,800	4.000	2.9
Memphis	178,900	10,000	5.59
*Austin	38,387 211,400	490 8,000	1.28 3.78
Salt Lake City	135,700 37,860	2,000 290	1.47 0.77
OgdenVermont	7,125	100	1.4
*MontpelierBurlingtonVirginia	24,396	900	3,69
Richmond	191,800 179,200	8,000 7,800	4.17 4.35
Norfolk			
OlympiaSeattleWest Virginia	8,354 411,500	10,000	0.14 2.43
Charleston	51,236 66,404	1,200 750	2.34 1.13
Wheeling		1,000	2.11
*MadisonMilwaukee	47,370 536,400	25,000	4.66
Wyoming Cheyenne	15,585	800	5.13 0.35
Casper	17,612	61	0.33

<sup>\*</sup>Capital City.

TABLE VII A List of Cities Having 1,000 Jews or More, 1927

City	Total Population 1927*	Number of Jews 1927	Per Cent
Akron, Ohio	220,5001	7,500	3.4
Albany, N. Y	119,500	9,000	7.5
Allentown, Pa	94,6003	1,960	2.07
Altoona. Pa	67,0003	1,500	2.24
Ansonia, Conn	19.386	2,400	12.38
Asbury Park, N. J	13,975	1,387	9.92
Atlanta, Ga	250,0001	11,000	4.4
Atlanta, Ga Atlantic City, N. J	53,896	12,160	22,56
Baltimore, Md	819,000	68,000	8.3
Bangor, Me	26,800	1,500	5.6
Bayonne, N. J	91,600	12,150	13,26
Beaumont, Tex	54,272	1,150	2.12
Bethlehem, Pa	76,622	1,500	1.96
Beverly, Mass	22,735	1,000	4.4
Binghamton, N. Y	79,649	2,500	3.14
Birmingham, Ala	217,500	4,000	1.84
Boston, Mass	793,100	90,000	11.35
Braddock, Pa	21,944	2,000	9.11
Bridgeport, Conn	152,5001	13,000	8.52
Brockton, Mass	65,3422	4,000	6.12
Brookline, Mass		7,500	16.8
Buffalo, N. Y	550,000	20,000	3.64
Cambridge, Mass	123,900	5,200	4.2
Camden, N. J	133,100	7,700	5.78
Canton, Ohio	112,902	3,600	3.19
Charleston, S. C	74,343	2,150	2.89
Charleston, W. Va	51,236	1,200	2.34
Chattanooga, Tenn	72,200	3,385	4.69
Chelsea, Mass	48,871	20,000	40.92
Chester, Pa	71,675	2,125	2.96
Chicago, Ill.	3,102,800	325,000	10.47
Cincinnati, Ohio	412,200	23,500	5.7
Cleveland, Ohio		85,000	8.63
Cleveland Heights, Ohio Columbus, Ohio	23,832 291,400	8,000	33.57
Dallas, Tex	211,600	8,500 7,500	2.92 3.54
Dayton, Ohio		4,900	2.71
Denver, Colo		17,000	5.87
Des Moines, Ia		4,200	2.82
Detroit, Mich	1,334,500	75,000	5.62
Duluth, Minn		3,480	3.07
East Orange, N. J	62,147	2,000	3.22
Easton, Pa		1,500	4,
East St. Louis, Ill	72,521	2,750	3.79
Elizabeth, N. J		9,500	8.52
Elmira, N. Y	51,144	1,500	2,93
El Paso, Tex	109,2003	2,400	2.2
Erie, Pa		1,575	1.4
Evansville, Ind	96,195	1,800	1.87
Fall River, Mass	132,600	5,500	4.15
Flint. Mich		1,100	0.81
Fort Wayne, Ind	102,380	1,800	1.76

<sup>\*</sup>See note on page 10.
\*Local Estimate.
\*21925 state census.
\*Estimate, U. S. Bureau of the Census for 1926.
\*Census of 1920.

TABLE VII (Continued)

City	Total Population 1927*	Number of Jews 1927	Per Cent
Fort Worth, Tex	163,600	2,100	1.28
Galveston, Tex	49.346	1,940	3.93
Gary, Ind	82,381	2,200 1,780	2.67
Grand Rapids, Mich	161,900	1,780	1.1 2.29
Hammond, Ind	52,300 84,600 <sup>3</sup>	1,200 5,000	5.91
Harrisburg, Pa. Hartford, Conn. Haverhill, Mass.	168,3003	27,000	16.04
Haverhill, Mass	49,232	3,385	6.88
Hazleton, Pa Highland Park, Mich	37,0542	1,000	2.7
Highland Park, Mich	76,164	1,765	2.32
Hoboken, N. J	68,166 60,387	2,780 2,000	4.08 3.31
Homestead, Pa	21,669	1,100	5.08
Houston, Tex	256,0001	11,000	4.3
Houston, Tex	65,100	1,125	1.73
Indianapolis, IndIrvington N. J.	374,300	10,000	2.67
Irvington N. J.	35,002	1,295	3.7 4.12
Jacksonville, Fla. Jersey City, N. J. Johnstown, Pa.	97,006 321,500	4,000 18,000	5.6
Johnstown Pa	75,618	1,000	1.32
Kansas City, Kan	117,500	2,500	2.13
Kansas City, Mo Kingston, N. Y	383,100 27,234	22,000	5.74
Kingston, N. Y	27,234	1,750	6.43
Knoxville, Tenn	106,848	1,250	1.17
Lawrence, Mass.	57,296 93,527 <sup>2</sup>	1,500 3,775	2.62 4.04
Lincoln, Neb	62,630	1,050	1.68
Little Rock, Ark	78,582	3,000	3.82
Long Beach, Cal	97,7003	1,750	1.79
Long Branch, N. J	13,677	3,000	21.94
Los Angeles, Cal	1,300,600	65,000	5. 3.9
Louisville, Ky	320,100 <sup>1</sup> 110,296	12,500 2,700	2,45
Lowell, MassLynbrook, N. Y	4,3714	1,000	22.9
Lvnn. Mass	104,653	9,000	8.6
Lynn, Mass	49,641	5,000	10.07
Madison, Wis	47,370	1,000	2.11
Malden, Mass	52,863	10,000 1,501	18.92 5.72
Mason City, Ia	26,249 178,900	10,000	5.59
Memphis, Tenn	31,688	1,750	5.52
Miami, Fla	85,826	2,650	3.09
Milwaukee, Wis	536,400	25,000	4.66
Minneapolis, Minn	447,700	22,000	4.91
Mount Vernon, N. Y	47,193 50,990	3,000 8,000	6.36 15.69
Nashville, Tenn.	137,800	4,000	2.9
New Bedford, Mass	119,537	3,970	3.32
New Britain, Conn	70,096	3,000	4.28
New Brunswick, N. J	39,345	5,000	12.71
New Haven, Conn	184,900	22,500	12.17 5.35
New Orleans La	29,908 <b>4</b> 24,400	1,600 9,000	2.12
New Orleans, La New Rochelle, N. Y. New York, N. Y. Newark, N. J. Newburgh, N. Y.	41,355	4,500	10.88
New York, N. Y.5	5,970,800	1,765,000	29.56
Newark, N. J	466,700	65,000	13.93
Newburgh, N. Y	32,158	1,735 1,750	5.4
Newport News, va	46,369 64,980		3.77 1.54
Niagara Falls, N. Y Norfolk, Va	179,200	1,000 7,800	4.35
Norwalk, Conn	42,295	2,000	4.73

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>For distribution by borough, see p. 21. <sup>1</sup>, <sup>2</sup>, <sup>3</sup>, <sup>4</sup>. See footnotes to p. 18.

# TABLE VII (Continued)

City	Total Population 1927*	Number of Jews 1927	Per Cent
Norwich, Conn	23,659	1,200	5.07
Oak Park Village, Ill	54,147	1,600	2.95
Oakland, Cal	267,300	6,000	2.24
Oklahoma City, Okla	145,0003	1,250	0.86
Omaha, Neb	219,200 35,814	11,000	5.02 2.79
Orange, N. J Pasadena, Cal Passaic, N. J	58,4003	1,400	2.4
Passaic, N. J	70,188	9,000	12.82
Paterson, N. J	143,800	22,300	15.51
Pensacola, Fla	25,3053	1,200	4.75
Peoria, Ill. Perth Amboy, N. J. Philadelphia, Pa.	82,540 48,417	1,500 4,500	1.82 9.29
Philadelphia, Pa.	2,035,900	270,000	13.26
Pittsburgh, Pa	665,500	53,000	7.96
Pittsfield, Mass	48,921	2,100	4.29
Plainfield, N. J Portland, Me	32,705	3,000	9.17
Portland, Me	76,762 340,740 <sup>1</sup>	3,500	4.56 3.52
Portsmouth, Va	69,224	12,000 2,180	3.52
Pottsville, Pa.	23,024	1,000	4.34
Pottsville, Pa Poughkeepsie, N. Y Providence, R. I	37,144	1,850	4.98
Providence, R. I	280,600	21,000	7.48
Pueblo, Colo	43,962	1,200	2.73
Quincy, Mass	64,925	1,650	2.54 2.18
Reading, Pa	114,500 35,035	2,500 8,000	22,83
Richmond, Va	191,800	8,000	4.17
Richmond, Va	324,500	22,500	6.93
Rock Island III.	42,766	1,675	3.92
Sacramento, Cal.	80,756	1,100	1.36
St. Joseph, Mo	78,314 839,200	3,500	4.47 5.96
St. Louis, Mo	250,100	50,000 13,500	5.4
Salem. Mass.	42,937	2,400	5.59
Salem, Mass	42,937 135,700	2,000	1.47
San Antonio, Tex	211,400	8,000	3.78
San Diego, Cal	110,4008	2,000	1.81 6.08
San Francisco, Cal	576,000 96,400 <sup>8</sup>	35,000 3,800	3.94
Savannah, Ga. Schenectady, N. Y. Scranton, Pa.	99,850	3,500	3.51
Scranton, Pa	143,900	9,000	6.25
Seattle, Wash	411,5001	10,000	2.43
Sheboygan, Wis	34,144	1,075 2,000	3.15 2.96
Sione City Ia	67,641 87,606	3,150	3.59
Sioux City, Ia	101,408	2,500	2.46
South Bend, Ind	83,092	3,000	3.61
South Orange, N. J.	8,156	1,000	12.27
Spokane, Wash	109,0004	1,350	1.24
Springfield, Mass	147,400	12,100	8.21 13,31
Stamford, Conn	42,066 52,226	5,600 1,150	2.2
Stockton, Cal. Superior, Wis. Syracuse, N. Y. Tacoma, Wash. Tampa, Fla. Tarre Houte, Ind	39,671	1,050	2.65
Syracuse, N. Y	197,000	14,000	7.11
Tacoma, Wash	106,220	1,000	0.94
Tampa, Fla	111,997	2,000	1.79
Terre Haute, Ind	71,900 <sup>3</sup> 305,400	1,000	1.39 3.27
	303,400		
Trenton N. I.	136.700	11.0900	8.05
Trenton, N. J. Troy, N. Y.	136,700 72,300 <sup>3</sup>	11,000 2,500	8,05 3,46

<sup>1, 2, 3, 4.</sup> See footnotes to p. 18.

City	Total Population 1927*	Number of Jews 1927	Per Cent
Union, N. J Uniontown, Pa	20,651 17,335	4,000 1,100	19.37 6.35
Utica, N. Y	107,971	5,000	4.63
Waco, Tex	46,952	1,500	3.19
Washington, D. C	540,000	16,000	2.96
Waterbury, Conn	104,716	5,300	5.06
West Hoboken, N. J West New York, N. J	43,343 41.382	1,320 2,410	3.05 5.82
White Plains, N. Y.	24.588	1,700	6.91
Wilkes-Barre, Pa	78.542	5,500	7.
Wilmington, Del	126,400	5,000	3.96
Winthrop, Mass	16,440	2,000	12.17
Woonsocket, R. I	52,155	1,350	2.59
Worcester, Mass	195,500	13,000	6.65
Yonkers, N. YYoungstown, Ohio	118,800 · 169,400	7,000 8,000	5.89 4.72

In the City of New York the Jews are not evenly distributed among the five boroughs. The Jews are most densely populated in the borough of the Bronx where they constitute nearly 45% of the total population of that borough. More Jews however live in the borough of Brooklyn than in any other borough, that borough containing over 44% of the total number of Jews in Greater New York1.

TABLE VIIA DISTRIBUTION OF THE JEWS IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK BY BOROUGH, 1927

Borough	Total Population	Jews	Per Cent of Jews to total	Distribution of Jews
BronxBrooklynManhattanQueensRichmond	927,625 2,275,708 1,808,225 812,362 146,880	420,000 797,000 465,000 75,800 7,200	45.28 35.02 25.71 9.33 4.90	23.80 45.15 26.35 4.29 .41
Total	5,970,800	1,765,000	29.56	100.00

Previous estimates of the distribution of the Jews of the City of New York by borough are by Dr. Dushkind for 1917 on the basis of the number of Jewish children in the public schools in 1915–1916<sup>2</sup> and by Dr. Laidlaw for 1920.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>\*</sup>See note on page 10.

For the method employed to determine the distribution of the Jews, see Note C. 2See Jewish Communal Register 1917-1918, pages 77-90. See Dr. Walter Laidlaw The Religious Composition of Greater New York, 1922.

These estimates are as follows: Bronx—211,000 in 1917 and 278,169 in 1920; Brooklyn—568,000 in 1917 and 604,380 in 1920; Manhattan—696,000 in 1917 and 657,101 in 1920; Queens—23,000 in 1917 and 86,194 in 1920; Richmond—5,000 in 1917 and 17,168 in 1920; total—1,503,000 in 1917 and 1,643,012 in 1920.

# SCOPE OF THE INQUIRY AND METHODS EMPLOYED

THE forty-eight states of the Union are divided into 3,065 primary divisions, commonly known as counties, and these counties, with a few exceptions, are subdivided into numerous smaller units known as minor civil divisions. These units consist of sections of sparsely populated territory and other sections of densely populated territory. As a rule the densely populated territory form portions of the minor civil divisions, and they go under the name of cities, villages, boroughs, etc., and are as a rule incorporated, while the sparsely populated portions of the minor civil divisions are, as a rule, not incorporated. The former are further classified in accordance with the size of the population inhabiting them: incorporated densely populated territory of 2,500 or less is known as rural incorporated places while places of 2,500 or more are known as urban places. The country is thus divided in the following manner: (Census of 1920):

12,908 <sup>2</sup> rural incorporated places of 2,500 population,	
or less	8,969,241 persons
1,321 <sup>3</sup> urban places of 2,500–5,000	4,593,953 persons
721 <sup>3</sup> urban places of 5,000–10,000	4,997,794 persons
461 <sup>3</sup> urban places of 10,000–25,000	6,942,742 persons
219 urban places of 25,000–100,000	10,340,788 persons
68 urban places of 100,000 or over	27,429,326 persons

In the present compilation of new estimates of the number of Jews in the country efforts have been made to determine the number of Jews and their distribution in the country as a

<sup>1</sup>The United States Bureau of the Census does not give the number of the minor civil divisions. By counting the divisions enumerated in 1920, we get the figure of 49,312: 4,747 incorporated and 44,555 unincorporated divisions, though many of the latter contain portions that are incorporated.

<sup>2</sup>The sum of the total of the places in the states. <sup>3</sup>See footnote 3 to p. 25.

whole, in the states and divisions, as well as in the rural districts and villages and in the urban places of the various sizes.

The methods used were chiefly the following: in the case of the small communities, efforts were made to have local correspondents enumerate for us the men and the women of the Jewish faith and their children. Persons of Jewish extraction who were intermarried or were not of the Jewish faith were excluded. But answers to our inquiries were not received from every place. In fact, in the case of the rural districts and the rural incorporated places, the vast major-

ity were not canvassed at all.

To determine the number of Jews living in territories and places which were not canvassed or did not respond to inquiries, the method of sampling was used. The unknown places were grouped into classes in accordance with their size or character, and a number of places were taken at random. The sampled places were then examined with a view to eliminating possible disturbing elements. The respective samples were then canvassed with a view to determining the number of places having Jews and the

number of Jews that they had.

In the case of the urban places of 25,000 or over, estimates of the number of Jews were received from organizations and individuals for every place in those classes of cities. These estimates, though reliable and assumed to be carefully made, were, in each case, weighed as to their source and examined in the light of available data bearing upon the number of Jews in the respective cities. In the case of the eleven cities that have 50,000 Jews or more, for eight cities including the City of New York, estimates received were checked on the basis of the number of children that abstained from attending school on the Day of Atonement in the fall of 1927.

In general these were the methods used to determine the number of Jews in the various classes of urban places and of rural places, and the estimates finally accepted were in every case conservative.

### 1. JEWS IN RURAL TERRITORY

Of the 12,908 rural incorporated places of 2,500 or less in

population in the forty-eight states (U.S. Census of 1920), figures for Jews were received from 1,068 places which reported a total of 20,141 Jews and from 170 rural districts, minor civil divisions, which yielded a total of 9,038 Jews. The other rural incorporated places and unincorporated districts having Jews and the number of Jews that they had were then determined by the statistical method of sampling,<sup>1</sup> and it was found that (a) of these places 24.28% of the incorporated villages have Jewish residents who comprise .307% of the total population; (b) of the unincorporated rural districts 6.78% have Jewish residents who constitute .134% of the total population of these places. By applying these percentages to the large number of rural incorporated and the rural unincorporated districts from which direct information was not received, it was concluded that (a) in addition to the number of incorporated rural places which had reported Jews, 2,875 places in the same class also had Jews to the number of 23.372; (b) in addition to the number of unincorporated rural districts which had reported Jews, 3,122 places in the same class also had Jewish residents who numbered 57,049. Adding these estimated numbers of places and of Jews to those numbers that were reported by the communities, we find that in 1927 there were permanent Jewish inhabitants in 3,943 rural incorporated villages of 2,500 or less, and in 3,292 rural unincorporated districts, and that a total of 109,600 Jews lived in rural areas of the United States.2

# 2. JEWS IN URBAN PLACES OF 2,500-25,000

A total of 2,503³ urban places of 2,500–25,000 were enumerated in the census of 1920 and of that number 1,615 places reported to us an aggregate of 172,269 Jews, as follows:

of  $1,321^3$  places of 2,500-5,000,727 places reported 26,599 Jews of  $721^3$  places of 5,000-10,000,489 places reported 36,980 Jews of  $461^3$  p. of 10,000-25,000,399 places reported 108,690 Jews

<sup>1</sup>See Note A and Table X.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The fact of living in rural territory does not, of course, indicate the occupation of the resident. A large number of the 109,600 Jews living in rural territory are, no doubt, engaged in agricultural pursuits, but not all of them. On the other hand, there are no doubt many Jews living in urban places of 2,500 or over who engage in agricultural pursuits.

<sup>3</sup>Including places lying in two adjoining States and counted as separate places.

On the other hand, a total of 888 places either were not canvassed, or refused to report, or gave ambiguous answers which could not be used, as follows:

594 places of 2,500- 5,000 232 places of 5,000-10,000 62 places of 10,000-25,000

The number of these places having Jewish residents and the number of such residents were, however, estimated by a procedure similar to the one used in the case of the rural places. This method of computation indicated that 70.73% of these places had Jewish residents who constituted 0.304% of the population of these cities. Application of these percentages to the three classes of urban places under consideration showed:

a) in addition to the number of urban places of 2,500 to 5,000 population which had reported Jewish residents upon direct canvass, 394 had such residents to the number of 5,771;

b) in addition to the number of urban places of 5,000-10,000 population which had reported Jewish residents, 147 cities in the same class also had such residents to the

number of 4,875;

c) in addition to the number of urban places of 10,000 to 25,000 population which had reported Jews, 34 cities in the same class also had Jewish residents to the number of 3,052.

Adding these estimated numbers of places and of persons of the Jewish faith to those numbers that were reported by the communities upon direct canvass we find that at the end of 1927, a total of 2,190 small towns of 2,500–25,000 had permanent Jewish residents to the number of 185,967.

## 3. JEWS IN URBAN PLACES OF 25,000 OR OVER

Of the remaining 287 cities, those having a population in excess of 25,000 (census of 1920), reports were received from every one and were furnished by the rabbis, the heads of the chief Jewish organizations and other communal workers. The reports contained not only estimates of the number of Jews in the respective communities but also data as to congregations and other organizations, their membership

and expenditures, and the number of children enrolled in the

religious schools, etc.

The census of 1920 enumerated 219 cities of 25,000–100,000 population, located in 39 states. These cities had a combined population of 10,340,788 in 1920, and their population in 1927, may be estimated to have been 12,191,1731.

The class of cities of 100,000 or over comprised 68. These had in 1920 a total population of 27,429,326, which was estimated by the United States Bureau of the Census to have grown to 31,988,375 in 1927. Of these 68 cities Baltimore, Boston, Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit, Los Angeles, Newark, New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, and St. Louis were reported to have about 50,000 Jews or more. The number of Jews in the remaining 57 large cities and in the 219 cities of 25,000–100,000 was determined chiefly on the basis of the local estimates, examined in the light of the number of Jews that reported Yiddish and Hebrew as their mother-tongue in the census of 1920, and in the light of the number of Jewish children enrolled in the religious schools of the respective cities. The 219 cities reported a total of 378,862 Jews and the 57 larger cities, 642,600 Jews.

4. JEWS IN ELEVEN CITIES HAVING 50,000 JEWS OR OVER

The number of Jews in the eleven cities enumerated above could not be estimated in the same manner as were the numbers of the Jews in the other cities. With regard to the eleven cities the writer had before him figures of the number of children who were absent from school on the Day of Atonement of 1927, in the City of New York, Newark, Boston, Detroit, Philadelphia, and St. Louis, but not Baltimore, Chicago and Los Angeles. In the cases of Cleveland and Pittsburgh we were furnished with the number of Jewish school children in each city, as determined by local social Statistical data bearing on the number that reported Yiddish or Hebrew in the census of 1920 were at hand, of course, for every city. Estimating the number of Jews on the basis of the number of Jewish children who abstained from attending school on the Day of Atonement<sup>2</sup> and on the basis of the number enumerated in the census as

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See Note on p. 10. <sup>2</sup>See Note C. p. 74.

persons of foreign birth with Yiddish as their mothertongue and their children, we found that the number of Jews of the eleven cities was approximately as follows:

City of New York
Baltimore
Boston
Chicago
Cleveland
Detroit 75 000
Detroit
Los Angeles
Newark
Philadelphia
Pittsburgh 53,000
St. Louis 50,000
Total2,911,000

Adding the combined number of Jews of the eleven cities to the number of Jews in the 57 other large cities of 100,000 or over, we estimate that in 1927, a total of 3,553,-600 Jews lived in the 68 cities of 100,000 or over.

### 5. SUMMARY OF RESULTS

The number of Jews in 1917, was estimated as 3,388,951. The net immigration between 1917 and 1927 may be

1See Note D. p. 77.

easily determined by taking the number of the immigrant Jews that were admitted to the country less the number of those that departed and those that were deported. By this method it is found that between January 1918 and December 1927, the net Jewish immigration, the excess of admissions over departures and deportations, amounted to 323,984 Jews.<sup>1</sup>

In 1914, Dr. Jacobs estimated that the birth-rate among Jews in the United States was 35 per thousand, and the death rate 15 per thousand, and he assumed that the increase of births over deaths was 2% per year. His estimates of the rates of births and of deaths were probably too high; on the other hand, his assumption that the young Jewish population of the United States increased at the rate of 2% per year through the surplus of births over deaths, was probably correct for the years with which he dealt. The 3,388,000 Jews that were in 1917, due chiefly to a different age grouping, probably have since had a smaller surplus of births over deaths. But we may still assume this rate of 2% increase for the immigrants who

<sup>1</sup>This increase has been determined by taking the net immigration (admissions less departures and deportations) of each of the ten years under consideration and adding in each case, 2% for each year between the year of entrance and the end of 1927 (1% for the year of arrival) as follows:

Year	Net Immigra- tion		Increase	Total
January-June 1918.	1,193	Increase of 1918-192719%	226	1,419
1918-1919	2,665	Increase of 1918-192717%	453	3,118
1919-1920	13,881	Increase of 1919–192715%	2,082	15,963
1920-1921	118,419	Increase of 1920–192713%	15,394	133,813
1921-1922	52,480	Increase of 1921-192711%	5,772	58,252
1922-1923	49,207	Increase of 1922-1927 9%	4,428	53,635
1923-1924	49,616	Increase of 1923-1927 7%	3,473	53,089
1924-1925	9,751	Increase of 1924-1927 5%	487	10,238
1925-1926	9,751	Increase of 1925–1927 3%	292	10,043
1926-1927	11,075	Increase of 1926-1927 1%	110	11,185
July-Dec., 1927	5,946	Increase of July-Dec., 19270.5%	29	5,975
Totals	323,984		32,746	356,730

entered the country between 1917 and 1927. If we assume that these immigrants increased by 2% a year (1% during the year of arrival) their increase amounts to 32,746. In other words, the Jewish immigrants who entered the country during 1918–1927, plus the natural increase among them, may reasonably be assumed to have totalled 356,730 at the end of 1927.

If we now assume that the 3,388,000 Jews who were in the country at the end of 1917, had, during the ten following years a surplus of births over deaths of 1.5% a year, their increase, compounded, would amount to 544,058.

We may summarize our findings as follows:

Total number of Jews in United States, end of	
19173,388,000	0
Natural increase, 1918 to 1927 544,058	8
Net immigration of Jews, 1918 to 1927 323,984	4
Natural increase of same	6

Total number of Jews in United States based on this method of computation......4,288,788

The number thus arrived at is somewhat higher than the total obtained on the basis of the canvass made in 1927. The difference is comparatively small, and is probably owing to the estimate accepted in 1917, being too high. As a matter of fact, Dr. Oppenheim tacitly admitted this when he finally settled upon 3,300,000, instead of the total of his state estimates 3,388,000. (SEE AMERICAN JEWISH YEAR BOOK, 5679, p. 73.)

#### DISTRIBUTION

Attempts have been made in the past to examine the distribution of the Jews in the country by region, and their percentage in the various regions or divisions. The present wide canvass enables us to go further than that. It is obviously important to know to what extent the Jews live in the large cities, in the small towns, and in the rural districts, and their ratio to the total population in the rural and in the urban places of the various sizes both in the country as a whole and in the divisions and states. Finally, what is the density of the Jews in those places where they live? For instance, in the class of places of 5,000-10,000, the density of the Jews is 0.84% of the total population of that class of urban place, but this figure is misleading without the additional fact that the Jews live in only 636 of the total of 721 places of that class. How thickly or sparsely settled are the Iews in those places where they actually live?

#### 1. Geographic Distribution

The United States is divided, for census purposes, as follows:

THE NORTH:

NEW ENGLAND (Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut)

chusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut)
MIDDLE ATLANTIC (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania)
EAST NORTH CENTRAL (Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, and
Wisconsin)

West North Central (Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas)

THE SOUTH:

SOUTH ATLANTIC (Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida) EAST SOUTH CENTRAL (Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, and Mississippi)

WEST SOUTH CENTRAL (Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas)

THE WEST:

MOUNTAIN (Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, and Nevada)

PACIFIC (Washington, Oregon, and California)

An examination of the distribution of the Jews among the places of the various sizes in the country, shows that the majority of Jews live in cities of 25,000 or over as follows:

TABLE VIII Number of Jews in Cities 25,000 or Over by State, 1927

	Total Population1	Jews	Per Cent
Alabama	331,949	7,950	2.39
Arizona	41,596	425	1.02
Arkansas	110,879	3,420	3.08
California	2,719,389	115,175	4.23
Colorado	364,586	18,700	5.13
Connecticut	826,471	81,750	9.89
Delaware	126,400	5,000	3.95
Dist. of Columbia	540,000	16,000	2.96
Florida	259,658	9,850	3.79
Georgia	506,737	17,120	3.38
Illinois	3,913,991	336,780	8,60
Indiana	1,053,554	21.646	2.05
Iowa	480,787	10.142	2.11
Kansas	258,012	4,100	1.60
Kentucky	454.577	14,350	3,15
Louisiana	479,375	11,000	2.29
Maine	139,235	5,650	4.06
Maryland	890,589	69,320	7.78
Massachusetts	2,765,594	212,700	7.69
Michigan	2,259,315	83,008	3.67
Minnesota	811,032	38,980	4.80
Missouri	1.371.728	76,210	5.55
Montana	43,323	540	1.24
Nebraska	281,830	12,050	4.28
New Hampshire	114,249	1,370	1.19
New Jersey	2.044.011	191,940	9.39
New York	8,126,053	1,873,390	23.05
North Carolina	195,378	1.815	0.98
Ohio	3,219,211	157,181	4,88
Oklahoma	253,834	3,850	1.52
Oregon	340,740	12.000	3.52
Pennsylvania	3,969,115	366,410	9,23
Rhode Island	468,588	24.070	5.13
South Carolina	119,701	2.740	2,29
South Dakota	32,977	210	0.63
Tennessee	490.747	18,635	3.79
Texas	1,198,306	36,585	3.05
Utah	173,560	2,290	1.32
Virginia	614,918	21,315	3.46
Washington	682,831	13,050	1.91
West Virginia	222,066	3,310	1,49
Wisconsin	882,656	30,435	3.44
	44,179,548	3,932,462	8.8
	72,179,340	0,702,402	1 0.0

<sup>1</sup>See note on page 10.

As the majority of Jews live in cities of 25,000 or over, a geographic distribution of the Jews based on the latter's distribution in these cities would therefore not be affected by possible variation in their distribution in the smaller urban places and in the rural places. This fact together with the fact that these cities, each one, reported Jews will therefore be examined as to the geographical distribution of the Jews.

A perusal of the percentages that the Jews constitute of the total population in the states shows great variation from 23.05% in the state of New York and 9.39% in New Jersey, to 0.63% in South Dakota. Closer examination, however, shows that in the region along the Atlantic seaboard comprising the states between Maine and Delaware (including the District of Columbia), the Jews constitute 14% of the total; in the division commonly called East North Central, 5.55%; in the West North Central division, 4.37%; and in those regions combined 10.4%. On the

TABLE IX

Number of Jews in Cities 25,000 or Over by Divisions,

Sections, and States, 1927

State and Division	Total Population	Jews	Per Cent
North			
Maine	139,235	5,650	4.06
New Hampshire	114,249	1,370	1.19
Massachusetts	2,765,594	212,700	7.69
Rhode Island	468,588	24,070	5.13
Connecticut	826,471	81,750	9.89
New York	8,126,053	1,873,390	23.05
New Jersey	2,044,011	191,940	9,39
Pennsylvania	3,969,115	366,410	9.23
Maryland	890,589	69,320	7.78
Delaware	126,400	5,000	3.95
District of Columbia	540,000	16,000	2.96
Total North East	20,010,305	2,847,600	14.23
Ohio	3.219.211	157.181	4.88
Michigan	2,259,315	83,008	3.67
Wisconsin	882,656	30,435	3.44
Illinois	3,913,991	336,780	8.60
Indiana	1,053,554	21,646	2.05
Total East North Central	11,328,727	629,050	5.55
Minnesota	811,032	38,980	4.80
Iowa	480,787	10,142	2.11
Missouri	1,371,728	76,210	5.55
South Dakota	32,977	210	0.63
Nebraska	281,830	12,050	4.28
Kansas	258,012	4,100	1.60
Total West North Central	3,236,366	131,692	4.37
Total North	34,575,398	3,618,342	10.4

TABLE IX (Continued)

State and Division	Total Population	Jews	Per Cent
South			
Virginia	614.918	21,315	3,46
West Virginia	222,066	3,310	1.49
North Carolina	195,378	1,815	0.98
South Carolina	119,701	2,740	2.29
Georgia	506,737	17,120	3,38
Plorida	259,658	9,850	3.79
Total	1,918,458	56,150	2.92
Kentucky	454,577	14,350	3,15
Tennessee	490,747	18,635	3.79
Alabama	331,949	7,950	2.39
Total East South Central	1,277,273	40,935	3.20
Arkansas	110,879	3,420	3.08
Oklahoma	253,834	3,850	1.52
Louisiana	479,375	11,000	2.29
Texas	1,198,306	36,585	3.05
Total West South Central	2,042,394	54,855	2.68
Total South	5,238,125	151,940	2.9
Colorado	364,586	18,700	5.13
Utah	<b>173,560</b>	2,290	1.32
Montana	43,323	540	1.24
Arizona	41,596	425	1.02
Total Mountain	623,065	21,955	3.52
Washington	682,831	13,050	1.91
Oregon	340,740	12,000	3.52
California	2,719,389	115,175	4.23
Total Pacific	3,742,960	140,225	3.74
Total West	4,366,025	162,180	3.71
Grand Total	44,179,548	3,932,462	8.8

other hand, in the major division of the South (less the States of Maryland, Delaware, and District of Columbia) the Jews form but 2.9%, and in the West, 3.71%. The table above gives the distribution of the Jews in the cities 25,000 or over on the basis of the divisions as modified and their subdivisions.

It would appear, therefore, that appreciable differences exist between the densities of the Jewish population in the three divisions, North, South and West, except that Maryland, Delaware and the District of Columbia belong insofar as density of their Jewish populations is concerned to the North rather than to the South. In discussing the distribution of the Jews of the country we shall, therefore, refer to the Divisions and subdivisions employed by the United States Bureau of the Census, except that we shall add Delaware, Maryland and District of Columbia to the Northern

Division, and that in this division we shall combine the New England and the Middle Atlantic States (to which we are adding Delaware, Maryland and District of Columbia) into one subdivision which we shall call North East.

#### 2. Density of Jewish Population and Size of Place

The density of the Jews in the country varies however, not only according to geographic divisions of the country but also, or better, especially according to another factor, namely the size of the place, city or town. Our canvass tends to show that, in a general way, so far as cities are concerned, the density of the number of Jews in a place increases in something approaching geometrical proportion with the increase in the number of the total population. For example, in places of 2,500 to 5,000 population, the Jews form but 0.7% of the total, while in places of 5,000 to 10,000 the Jews constitute .84% of the total, and in cities of 25,000 to 100,000, over 3% of the total, and in cities of 100,000 or over, over 11%. It is, therefore, interesting to examine the distribution of the Jews from the points of view of both the geographic division and the size of the places.

a. Rural Territory:—In the case of the rural territory, reports and estimates showed that at the end of 1927, a total of 109,600 Jews lived in such territory; 66,087 in rural unincorporated territory and 43,513 in rural incorporated places. As was to be expected, the density of the Jews in rural places was found to be light, only 0.21% of the total (0.15% in the unincorporated territory and 0.48% in incorporated places). The percentage of Jews to the total population in the three major divisions was found to be as follows:

DENSITY OF JEWS IN RURAL TERRITORY, BY DIVISION

	Percentage of Jews in Rural Territory				
Division	Unincorporated	Incorporated			
United States	0.15	0.48			
North	0.15	0.55			
South	0.16	0.43			
West	0.13	0.24			

It will be seen that there is but little variation in the percentage of Jews in rural territories, as between the North and the South, but that in the West the percentage is considerably lower than in the other two Divisions, especially in the incorporated territory. This uniformity is only general, however, for upon analyzing the Division of the North we find that a few adjacent States along the Atlantic Seaboard have a much higher density than any other part of the country. This region of highest density is the rural territory surrounding the city of New York, namely, the rural territory in the states of New York, Connecticut, and New Jersey where the combined Jewish population constitutes over one half of one percent of the total rural population: 0.48% in unincorporated territory and 2.04% in incorporated areas. The greatest density in the case of the rural unincorporated territory was found to be in Connecticut and in the case of the rural incorporated territory in New Iersey.

As the following table will show at a glance the Jewish distribution in rural territory varies slightly from the norm for the entire population in the North and the South, but differs considerably from the norm for the West. This conformity so far as the North is concerned is only general for the entire Division. For upon analysis we find that the region of highest density, comprising the states of Connecticut, New York, and New Jersey, proportionately contains nearly four times as many Jews (18.93%) as the norm for the region (5.68%). The variation from the norm is slightly greater in the incorporated rural territory than in the unincorporated rural territory.

DISTRIBUTION OF JEWS IN RURAL TERRITORY, BY DIVISION

Division	Total Population	Jews
United States	100.	100.
North	46.79	53.28
South	45.01	40.79
West	8.20	5.93

TABLE X

Distribution of Jews and Their Density in Rural Territory, 1927

A. Rural Unincorporated Territory

Division and	Population	Jews	Percent- age	Distri	bution
State			Jews of Total	Total	Jews
United States	42,436,776	66,087	0.15	100.	100.
North	18,708,243	28,894	0.15	44.08	43.72
South	20,392,095	32,790	0.16	48.05	49.62
West	3,336,438	4,403	0.13	7.87	6.66
Region of greatest density					
Connecticut	433,724	3,473	0.80	17.96	33.92
New York	1,448,506	4,357	0.30	59.99	42.56
New Jersey	532,262	2,408	0.45	22.05	23.52
Total	2,414,492	10,238	0.42	5.66	15.72

### B. RURAL INCORPORATED PLACES

United States	8,969,241	43,513	0.48	100.	100.
North	5,341,765	29,498	0.55	59.55	67.79
South	2,747,405	11,917	0.43	30.63	27.39
West	880,071	2,098	0.24	9.82	4.82
Region of greatest density					
Connecticut	10,568	70	0.67	2.09	.68
New York	346,877	4,786	1.38	68.53	46.35
New Jersey	148,702	5,471	3.68	29.38	52.97
Total	506,147	10,327	2.04	5.67	23.72

#### A. AND B. RURAL TERRITORY (UNINCORPORATED AND INCORPORATED)

United States	51,406,017	109,600	.21	100.	100.
North	24,050,008	58,392	.24	46.79	53.28
South	23,139,500	44,707	.19	45.01	40.79
West	4,216,509	6,501	.15	8.20	5.93
Region of greatest density					
Connecticut	444,292	3,543	.8	15.21	17.23
New York	1,795,383	9,143	.51	61.47	44.46
New Jersey	680,964	7,879	1.16	23.32	38.31
Total	2,920,639	20,565	.7	5.68	18.93

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See note on page 14.

b. CITIES OF 2,500 TO 25,000:—In the urban places of less than 25,000 population our reports and estimates showed that 185,967 Jews lived in such places at the end of 1927: 32.370 in places of 2,500-5,000, 41,855 in places of 5,000-10.000 and 111,742 in places of 10,000-25,000. The density of the Iews and their distribution differ little as between the two former classes where the Jews form less than 1% of the total, and in each class the region of greatest density was the region in the center of the northeast section, comprising the states of New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania. On the other hand, in the last class of small cities. namely those of 10,000-25,000, the Jews form more than 1.5% of the total population, and the region of the highest density comprises the states of Massachusetts. Connecticut. New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Ohio. density of the Jews in this class of cities as a whole is a little over one percent.

DENSITY OF JEWS IN CITIES 25,000 OR LESS, BY DIVISIONS

The state of	Class of Place						
Division	2,500- 5,000	5,000- 10,000	2,500- 10,000	10,000- 25,000	2,500- 25,000		
United States	0.71	0.84	0.77	1.61	1.12		
North	0.83	0.88	0.86	1.80	1.28		
South	0.49	0.71	0.59	1.13	.79		
West	0.56	0.76	0.66	1.03	.79		

The above table shows that the density of Jewish settlement is the same in the West as it is in the South in the group of cities of 2,500–25,000, as a whole, whereas, as we noted before in the rural territory, the density of the Jews is less in the West than in the South. However, upon analysis, we find that in the two groups of smaller cities of this class, namely in the cities of 2,500–5,000 and 5,000–10,000, the density of the Jews in the South is considerably lower than the density in the West. On the other hand, in the group of cities of 10,000–25,000, the South again gains over the West in density of Jews.

DISTRIBUTION OF JEWS IN CITIES 25,000 OR LESS, BY DIVISION

Division		000		000		000		000- 000		000
	Total	Jews	Total	Jews	Total	Jews	Total	Jews	Total	Jews
United States	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.
North South West	27.65	19.15	21.26	18.09	65.17 24.33 10.50	18.55	19.76	13.90	22.40	15.75

The above table shows that in general the proportion of Jews in the North is above the norm for the total population, and below the norms in the South and the West. The variations from the norm is less in the West than in the South for the two groups of smaller cities, namely 2,500 to 5,000, and 5,000–10,000. The situation is the reverse in the case of the cities of 10,000 to 25,000.

The comparatively high percentage of Jews in this class of cities in the North and the fact of their being in excess of the norm, as far as distribution is concerned, is due to the presence of a region of abnormally high density. This region in the case of the small towns of 2,500–10,000 consists of the three Middle Atlantic States, New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania. In the case of the larger towns of 10,000 to 25,000, the States of Massachusetts, Connecticut, and Ohio adjacent to the Middle Atlantic States are included.

P. C. of Jews and Their Distribution in Regions of Highest Density

	Class of Place					
	2,500- 5,000	5,000- 10,000	2.500- 10,000	10,000- 25,000		
Percentage	1.64	1.61	1.61	2.49		
Distribution						
Total	20.86	22.29	21.60	41.77		
Jews	47.99	42.84	45.09	64.69		

If we were to subtract, in each case, the region of highest density from the North, that division would closely approach the South and the West both in the matter of density of Jews and their distribution. In this region of highest density for cities of 2,500 to 10,000, the Jews constitute 1.6%

of the total population. Furthermore nearly half of all Jews living in this class of town are to be found in the three states referred to, whereas only about one-fifth of the total population in this class of towns reside in this region.

În the region of highest density for towns of 10,000 to 25,000, the ratio of Jews to the entire population is close to 2.5%. Furthermore of the total number of Jews in that class of cities, nearly 65% are in this region, whereas only a little over 40% of the total population in this class of cities live in that region.

TABLE XI DISTRIBUTION OF JEWS AND THEIR DENSITY IN SMALL URBAN PLACES 1927<sup>1</sup> A. URBAN PLACES OF 2,500-5,000

Division and	Population	Tews	Percentage	Distribution	
State	Topulation	Jews	Jews to Total	Total	Jews
United States	4,593,953	32,370	0.71	100.	100.
North	2,804,828	23,239	0.83	61.06	71.79
South	1,270,239	6,198	0.49	27.65	19.15
West	518,886	2,933	0.56	11.29	9.06
Region of Highest Density:					
New York	286,192	6,547	2.29	29.86	42.11
New Jersey	162,408	3,802	2,34	16.94	24.48
Pennsylvania	509,812	5,188	1.02	53.20	33.41
Total	958,412	15,537	1.64	20.86	47,99

				4	
United States	4,997,794	41,855	0.84	100.	100.
North	3,446,234	30,543	0.88	68.96	72.97
South	1,062,821	7,572	0.71	21.26	18.09
West	488,739	3,740	0.76	9.78	8.94
Region of Highest Density:					
New York	200,606	4,605	2.3	18.01	25.68
New Jersey	242,399	6,434	2.65	21.76	35.88
Pennsylvania	670,916	6,894	1.03	60.23	38.44
Total	1,113,921	17,933	1.61	22.29	42.84

See note on page 14.

# TABLE XI (Continued) A-B. URBAN PLACES OF 2,500 to 10,000

Division			Percentage	Distribution	
and State	Population	Jews	Jews to Total	Total	Jews
United States	9,591,747	74,225	.77	100.	100.
North	6,251,062	53,782	.86	65.17	72.46
South	2,333,060	13,770	.59	24.33	18.55
West	1,007,625	6,673	.66	10.50	8.99
Region of Highest Density:					
New York	486,798	11,152	2.29	23.49	33.32
New Jersey	404,807	10,236	2.53	19.53	30.58
Pennsylvania	1,180,728	12,082	1.02	56.98	36.10
Total	2,072,333	33,470	1.61	21.60	45.09

# C. URBAN PLACES OF 10,000 TO 25,000

United States	6,942,742	111,742	1.61	100.	100.
North	5,022,849	90,529	1.80	72.34	81.01
South	1,371,524	15,523	1.13	19.76	13.90
West	548,369	5,690	1.03	7.90	5.09
Region of Highest Density:					
Massachusetts	594,111	9,344	1.57	20.49	12.93
Connecticut	152,390	5,631	3.69	5.25	7.79
New York	540,139	10,205	1.89	18.62	14.12
New Jersey	267,130	15,251	5.71	9.21	21.10
Pennsylvania	889,740	20,854	2.34	30.69	28.85
Ohio	456,388	10,998	2.41	15.74	15.21
Total	2,899,898	72,283	2.49	41.77	64.69

# D. URBAN PLACES OF LESS THAN 25,000

United States	16,534,489	185,967	1.12	100.	100.
North	11,273,911	144,311	1.28	68.19	77.60
South	3,704,584	29,293	0.79	22.40	15.75
West	1,555,994	12,363	0.79	9.41	6.65

Beginning with cities 25,000 or over, reports were received from every place and these showed that every city of that size in the country had permanent inhabitants of the Jewish faith totalling 378,862 persons and constituting 8.8% of the total.

c. CITIES OF 25,000-100,000:—In the cities of 25,000 to 100,000, the Jews constitute 3.11% of the total. But the states show great variation in the density of the Jews, ranging from 8% in New Jersey to 0.64% in South Dakota. Similarly, the divisions vary from 3.5% in the North and 2.28% in the South, to 1.48% in the West. As in the other classes of places, the states of greatest density are found in the central portion of the northeast and include Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania, which have a combined density of 5.65% of the total, the state of greatest density being New Jersey with 8.07%. From the point of view of distribution, these five states have nearly two-thirds of the total number of Jews living in that class of cities, compared with a little over onethird for the total population. In the divisions as a whole, however, the distribution of the Jews varies less from that of the norm for the total population.

Jews: North 81.29%; South 15.06%; West 3.65% Total: North 71.85%; South 20.47%; West 7.68%

d. CITIES OF 100,000 OR OVER:—As for the large cities of 100,000 or over there live a total of 3,553,600 Jews comprising 11.11% of the total population of those cities. The divisions vary greatly, as between the North on the one hand, and the South and the West on the other. The Jews constitute 12.82% in the large cities of the North, but only 3.46% and 4.32% in those of the South and the West respectively. The distribution, however, does not vary as greatly as is often supposed. It is true that 93% of all Jews who live in large cities are found in the North, but in the case of the total population, over 80% live in the same cities of the North. The distribution by divisions is as follows:

Jews: North 93.16%; South 2.67%; West 4.17% Total: North 80.70%; South 8.57%; West 10.73%

In four adjacent states in the North East the Jews constitute 10% or more in each state, showing a combined percentage of 19.74% of the total. These states are Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania. To this region of high density must be added another state in the East North Central division, namely Illinois, 10.47%, which, however, has only one large city, Chicago. The large cities of the four adjacent states in the North East named above contain two-thirds of the total number of Jews in those cities, and over half (55.78%) of the total number of Jews in the country as a whole, whereas over one-third of the total population in this class of cities is found in these four states, their number constituting only a little over 10% of the entire population of the country.

TABLE XII

DISTRIBUTION OF JEWS AND THEIR DENSITY IN URBAN
PLACES OF 25,000-100,000, 1927

TV 11			Percentage	Distri	bution
Division and State	Population	Jews	Jews to Total	Total	Jews
United States	12,191,173	378,862	3.11	100.	100.
North	8,759,363	307,992	3.51	71.85	81.29
South	2,495,825	57,040	2.28	20.47	15.06
West	935,985	13,830	1.48	7.68	3.65
Region of Greatest Density					
Massachusetts	1,143,259	80,230	7.02	9.38	21.18
Connecticut	320,771	19,250	6.	2.63	5.08
New York	845,453	35,890	4.24	6.93	9.48
New Jersey	842,211	. 67,940	8.07	6.91	17.93
Pennsylvania	1,009,315	31,910	3.16	8.28	8.42
Total	4,161,009	235,220	5.65	34.13	62.09

TABLE XIII
DISTRIBUTION OF JEWS AND THEIR DENSITY
IN CITIES 100,000 AND OVER

Division			Percentage of	Distri	bution
and State	Population	Jews	Jews to Total	Total	Jews
United States	31,988,375	3,553,600	11.11	100.00	100.00
North	25,816,035	3,310,350	12.82	80.70	93.16
South	2,742,300	94,900	3.46	8.57	2.67
West	3,430,040	148,350	4.32	10.73	4.17
Region of Greatest Density					
Connecticut	505,700	62,500	12.36	1.58	1.76
New York	7,280,600	1,837,500	25.23	22.76	51.71
New Jersey	1,201,800	124,000	10.32	3.76	3.49
Pennsylvania	2,959,800	334,500	11.3	9.25	9.41
Total	11,947,900	2,358,500	19.74	37.35	66.37

#### 3. Summary of Distribution

We may now summarize the facts we have gathered about the distribution of the Jews in the United States, and their density. In the country as a whole, the Jews constitute 3.58% of the total population. The density and distribution of the Jews in the country by Divisions and Sections is as follows:

(a.) MAJOR DIVISIONS:—The Division called the North. embracing the New England, the Middle Atlantic (plus Maryland, Delaware, and District of Columbia), the East North Central and the West North Central States, have over 90% of the Jews of the country (90.37%) their number constituting over five percent of the population of the Division; the Division called the South, embracing the South Atlantic (minus Maryland, Delaware, and the District of Columbia), the East South Central, and the West South Central States, has only 5.35% of the Jews of the country who constitute but a little over one-half of one percent of the population of the Division; while the Division called the West, embracing the Mountain and Pacific States has only 4.28% of the Jews of the country, constituting, however, a little over one and one-half percent of the population of the Division.

TABLE XIV

DISTRIBUTION OF JEWS AND THEIR DENSITY IN THE UNITED STATES BY DIVISION AND SECTION, 1927

Section and	Total	Jews	Percentage of	Distri	bution
Division	Population		Jews to Total	Total	Jews
United States	118,140,645	4,228,029	3.58	100.00	100.00
THE NORTH1	72,710,620	3,821,045	5.25	61.54	90.37
Northeast	35,464,428	2,981,826	8.41	48.77	78.04
East North Central	24,564,000	672,597	2.74	33.78	17.60
West North Central	12,682,192	166,622	1.28	17.45	4.36
THE SOUTH <sup>2</sup>	34,531,618	225,940	.65	29,23	5.35
South Atlantic	13,518,000	84,811	.63	39.15	37.54
East South Central	9,362,618	61,376	.65	27.11	27.16
West South Central	11,651,000	79,753	.68	33.74	35.30
THE WEST	10,898,407	181,044	1.66	9.23	4.28
Mountain	4,013,407	29,987	.75	36.83	16.56
Pacific	6,885,000	151,057	* 2.19	63.17	83.44

(b.) The North:—In this Division, the section we have called the North East, embracing the New England and the Middle Atlantic States, with the addition of Maryland, Delaware, and the District of Columbia, has 78.04% of the Jewish population of the Division, constituting 8.41% of the total (in the three Northern New England States, the Jews are much less densely settled than in the rest of this section). The East North Central (Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois, and Indiana) has 17.60% of the Jews of the North, forming not quite three percent of the total population; while the West North Central section (Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas) has only 4.36% of the Jews of the Division, constituting a little over one percent of the total.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes Maryland, Delaware and District of Columbia.

Does not include Maryland, Delaware and District of Columbia.

- (c.) THE SOUTH:—In this Division the Iews are almost equally divided among the three sections; 37.54% live in the South Atlantic section (Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida); almost the same proportion (35.30%) live in the West South Central (Arkansas, Oklahoma, Louisiana, and Texas); while the East South Central section (Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, and Mississippi) has 27.16% of the Jews of the Division. The similarity among the three sections of the South is even closer in the matter of density of the Jewish population, ranging around the percent for the whole division namely 0.65%. As we have already pointed out, in the South, the distribution of the Iews closely corresponds to that of the total population. Here it is interesting to note that more than half (58.49%) of the Jews of the entire Division, live in the single state of Texas.
- (d.) The West:—In this Division, the Pacific States (Washington, Oregon, and California) have 83.44% of the Jews of the Division, this large percentage being due to the number of Jews in California, which constitutes over 80% of the total number of Jews in this Division. The Mountain States (Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Montana, Idaho, Nevada, Arizona and New Mexico) have only 16.56% of the Jews of the Division. Here it should be noted that in the state of Colorado alone there are 20,321 Jews, more than twice as many as in the other Mountain States taken together. In Colorado the density of the Jews reaches nearly two percent, making it the region of highest density in this section. The Jews in the Pacific States constitute over 2% of the total population of the section as compared with only three-quarters of one percent in the Mountain States.

TABLE XV
DISTRIBUTION OF JEWS AND THEIR DENSITY IN THE UNITED
STATES BY STATE, SECTION, AND DIVISION, 1927

DIMIES D	i binin, b.	DC11011, 1111	DIVISION	,	
State, Section and	Total	Jews	Percentage of	Distril	bution
Division	Population <sup>1</sup>	Jews	Jews to Total	Total	Jews
The North	72,710,620	3,821,045	5.25	61.54	90.37
Northeast. Maine New Hampshire. Vermont. Massachusetts Rhode Island. Connecticut. New York New Jersey. Pennsylvania. Maryland. Delaware District of Columbia.	35,464,428 793,000 455,000 352,428 4,242,000 704,000 11,423,000 3,749,000 9,730,000 1,597,000 243,000 540,000	2,981,826 8,480 2,779 2,036 225,634 25,003 91,538 1,903,890 225,306 404,979 70,871 5,310 16,000	8.41 1.07 0.61 0.58 5.32 3.56 5.59 16.67 6.01 4.16 4.44 2.18 2.96	48.77 2.24 1.28 0.99 11.96 1.99 4.61 32.21 10.57 27.44 4.50 0.69 1.52	78.04 0.28 0.09 0.07 7.57 0.84 3.07 63.85 7.56 13.58 2.37 0.18
T. W. G.	24 754 000	cha 10h	0.74	100.00	100.00
EAST NORTH CENTRAL. Ohio. Michigan. Wisconsin. Illinois. Indiana.	24,564,000 6,710,000 4,490,000 2,918,000 7,296,000 3,150,000	672,597 173,976 89,462 35,935 345,980 27,244	2.74 2.59 1.99 1.23 4.74 .86	33.78 27.32 18.28 11.88 29.70 12.82	17.60 25.85 13.30 5.35 51.45 4.05
				100.00	100.00
WEST NORTH CENTRAL. Minnesota. Iowa. Missouri North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska. Kansas	12,682,192 2,686,000 2,425,000 3,510,000 641,192 696,000 1,396,000 1,328,000	166,622 43,197 16,404 80,687 2,749 1,584 14,209 7,792	1.28 1.61 0.68 2.3 0.43 0.23 1.02 0.59	17.45 21.18 19.12 27.68 5.05 5.49 11.01 10.47	4.36 25.92 9.85 48.42 1.65 0.95 8.53 4.68
				100.00	100.00
The South	34,531,618	225,940	0.65	29.23	5.35
SOUTH ATLANTIC. Virginia. West Virginia. North Carolina. South Carolina. Georgia. Florida.	13,518,000 2,546,000 1,696,000 2,897,000 1,845,000 3,171,000 1,363,000	84,811 25,656 7,471 8,252 6,851 23,179 13,402	0.63 1.01 0.44 0.28 0.37 0.73 0.98	39.15 18.83 12.55 21.43 13.65 23.46 10.08	37.54 30.25 8.81 9.72 8.08 27.34 15.80
E. an Course Course	0.200.000	64 277	0.65	100.00	100.00
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL. Kentucky. Tennessee. Alabama. Mississippi	9,362,618 2,538,000 2,485,000 2,549,000 1,790,618	61,376 19,533 22,532 12,891 6,420	0.65 0.77 0.91 0.50 0.36	27.11 27.11 26.54 27.22 19.13	27.16 31.82 36.72 21.00 10.46
				100.00	100.00

See note on page 10,

# TABLE XV (Continued)

State,	Total	7	Percentage	Distri	bution
Section and Division	Population	Jews	Jews to Total	Total	Jews
West South Central Arkansas. Oklahoma Louisiana. Texas.	11,651,000	79,753	0.68	33.74	35.30
	1,923,000	8,850	0.46	16.50	11.10
	2,397,000	7,823	0.33	20.57	9.81
	1,934,000	16,432	0.85	16.60	20.60
	5,397,000	46,648	0.86	46.33	58.49
The West	10,898,407	181.044	1.66	100.00	100.00 4.28
MOUNTAIN. Colorado. Wyoming Utah Montana Idaho. Nevada Arizona New Mexico.	4,013,407	29,987	0.75	36.83	16.56
	1,074,000	20,321	1.89	26.76	67.77
	241,000	1,319	0.55	6.00	4.40
	522,000	2,857	0.55	13.00	9.52
	714,000	1,578	0.22	17.79	5.27
	534,000	1,141	0.21	13.35	3.80
	77,407	264	0.34	1.92	0.88
	459,000	1,455	0.32	11.43	4.85
	392,000	1,052	0.27	9.75	3.51
PACIFIC	6,885,000	151,057	2.19	63.17	83.44
	1,562,000	14,698	0.94	22.68	9.79
	890,000	13,075	1.47	12.93	8.72
	4,433,000	123,284	2.78	64.37	81.49

#### SPECIFIC DENSITY

The paragraphs that precede give the percentage that the Jews form of the total population. While there are Jews in all cities of 25,000 population and over, Jews do not live in all rural places or in all urban places of less than that size. Hence, the density of 1.61%, for example, assigned to towns of 10,000–25,000 means that the total number of Jews in cities of that class is 1.61% of the total population of all the cities in the group.

We may call this the general density of the Jewish population of a particular group of places. If, however, we consider only those places in which there are Jews, we shall of

course find that their specific density is greater.

Our canvas shows that the proportion of such places having no Jews varies with the size of such places, and that generally speaking, this proportion increases as the size of the place decreases. Even of the small towns a comparatively large proportion have Jews, but the percentage shows

a sharp decline when we reach rural territory.

As will be seen from the accompanying table, the specific density of the Jews is highest in the cities of 25,000 or over, where Jews constitute 8.8% of the total population. Next come the rural places, where the percentage is 1.58%. Finally, come the urban places of 25,000 or less, where the specific density for that group of towns is 1.28%. In the rural territory, it is the UNINCORPORATED places that show the higher specific density (1.76%). Within the class of the urban places of 25,000 or less, the specific density of the Jews tends to decrease with the size of the place, it being 1.82% in towns of 25,000–10,000; 95% in towns of 10,000–5,000, and 0.82% in towns of 5,000–2,500.

The above results were readily arrived at in the case of

cities of 25,000 and over, since every such place reported Jews. In the case of rural territory and of places 25,000 or less, since our figures for both the number of places and the number of Jews were estimated partly through reports and partly through the statistical method of sampling, it was necessary to determine the number of places having Jews and the number of Jews in each class, namely, (1) those that reported and (2) those that were estimated. The density of the Jews in the former was readily determined as follows:

TABLE XVI

Density of Jews in Places Reporting Jewish Residents 1927<sup>2</sup>

Class of Place	Places Reporting Jews	Total Population of These Places	Number of Jews Reported	Per Cent Jews to Total
RURAL TERRITORY Unincorporated	170	412,641	9,038	2.19
Incorporated Villages of 2,500 or Less	1,068	1,329,001	20,141	1.51
URBAN PLACES 2,500-5,000	727	2,629,125	26,599	1.01
5,000-10,000	489	3,461,978	36,986	1.06
10,000- 25,000	399	6,028,991	108,690	1.80
25,000-100,000	219	12,191,173	378,862	3.11
100,000 or Over	68	31,988,375	3,553,600	11.11

We have no right to assume that the Jews constitute the same percentage of the total population in towns from which reports were not received, but which were estimated to have Jews. For, the former class includes the thickly settled Jewish communities which were known to us, were canvassed, and furnished reports. We may, however, determine the percentage of the *total* estimated number of Jews to the total population in the latter class of places and, by taking the percentage of the total Jews to the total population of both the places that reported and the places that were estimated, determine the specific density of the Jews in all places in which Jews live.

<sup>1</sup>See Note A.
<sup>2</sup>See notes on pp. 13 and 14.

#### 1. Specific Density of Jews in Rural Territory

As the following table shows, only 7.39% of rural unin-corporated places have Jews. The region in which such places are proportionately most numerous embraces the states of Connecticut, New York, and New Jersey, where the proportion of places having Jews exceeds 10%. It is also interesting to note that the states constituting the geographic division called South, have the largest proportion of such places, more than twice as many as the North, and almost half again as many as the West. The difference in the distribution of rural unincorporated places, as between those which have Jews and the total number, is somewhat pronounced in the North and the South.

In the rural incorporated places, almost one-third (30.55%) of them have Jews as residents, and in the region of highest density in this respect, again the States of Connecticut, New York and New Jersey, over 40% of the rural incorporated places have Jews as residents. The South again has the largest proportion of this type of place, although the Divisions do not show the disparity exhibited by the unincorporated rural places.

PLACES IN RURAL TERRITORY HAVING JEWISH RESIDENTS

		Cent of n Which		Distributio	n of Places	3
		Live	Uninco	rporated	Incor	porated
	Unincor- porated	Incor- porated	Total	Jews	Total	Jews
United States	7.39	30.55	100.	100.	100.	100.
North	5.32	29.56	51.03	36.80	60.15	58.20
South	11.09.	32.81	28.97	43.50	30.81	33.10
West	7.28	29.39	20.	19.70	9.04	8.70
Region of Greatest Density	10.5	40.57	3.02	4.29	4.11	5.46

As was stated above our canvass shows that the specific density of Jews in the rural territory where they live is a little higher than that in the small urban places. In the region of highest density it reaches nearly 31/2% of the total population and this region contains almost one-fifth (18.94%) of the total number of Jews in rural territory compared with nearly six percent for the total population. Considering the unincorporated territory and the incorporated territory in the region of highest density separately, we find that in the former the Jews constitute nearly three percent (2.91%) of the total in this region, and in the latter almost four and a half percent. Further, of all the Jews living in unincorporated territory, 15% live in this region, while of the total number of Jews living in incorporated villages, this region contains nearly one-fourth. The variation from the distribution of the total population is very great.

But also outside of this region the percentage of the Jews to the total is over 1% in the places where the Jews live, except the villages of the West where it is less than 1%. The major divisions show variation in the case of the percentage of the Jews to the total, due largely to the presence of the region of highest density. As for distribution, that of the Jews varies from that of the total, especially in the West, both in the unincorporated territory and in incorporated territory.

Specific Density of Jews in Rural Territory

	1	Per Cen	t			Distril	oution		
Division	Unin-	In-	Total		nin- orated	Incorp	orated	To	otal
21,10102	rated	rated		Total	Jews	Total	Jews	Total	Jews
United States	1.76	1.37	1.58	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
North	2.35	1.62	1.92	44.09	43.72	59.56	67.79	46.79	53.77
South	1.45	1.12	1.34	48.05	49.62	30.63	27.39	45.01	41.17
West	1.75	0.70	1.18	7.86	6.66	9.81	4.82	8.20	5.06
Region of Highest Density	2.91	4.38	3.49	5.69	15.73	5.64	23.73	5.68	18.94

# 2. Specific Density in Urban Places of 25,000 or Less

The difference in the proportion of places having Jewish residents, as between rural regions and cities is very great. We have seen that 7.39% of unincorporated and 30.55% of incorporated rural places have Jewish residents. But of cities of 25,000 population or less, fully 87 out of every 100 have Jewish residents. The region of highest density in this class of towns, as a whole, embraces the Middle Atlantic States of New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania, though in the case of those of 25,000 to 10,000 the region is larger, comprising in addition the adjacent states of Connecticut, Massachusetts and Ohio. The percentage of places having Jews does not differ materially as between the divisions nor in the region of highest density, and the distribution of places having Jews closely approaches the distribution of the whole class of towns among the Divisions.

When, however, we analyze our figures as to the number of Jews residing in these cities, we find great variations. Taken as a whole the specific density of the Jews in the large class of urban places of 25,000 or less is a little less than that in the rural territory, namely, 1.28% of the total. In the region of highest density, namely, the Middle Atlantic States, the specific density of the Jews is over 2%, and the distribution of the Jews differs radically from that of the total population. The Divisions show variation, the density of the Jews being higher in the North than in the South or the West.

This important class of urban places, however, should be divided from the point of view of the specific density of the Jews, into two classes: 25,000 to 10,000 and 10,000 to 2,500. In the former class the region of highest density comprises the Middle Atlantic States, (New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania), and the three adjacent states of Connecticut, Massachusetts and Ohio. In this region the Jews form over

2.5% of the total, and it contains nearly 65% of the total number of Jews, living in such places compared with 43% for the total population. The density of the Jews in such places in the country as a whole is 1.82%; the division of the North differs greatly from the others; and the distribution among the Divisions varies from that of the total population.

In the class of towns 10,000–2,500, the percentage that the Jews form of the total is less than 1%, but in the Middle Atlantic States the density reached 1.8%, and this region contains 45% of the total number of Jews living in these small urban places, compared with 22% for the total population. The major divisions vary, the lowest being the division of the South. On the other hand, the distribution of the Jews does not differ materially from that of the total population. Within this class of towns, the urban places of 10,000 to 5,000 differ little from that of the places of 5,000 to 2,500 class.

PLACES HAVING JEWS IN URBAN TERRITORY OF 25,000 OR LESS

		Percent	Percentage of Places	laces						Distribution	ution				
						2,500-	2,500-5,000	5,000-10,000 2,500-10,000 10,000-25,000	0,000	2,500-1	00000	10,000-	25,000	2,500–25,000	25,000
	2,500–5,000	000,01-000,2	000,01-002,2	10,000-25,000	2,500-25,000										
						Total	Jews	Total	Jews	Total	Jews	Total	Jews	Total	Jews
United States	84.86	88.22	86.05	93.93	87.44	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.
North	86.63	89.19	87.60	93.64	88.82	60.57	61.82	67.97	68.71	63.18	64.31	71.58	71.36	64.72	65.71
South	79.42	86.71	81.58	96.81	83.87	28.31	26.49	21.91	21.54	26.05	24.70	20.39	21.02	25.01	23.97
West	89.11	84.94	87.73	89.20	87.93	11.12	11.69	10.12	9.75	10.77	10.99	8.03	7.62	10.27	10.32
Region of Greatest Density	88.24	90.51	89.07	95.22 90.39		20.6	21.41	21.92	22.49	21.05	21.79	40.79	41.34	21.61	22.33

SPECIFIC DENSITY OF JEWS IN URBAN TERRITORY PLACES OF 25,000 OR LESS

	Pe	rcentage	Percentage of Jews to Total	s to To	tal					Distribution	oution				
				(		2,500-	2,500-5,000	5,000-	5,000-10,000	2,500-10,000		10,000	10,000-25,000 2,500-25,000	2,500	25,000
	2,500-5,000	5,000-10,000	2,500-10,000	10,000-25,000	2,500-5,000										
						Total	Jews	Total	Jews	Total	Jews	Total	Jews	Total	Jews
United States	0.82	0.95	0.89	1.82	1.28	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.
North	0.95	0.99	0.97	2.09	1.46	61.06	71.79	68,95	72.97	65.17	72.46	72.35	81.02	67.84	77.60
South	09.0	0.82	0.70	1.16	0.89	27.65	19.15	21.27	18.09	24.32	18,55	19.75	13.89	22.69	15.75
West	0.63	0.89	0.75	1.17	0.00	11.29	90.6	9.78	8.94	10.51	8.99	7.90	5.09	9.47	6.65
Region of Greatest Density	1.83	1.77	1.79	2.61	2.28	20.86	47.	22.29	42.85	21.61	45.09	41.76	64.69	22.79	42.92
						-		-							-

Summing up the results of our canvass as related to the distribution of the Jews and their density in the rural territory and in the urban places of the various sizes, we note that the spread of the Iews to the places of 25,000 and over has reached 100%, and that also to places of smaller size the spread of the Jews is already over 88%, but the spread of the Jews to the rural villages and to the unincorporated rural places is still limited in scope, the penetration of the Jews in the rural unincorporated districts being especially slight. Inasmuch as the canvasses of the Jews made ten and twenty years ago and also previously did not lend themselves to an examination of the distribution of the Jews and their densities at those years, it is not possible to make comparisons or to trace the movement of the Iews from the ports of their entry to the interior and from the large places to the small places, or to indicate the pace of their spread over the country. But the striking lightness of the density of the Iews in the rural places and especially in the small towns of 25,000 or less would indicate that their spread to these places is recent.

In the case of rural territory, the chief source of the dispersion seems to be the City of New York, from which place the Jews are spreading to the rural territory in the states roundabout,—New York, Connecticut, and New Jersey. In the case of the small urban places, the chief sources of origin include also Philadelphia (perhaps also Pittsburgh) and to a smaller degree the city of Boston, from which centers the Jews are spreading to the states near the former three cities, namely, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania. This process is evidently more advanced as far as the penetration to places is concerned, than the advance in the matter of density. The density of the Jews in the small towns is especially light in the West and in the South.

The tables that follow give in detail the data upon which are based the summary tables which precede<sup>1</sup>.

See Note A.

TABLE XVII

SPECIFIC DENSITY OF JEWS IN RURAL TERRITORY, 1927<sup>1</sup>

A. Unincorporated Rural Territory

	United		Divisions		F	Region of Highest Density	ghest Densit	λ.
	States	North	South	West	Conn.	N. Y.	N. J.	Total
No. of Places	44,565	22,739	12,912	8,914	161	950	233	1,344
No. of Places Reporting Jews	170	140	22	00	43	21	18	82
to have Jews	3,122	1,071	1,410	641	ro.	44	10	59
Total Per Cent of Places Having Jews. Per Cent of Distribution—Total Per Cent of Distribution—Jews	3,292 7.39 100.	1,211 5.32 51.03 36.8	1,432 11.09 28.97 43.5	649 7.28 20. 19.7	29.82 11.98 34.04	65 6.84 70.69 46.10	28 12.02 17.33 19.86	141 10.5 3.02 4.29
Total Population. Population in towns Reporting Jews. Population in towns Estimated to have Jews.	42,436,776 412,641 3,336,545	18,708,243 359,864 869,652	20,392,095 40,349	3,336,438 12,428 239.093	433,724	1,448,506 71,920 65.208	532,262 47,197	2,414,492 251,262
Total Population in towns having Jews	3,749,186	1,229,516	2,268,149	251,521	144,925	137,128	69,757	351,810
No. of Jews in Towns Reported	9,038	8,721 20,173	32,557	4,319	3,141	2,841	1,874	7,856
Total Jews Total Per Cent of Jews of Total Per Cent of Distribution-Total Per Cent of Distribution—Jews.	66,087 1.76 100. 100.	28,894 2.35 44.09 43.72	32,790 1.45 48.05 49.62	4,403 1.75 7.86 6,66	3,473 2.32 17.96 33.93	4,357 3.18 59,99 42.56	2,408 3,45 22.05 23.51	10,238 2.91 5.69 15,73

See notes on pp. 13, 14.

TABLE XVII (Continued)
B. Incorporated Rural Territory

	United		Divisions		R	Region of Highest Density	hest Density	
	States	North	South	West	New York	New York New Jersey	Conn.	Total
No. of Places No. of Places Reporting Jews No. of Places Estimated to have Jews.	12,908 1,068 2,875	7,764 605	3,977 376 929	1,167 87	365 71	154 44	1113	530 118 97
P. C. of Places Having Jews. P. C. of Distribution—Total. P. C. of Distribution—Jews.	3,943 30.55 100. 100.	2,295 29.56 60.15 58.2	1,305 32.81 30.81 33.1	343 29.39 9.04 8.7	38.4 68.87 65.11	70 45.5 29.06 32.56	45.5 2.07 2.33	215 40.57 4.11 5.46
Total Population.  Population in Towns Reporting Jews.  Population in Towns Estimated to have Jews.	8,969,241 1,329,001 1,852,669	5,341,765 727,857 1,088,360	2,747,405 480,365 584,341	880,071 120,779 179,968	346,877 93,989 59,340	148,702 56,227 21,866	10,568 4,742 1,456	506,147 154,958 82,662
Total Population in Towns having Jews.  No. of Jews in Towns Reported No. of Jews in Towns Estimated	3,181,670 20,141 23,372	1,816,217 14,281 15,217	1,064,706 4,896 7,021	300,747 964 1,134	153,329 3,951 835	78,093 5,166 305	6,198 51 19	237,620 9,168 1,159
P. C. of Jews of Total. P. C. of Jews of Total. P. C. of Distribution—Total. P. C. of Distribution—Jews.	43,513 1.37 100.	29,498 1.62 59.56 67.79	11,917 1.12 30.63 27.39	2,098 0.70 9.81 4.82	4,786 3.12 68.53 46.35	5,471 7.01 29.38 52.97	1.01 2.09 .68	10,327 4.38 5.64 23.73

TABLE XVII (Continued)
A.-B. RURAL TERRITORY (UNINCORPORATED AND INCORPORATED)

	United		Divisions		M	Region of Highest Density	thest Densit	<b>S</b>
	States	North	South	West	New York	New York New Jersey	Conn.	Total
Total Population Population Population in Towns Reporting Jews.	51,406,017	24,050,008 1,087,721	23,139,500 520,714	4,216,509	444,292 136,887	1,795,383	680,964 103,424	2,920,639
to have Jews	5,189,214	1,958,012	2,812,141	419,061	14,236	124,548	44,426	183,210
Total Population in Towns having Jews Number of Jews in Towns Reported. Number of Jews in Towns Estimated.	6,930,856 29,179 80,421	3,045,733	3,332,855	552,268	151,123	290,457 6,792	147,850	589,430
Total Jews.	109,600	58,392	44,707	6,501	3,543	9,143	7.879	20.565
Per Cent of Jews of Total  Per Cent of Distribution—Total	1.58	46.79	45.01	1.18	15.21	3.15	5.33	3.49
ter cent of Distribution—Jews	100.	55.77	41.17	2.06	17.23	44.46	38.31	18.94

TABLE XVIII Specific Density of Jews in Urban Places of 2,500 to  $25,000^{1}$  A. Places of 2,500 to 5,000

United Divisions Region of Highest Density	States North South West New York New Jersey Penna. Total	Tiringjews 1,321 800 374 147 81 47 45 32 83 160	394 248 99 47 26 10 44 80	jews.         1,121         603         297         131         71         42         127         88.24           jews.         84.86         86.63         79.42         89.11         87.66         89.37         88.24           Total.         100.         60.57         28.31         11.12         29.78         17.50         52.94           Jews.         100.         61.82         26.49         11.69         29.59         17.50         52.94	4,593,953 2,804,828 1,270,239 518,886 286,192 162,408 509,812 958,412 1,604,124 716,744 308,257 161,983 108,983 308,709 579,675		wwns 3,936,278 2,442,860 1,028,000 465,418 251,683 144,593 453,777 850,053 (4,259 19,179 4,060 811 9,000 811 900 421 181 681 1,284	12,370 23,239 6,198 2,933 6,547 3,802 5,188 15,537 5,00 2,00 2,00 1.14 1.83
		Number of Places. Number of Places Reporting Jews	to have Jews	Total. P. C. of Places Having Jews. P. C. of Distribution—Total. P. C. of Distribution—Jews	Population in Towns Reporting Jews. 2,	:	Total Population in Towns having Jews. No. of Jews in Towns Estimated	Total Jews. Per Cent of Jews of Total. Per Cent of Distribution—Total

'See notes on pp. 13, 14.

TABLE XVIII (Continued)
B. Places of 5,000 to 10,000

	United		Divisions		M	Region of Highest Density	ghest Densit	y
	States	North	South	West	New York	New York New Jersey	Penna.	Total
Number of Places Reporting Jews.	721 489	490	158 121	73	30 25	35	93	158 108
to Have Jews	147	115	16	16	8	00	24	35
TotalPer Cent of Places Having Jews	636	437 89.19	137	62 84.94	93.33	31 88.58	90.32	143 90.51
Per Cent of Distribution—Total Per Cent of Distribution—Tews	100.	67.97	21.91	10.12	18.99	22.15	58.86	21.92
Total Population	3,461,978	3,446,234	1,062,821	488,739	200,606	242,399	670,916	1,113,921
Population in Towns Estimated to have Jews.	955,920	752,800	102,480	100,640	19,617	49,200	166,152	234,969
Total Population in Towns having Jews No. of Jews in Towns Reported	4,417,898 36,980 4,875	3,070,059 26,724 3,819	928,309 7,225 347	419,530 3,031 709	187,526 4,495 110	217,797 6,184 250	608,596 6,120 774	1,013,919 16,799 1,134
Total Jews. Of Total Per Cent of Jews of Total Per Cent of Distribution—Total Per Cent of Distribution—Total	41,855 .95 100.	30,543 .99 68.95 72.97	7,572 .82 21.27 18.09	3,740 .89 9.78 8.94	4,605 2.46 18.01 25.68	6,434 2.95 21.76 35.88	6,894 1.13 60.23 38.44	17,933 1,77 22.29 42.85

TABLE XVIII (Continued)
A.-B. PLACES OF 2,500 TO 10,000

	TInited		Divisions		R	Region of Highest Density	hest Densit	4
	States	North	South	West	New York	York New Jersey	Penna.	Total
Number of Places	2,042	1,290	532	220	1111	55	237	430 268
Number of Places Estimated to have Jews	541	363	115	63	29	. 18	89	115
Total.  Cent of Places Having Jews  Cent of Distribution—Total  Cent of Distribution—Jews	1,757 86.05 100. 100.	1,130 87.60 63.18 64.31	434 81.58 26.05 24.70	193 87.73 10.77 10.99	89.2 25.81 25.85	89.03 19.07 19.06	211 89.03 55.12 55.09	383 89.07 21.05 21.79
Total PopulationPopulation in Towns Reporting Jews.	9,591,747 6,091,103	6,251,062 3,921,383	2,333,060	1,007,625	486,798	404,807	1,180,728	2,072,333
to have Jews	2,263,073	1,591,536	413,736	257,801	110,983	84,816	310,760	506,559
Total Population in Towns having Jews. Number of Jews in Towns Reported Number of Jews in Towns Estimated.	8,354,176 63,579 10,646	5,512,919 45,903 7,879	1,956,309 12,612 1,158	884,948 5,064 1,609	440,875 10,621 531	362,396 9,805 431	1,061,913 10,627 1,455	1,865,184 31,053 2,417
Total Jews of Total. Cent of Jews of Total. Cent of Distribution—Total Cent of Distribution—Jews	74,225 .89 100.	53,782 .97 65.17 72.46	13,770 ,70 24,32 18,55	6,673 .75 10,51 8,99	11,152 2.53 23.49 33.32	10,236 2.82 19.53 30.58	12,082 1.14 56.98 36.10	33,470 1,79 21.61 45,09

TABLE XVIII (Continued) C. PLACES OF 10,000-25,000

West         Meass.         Conn.         N. Y.         N. J.         Penna.         Ohio         Tot           37         39         9         36         18         57         29           2         31         28         9         34         15         52         25           33         36         9         34         17         55         28         28           80,20         92,31         100.         94,45         94,45         96,50         96,56         96,56           80,20         92,31         100.         94,45         94,45         96,50         96,56         96,56           80,3         20,74         4.79         19,15         9,57         30,32         15,43         4f           548,96         594,111         152,390         540,139         267,130         889,740         456,388         2,899,           457,115         445,182         152,390         540,131         2267,130         889,740         456,388         2,899,           487,53         553,494         152,390         540,131         225,615         861,575         440,041         2,769,           5,294         8,840         5,631 <th></th>												
States         North         South         West         Mass.         Conn.         N. Y.         N. J.         Fenna.         Ohio         Tot           461         330         94         37         39         36         18         52         29           399         279         89         31         28         9         31         15         22         3           433         309         279         89         31         16         3         36         9         31         15         28           433         309         279         80         3         34         17         55         28         3 <t< th=""><th></th><th>United</th><th></th><th>Divisions</th><th></th><th></th><th>Reg</th><th>gion of Hi</th><th>ghest Den</th><th>sity</th><th></th><th></th></t<>		United		Divisions			Reg	gion of Hi	ghest Den	sity		
461         330         94         37         39         36         36         18         56         31         15         52         25         35         39         34         36         31         15         32         35         25         25         35         36         31         15         32         35         35         35         36         34         17         35         35         35         36         34         17         35         35         36         34         17         35         35         36         36         34         17         35         35         36         36         34         17         35         36         36         34         17         36         36         34         17         36         36         36         36         34         17         36         36         34         17         36         36         34         17         36         36         34         17         36         36         34         47         36         36         36         36         36         36         36         36         36         36         36         36         36         3		States	North	South	West	Mass.	Conn.			Penna.	Ohio	Total
399         279         31         28         31         15         32         35         35         35         35         35         35         35         35         34         17         55         38         35         34         17         55         38         35         34         17         55         28         35         34         17         55         28         35         34         17         55         28         34         17         55         28         35         36         94.45         94.45         94.45         94.45         94.45         96.50	imber of Places	461	330	94	37	39	6	36	18	57	29	188
34         30         2         8         —         3         2         3         3           433         309         91         33         36         9         34         17         55         28           93.93         30,64         96.81         89.20         92.31         100.         94.45         94.45         96.50         96.50         96.50           100.         71.58         20.39         8.03         20.74         4.79         19.15         9.44         96.50         96.50         96.50           100.         71.58         20.39         8.03         20.74         4.79         19.15         9.44         96.50	Reporting Jews		279	89	31	28	6	31	15	52	25	160
433         309         91         33         36         94         17         55         28           31.         00.         93.93         90.64         90.81         89.20         92.31         100.         94.45         94.45         96.50	mated to have Jews.		30	2	2	00	1	3	2	3	60	19
1.   1.00.   1.1.58   20.39   8.0.3   20.74   4.79   19.15   94.45   94.45   96.50   96.56   96.56   96.56   96.50	Total	433	309	91	33	36	6	34	17	55	28	179
al.         100.         71.58         20.39         8.03         20.74         4.79         19.15         9.57         30.32         15.43           s.         100.         71.36         21.02         7.62         20.11         5.03         18.99         9.50         30.73         15.64           s.         100.         71.36         21.02         7.62         20.11         5.03         18.99         9.50         30.73         15.64           s.         6.042.742         5.022.849         1,371,524         548,369         594,111         152,390         540,139         267,130         889,740         456,388         2,89           r.         6,028,991         4,265,639         1,306,237         457,115         445,182         152,390         540,139         267,130         889,740         456,388         2,89           r.         6,028,991         4,265,639         1,306,337         457,115         445,182         152,390         540,139         267,139         450,041         27           r.         111,012         55,380         26,148         1,523,390         56,314         56,314         57,349         450,041         27           r.         108,690         87	Having Jews	93.93	93.64	96.81	89.20	92.31	100.	94.45	94.45	96.50	96.56	95.22
5.         100.         71.36         21.02         7.62         20.11         5.03         18.99         9.50         30.73         15.64           6.942.742         5,022.849         1,371,524         548,369         594,111         152,390         540,139         267,130         889,740         456,388         2,89           7.6.028.991         4,265,639         1,306,237         457,115         445,182         152,390         540,139         267,130         889,740         456,388         2,89           7.8.         111,912         55,380         26,114         30,418         108,312         —         45,543         29,028         42,249         42,040         27,4           7.8.         6,140,903         4,321,010         1,332,351         487,533         553,494         152,390         509,774         252,615         861,575         440,041         2,76           7.8.         6,140,903         4,321,010         1,322,351         487,533         55,349         5,631         9,948         15,104         20,616         10,777         7,77           7.8.         3,052         2,563         9,248         5,631         10,205         15,251         20,84         10,777         7,77	Distribution—Total.	100.	71.58	20.39	8.03	20.74	4.79	19.15	9.57	30.32	15.43	40.79
6,942,742         5,022,849         1,371,524         548,369         594,111         152,390         540,139         267,130         889,740         456,388         2,698           6,028,991         4,265,639         1,306,237         457,115         445,182         152,390         464,231         223,587         819,326         391,000         2,498           78.         111,912         55,380         26,114         30,418         108,312         —         45,543         29,028         42,249         49,041         2,76           78.         6,140,903         4,321,019         1,332,331         487,533         553,494         152,390         509,774         252,615         861,575         440,041         2,76           8.         108,690         87,969         15,427         5,294         8,840         5,631         9,948         15,104         20,616         10,777         7           7.         11,742         90,529         15,523         5,631         9,948         15,104         20,616         10,777         7           1         1,132         90,529         15,523         5,631         9,948         5,631         10,205         15,221         20,84         10,998         7	Distribution—Jews.	100.	71.36	21.02	7.62	20.11	5.03	18.99	9.50	30.73	15.64	41.34
78.         111,912         55,380         1,306,237         457,115         445,182         152,390         464,231         223,587         819,326         391,000         249           78.         111,912         55,380         1,306,237         457,115         108,312         —         45,543         29,028         42,249         49,041         27           78.         111,912         55,380         15,427         55,294         152,390         509,774         225,615         861,575         440,041         27,66           8.         108,690         87,969         15,427         5,524         8,840         5,631         9,948         15,104         20,616         10,777         7,76           8.         3,052         2,560         96         396         5,631         9,948         15,104         20,616         10,777         7,77           11,1742         90,529         15,523         5,690         9,344         5,631         10,205         15,223         20,834         10,998         7,71           11,1742         90,529         15,523         5,690         9,344         5,631         10,205         15,223         20,834         10,998         7,74           10,	tal Population	6,942,742	5,022,849	1,371,524		594,111	152,390	540,139	267,130	889,740	456,388	2,899,898
111,912   55,380   26,114   30,418   108,312     45,543   29,028   42,249   49,041   27     108,690   87,969   15,427   5,294   8,840   5,631   9,948   15,104   20,616   10,777   7     111,742   90,539   15,523   5,690   9,344   5,631   10,205   15,035   20,616   10,777   11,742   100.   13,106   13,10	Reporting Jews		4,265,639	1,306,237	457,115	445,182	152,390	464,231	223,587	819,326	391,000	2,495,716
8. (140,003)         4,321,019         1,332,351         487,533         553,494         152,390         509,774         252,615         861,575         440,041         2,76           108,690         87,969         15,427         5,294         8,840         5,631         9,948         15,104         20,616         10,777         7           111,742         90,539         15,523         5,690         9,344         5,631         10,205         15,231         20,854         10,998         7           1 100.         72.38         19,75         7.90         20,49         5,631         10,205         15,231         20,854         10,998         7           1 100.         72.35         19,75         7.90         20,49         5,631         10,205         15,231         20,854         10,998         7           1 100.         72.35         19,75         7.90         20,49         5,25         18,63         9,21         30,68         7           1 100.         81.02         13.89         5.09         12.93         7.79         14,12         21,10         28,85         15,21	nated to have Jews.		55,380	26,114	30,418	108,312	- Constant	45,543	29,028	42,249	49,041	274,173
108,690         87,969         15,427         5,294         8,840         5,631         9,948         15,104         20,616         10,777         7           111,742         2,560         96,529         15,234         5,690         9,344         5,631         10,205         15,232         2,42         10,998         7           1 100.         72,35         19,75         7,90         20,49         5,25         18,63         0,21         30,68         15,74           1 100.         72,35         19,75         7,90         20,49         5,25         18,63         9,21         30,68         15,74           1 100.         81.02         13,89         5.09         12,93         7,79         14,12         21,10         28,85         15,74	Fot. Population in Towns having Jews.	6,140,903	4,321,019	1,332,351	487,533	553,494	152,390	509,774	252,615	861,575	440,041	2,769,889
3,052         2,560         96         396         504         —         257         147         238         221           111,742         90,529         15,523         5,690         9,344         5,631         10,205         15,231         20,854         10,998         7           1,100         72,35         19,75         7,90         20,49         5,25         18,63         9,21         30,68         15,74           1,100         81.02         13,89         5,09         12,93         7,79         14,12         21,10         28,85         15,21	Cowns Reported	108,690	696,78	15,427	5,294	8,840	5,631	9,948	15,104	20,616	10,777	70,916
111,742 90,529 15,523 5,690 9,344 5,631 10,205 15,251 20,854 10,998 7 1,182 2,09 1,16 1,182 2,09 1,16 1,182 2,09 1,18 1,182 10,75 7,90 20,49 5,25 18,63 9,21 30,68 15,74 15,74 100. 81.02 13,89 5,09 12,93 7,79 14,12 21,10 28,85 15,21	Stimated	3,052	2,560	96	396	504		257	147	238	221	1,367
(on—Total, 100, 72,35 19,75 7.90 20,49 5,25 18,63 9,21 30,68 15,74 (on—Total, 100, 81.02 13.89 5.09 12,93 7,79 14,12 21.10 28,85 15.21	Total Jews	111,742	90,529	15,523		9,344	5,631	10,205	15,251 6.03	20,854	10,998	72,283
ion—Jews. 100. 81.02 13.89 5.09 12.93 7.79 14.12 21.10 28.85 15.21	lon	100.	72.35	19.75	7.90	20.49	5.25	18.63	9.21	30.68	15.74	41.76
	Distribution—Jews.	100.	81.02	13.89		12.93	7.79	14.12	21.10	28.85	15.21	64.69

TABLE XVIII (Continued)
D. Places 25,000 or Less

ty	Total	541 366 123	489 90.39 21.61 22.33	3,769,342 2,865,769	623,379	3,489,148 76,761 3,060	79,821 2.28 22.79 42.92
hest Densi	Penna.	294 195 71	266 90.47 54.34 54.41	2,070,468	353,009	1,923,488 31,283 1,693	32,976 1.71 55.12 41.31
Region of Highest Density	New York New Jersey	100 70 20	90. 18.49 18.40	671,937 501,167	113,844	615,011 24,909 579	25,488 4.14 17.63 31.93
R	New York	147 101 32	133 90.48 27.17 27.19	1,026,937	156,526	950,649 20,569 788	21,357 22.24 27.25 26.76
	West	257 161 65	226 87.93 10.27 10.32	1,555,994	288,219	1,372,481 10,358 2,005	12,363 0.90 9.47 6.65
Divisions	South	626 408 117	\$3.87 25.01 23.97	3,704,584 2,848,810	439,850	3,288,660 28,039 1,254	29,293 0.89 22.69 15.75
	North	1,620 1,046 393	1,439 88.82 64.72 65.71	11,273,911 8,187,022	1,646,916	9,833,938 133,872 10,439	144,311 1.46 67.84 77.60
Thitad	States	2,503 1,615 575	2,190 87.44 100.	16,534,489 12,120,094	2,374,985	14,495,079 172,269 13,698	185,967 1.28 100.
		Number of Places	Total  Per Cent of Places Having Jews Per Cent of Distribution—Total Per Cent of Distribution—Jotal	. «X	Population in Towns Estimated to Have Jews	Total Population in Towns he having Jews Towns Reported Number of Jews in Towns Reported Number of Jews in Towns Estimated	Total Jews. Per Cent of Jews of Total. Per Cent of Distribution—Total. Per Cent of Distribution—Jews.

# GROWTH OF JEWISH POPULATION IN THE UNITED STATES

DECENNIAL estimates are available of the number of Jews in continental United States beginning with 1897. Previous to that date, a careful estimate was made as of 1877. A number of other estimates are available, the earliest being one made in 1818.

Estimates of the Number of Jews, 1818-1927

Year of Estimate	Authority	Jews
18181	Mordecai M. Noah	3.00
18261	Isaac Harby	6,00
18401	The American Almanac	15.00
18481	M. A. Berk	50,00
1877	William B. Hackenburg	229,08
18881	Isaac Markens	400,00
1897	David Sulzberger	937,80
1905	The Jewish Encyclopedia (Joseph Jacobs)	1,508,43
1907	American Jewish Year Book (Miss Henrietta Szold)	1,776,88
1910	Bureau of Jewish Statistics of A. J. C. (Joseph Jacobs)	2,043,76
1914	Bureau of Jewish Statistics. A. J. C. (Joseph Jacobs)	2,933,87
1917	Bureau of Jewish Statistics, A. J. C. (S. D. Oppenheim)	3,388,95
1920	Department of Information and Statistics of Bureau of Jewish	
	Social Research (H. S. Linfield)	3,604,58
1927	Present Estimate	4,228,02

The estimates previous to those of 1877 and 1888 were made on bases so different from those of later years that no comparisons between the two groups of estimates are possible. Of the one made in 1897 by Mr. David Sulzberger, the latter wrote: "This estimate is, I believe, conservative. It is not capriciously made yet is put forward tentatively as material for criticism and discussion." The estimate was made "upon the basis of earlier computations and with the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Date of publication of estimate.

aid of persons in various parts of the country!." Greater finality was claimed for the remaining estimates. Yet no conclusions should be drawn as to the rate of growth of the

Tewish population on the basis of these estimates.

The data in the tables below, though they permit of the making of a comparison between the figures of the total and that of the Jews, should, therefore, be regarded only as a summary of the estimates. The only conclusion that we may draw from the data of the table below is that during 1877-1927, there has been a continuous rise in the percentage of the Jews to the total population of the country, i. e. the Jews have been growing a little faster than the total population, and that this growth is slowing down.

TABLE XIX
TOTAL POPULATION AND NUMBER OF JEWS, 1877-1927

					]	Increase		
Year	Population <sup>2</sup>	Jews	P. C.	T 4	Tota	1	Jews	D. C.
				Interval	Number	P. C.	Number	P. C.
1877	43,661,968	<b>229,0</b> 87	0.52					
1897	72,106,120	937,800	1.31	20 yrs	28,444,152	65.15	708,713	309.36
1907	88,787,058	1,776,885	2.	10 yrs.	16,680,938	23.13	839,085	89.47
1917	103,640,473	3,388,951	3.27	10 yrs.	14,853,415	16.73	1,612,066	90.72
1927	118,140,645	4,228,029	3.58	10 yrs.	14,500,172	13.99	839,078	24.76

The estimates of 1877, 1897, 1907, 1917, and 1927 may be compared from the point of view of the density of the Jews and their distribution among the major divisions in the country. The table below would indicate that the rate of the growth of the Jews has varied in the major divisions of the country. In the North the Jews have increased from 0.57% of the total population in 1877 to 5.25% in 1927. On the other hand, in the South and especially in the West the gain has been insignificant, from 0.27% in 1877 to 0.65% in 1927 in the South and from 1.6% in 1877 to 1.66% in 1927 in the West. As for the distribution of the Jews as compared with the distribution of the total population dur-

See Publications of the American Jewish Historical Society, vol. 6, pp. 141-149, See footnote to p. 10.

ing the past half century, we note that the percentage of distribution of the Jews in the North has gained continually at the expense of the South and the West up to 1917. Thus, in 1877, 76.36% of the total number of Jews lived in the North, compared with 14.27% and 9.37% in the South and in the West respectively. But in 1917 the North contained 92.25% of the total number of Jews in the country, the South 4.59%, and the West 3.16%. Since the estimate of 1917, it appears, however, that the North has been losing to the South and to the West (of the total population in 1927, 90.39% lived in the North and 5.35% and 4.26% in the South and West respectively). The distribution of the Jews, thus, shows the same trend as does the total population: during the past fifty years the percentage of distribution of the total population has been decreasing in the North (from 69.69% in 1877 to 61.54% in 1927) and increasing in the South and West (from 27.24% in 1877 to 29.23% in 1927 in the South; from 3.07% in 1877 to 9.23% in 1927 in the West).

TABLE XX

Number of Jews in the United States by Division
1877, 1897, 1907, 1917 and 1927

Year¹ and	1077, 10:			Distril	oution
Division Division	Population	Jews	Per Cent	Total	Jews
NORTH 1877 1897 1907 1917 1927	30,428,480 46,945,468 55,761,703 63,835,562 72,710,620	174,930 748,000 1,622,000 3,126,394 3,821,045	0.57 1.59 2.91 4.89 5.25	69.69 65.11 62.61 61.59 61.54	76.36 79.76 91.28 92.25 90.39
SOUTH 1877 1897 1907 1917 1927	11,894,780 21,113,735 27,180,855 30,983,045 34,531,618	32,692 127,500 90,185 155,251 225,940	0.27 0.6 0.33 0.5 0.65	27.24 29.28 30.62 29.89 29.23	14.27 13.60 5.08 4.59 5.35
WEST 1877 1897 1907 1917 1927  See note on p	1,338,708 4,046,917 5,844,500 8,821,866 10,898,407	21,465 62,300 64,700 107,306 181,044	1.6 1.44 1.11 1.22 1.66	3.07 5.61 6.57 8.52 9.23	9.37 6.64 3.64 3.16 4.26

#### NOTES

#### NOTE A.

On Method of Estimating Number of Jews in Places Which Did Not Report

The method of sampling was applied in the following manner: At a certain stage of the inquiry the rural incorporated villages which had not responded were arranged in alphabetical order by states; each twentieth was then selected for canvassing. In order to arrive at a conservative estimate, every place that was found to be located in the so-called metropolitan districts of, or in the territory adjacent to large cities was eliminated. A total of 571 places having a combined population of 363,188 (census of 1920) then remained for special canvassing, as a sample of the 11,840 places from which no information as to the number of Jews in them had yet been received.

A similar procedure was followed in the case of the unincorporated rural districts except that in the latter case every one hundredth of the minor civil divisions, alphabetically arranged by state, county, and division, was set aside for canvassing. Of the list thus obtained the following were eliminated: every minor civil division which was wholly incorporated territory or which included incorporated territory the population of which was not specified, and every part of a minor civil division which was incorporated. A total of 403 minor civil divisions with a combined population of 390,013 were thus set aside for special canvassing in the belief that they represented a true sample of the 44,397 places of this class from which no information as to the number of Jews in them had yet been received.

Similar was the procedure in the case of the small urban places of 2,500-5,000, except that every fifth was set aside for special canvassing. A total of 132 places with a combined population of 438,131 were thus

set aside for canvassing.

Of the 571 rural incorporated places having a combined population of 363,188, a total of 490 having a combined population of 319,584 responded, and of these 119 reported having 984 Jews; of the 132 urban places of 2,500-5,000, a total of 82 having a combined population of 265,391 responded and of these 58 places reported having 807 Jews; but of the 403 unincorporated minor civil divisions, 226 with a combined rural population of 195,734 responded and of these but 23 reported having 330 Jews. The places which did not answer in the case of the two former samples evinced nothing to convince the writer that the relative results would have been affected had those places answered. The places that did not respond were, therefore, disregarded. This procedure was not followed in the case of the unincorporated districts. In order to arrive at a conservative estimate, the unresponsive districts were divided into two classes: those having less than 1,000 residents

and those having more than that number. The places of the latter class were disregarded on the supposition that, in view of their average size, had they answered the relative results would not have been affected; on the other hand, all the places of the former class numbering 113, and having a combined population of 50,861 were included and were counted in view of the paucity of their population, as if they had reported no Jews.

The findings were then examined from the point of view of the major divisions of the country, namely North, South, and West as well as for the country as a whole, and the examination yielded the following

results:

	United		Divisions	
	States	North	South	West
Sample A.—Inco	DDOD I TOD	Danner D		
	RPURATED	RUKAL F	LACES	
Number of Places Canvassed Total Population Places Reporting Jews	490 319,584 119	313 194,436 74	135 94,095 35	31,053 10
Number of Jews Reported Per Cent of Places Having Jews Per Cent of Jews Among Uncan-	984 24.28	646 23.7	291	24.
vassed Population	0.307	.33	.31	.15
SAMPLE B.—UNING	ORPORATE	ED RURAL	PLACES	
Number of Places Canvassed Total Population	246,595	188 115,527	99,865	31,203
Places Reporting Jews Number of Jews Reported Per Cent of Places Having Jews	23 330 6.78	128 4.78	161 11.	5 41 7.24
Per Cent of Jews Among Uncan- vassed Population	0.134	0.11	0.16	0.13
SAMPLE C.—URBA	AN PLACES	of 2,500	-5,000	
Number of Places Canvassed Total Population Places Reporting Jews	265,391 58	155,589 35	69,132 13	40,670 10
Number of Jews Reported Per Cent of Places Having Jews Per Cent of Jews Among Uncan-	807 70.73	528 73.	60.	84.
vassed Population	0.304	0.339	0.148	0.436
		1		1

The percentages for both, places and Jews, of each division were then applied to the states within each division. For example: in order to determine the number of places having Jews among the uncanvassed rural places in Illinois, 23.7%, which is the percentage of the North, was taken from the total number of uncanvassed places in the state of Illinois and the result accepted as the number of places having Jews among those. Similar was the procedure in the case of the number of Jews among the population of the uncanvassed places. The figures attained for the states of a division, both for places and for the number of Jews, were then added, and the sum totals accepted as number of places and of Jews for that division, as follows:

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#### RURAL UNINCORPORATED DISTRICTS

	North	South	West
1. Total Number of Places. 2. Number Reporting Jews. 3. Number of Uncanvassed Places (1 minus 2) 4. Per Cent of Places Having Jews (Sample B) 5. Number of Places Having Jews <sup>1</sup> .		12,912 22 12,890 11. 1,410	8,914 8 8,906 7.24 641
6. Total Population. 7. Population of Places Reporting Jews. 8. Population of Places Not Reporting. 9. Per Cent of Jews Among Uncanvassed Population (Sample B).	18,708,243 359,864 18,348,379 <b>0.</b> 11	20,392,095 40,349 20,351,746 0.16	3,336,438 12,428 3,324,010 0.13
10. Number of Jews Among Uncanvassed Population <sup>1</sup>	20,173	32,557	4,319

#### RURAL INCORPORATED PLACES

	North	South	West
Total Number of Places.     Number Reporting Jews     Number of Uncanvassed Places.     Per Cent Having Jews (Sample A).     Number of Places Having Jews¹.	7,764 605 7,159 23.7 1,690	3,977 376 3,601 26. 929	1,167 87 1,080 24. 256
6. Total Population. 7. Population of Places Reporting Jews. 8. Population of Places Not Reporting. 9. Per Cent of Jews Among Uncanvassed Population (Sample A). 10. Number of Jews Among Uncanvassed Population <sup>1</sup> .	5,341,765 727,857 4,613,908 0.33	2,747,405 480,365 2,267,040 0.31 7,021	880,071 120,779 759,292 0.15

#### URBAN PLACES 2,500-5,000

	North	South	West
Total Number of Places.     Number Reporting Jews     Number of Uncanvassed Places     Per Cent Having Jews (Sample C).     Number of Places Having Jews¹	355	374 198 176 60. 99	147 84 63 84. 47
6. Total Population. 7. Population of Places Reporting Jews. 8. Population of Places Not Reporting. 9. Per Cent of Jews Among Uncanvassed Population (Sample C).	2,804,828 1,604,124 1,200,704	1,270,239 716,744 553,495 0.148	518,886 308,257 210,629 0.436
10. Number of Jews Among Uncanvassed Population <sup>1</sup>	4,060	811	900

¹The estimated number of places having Jews and the number of Jews in them are minima due to the fact that in the course of the application of the percentages of the divisions to the individual states, fractions were lost, as a result, the sum total of the number of places having Jews in the states within a division, were less than the totals that would have been attained had we applied the percentages of the samples directly to the numbers of uncanvassed places. For the same reason the numbers of laws are also minima. Similar is the case with regard to the United States as a whole, both as to number of places estimated to have Jews, and the density of the Jews therein.

The urban places of 5,000 to 25,000 which did not respond to our direct canvass were comparatively so few that no sample could be taken from that class of places. Inasmuch as the places of this class of cities which did not respond have few Jews, we deemed it correct to apply the results of the sample for places of 2,500 to 5,000 to the places of 5,000-25,000.

#### URBAN PLACES 5,000-10,000

	North	South	West
1. Total Number of Places 2. Number Reporting Jews 3. Number of Uncanvassed Places 4. Per Cent Having Jews (Sample C) 5. Number of Places Having Jews¹	490	158	73
	322	121	46
	168	37	27
	73.	60.	84.
	115	16	16
6. Total Population 7. Population of Places Reporting Jews 8. Population of Places Not Reporting 9. Per Cent of Jews Among Uncanvassed	3,446,234	1,062,821	488,739
	2,317,259	825,829	318,890
	1,128,975	236,992	169,849
Population (Sample C).  10. Number of Jews Among Uncanvassed Population <sup>1</sup> .	0.339	0.148	0.436
	3,819	347	709

#### URBAN PLACES 10,000-25,000

	North	South	West
1. Total Number of Places	330 279	94 89	37 31
3. Number of Uncanvassed Places	. 51	5	6
4. Per Cent Having Jews (Sample C) 5. Number of Places Having Jews <sup>1</sup>		60. 2	84.
6. Total Population	5,022,849	1,371,524	548,369
<ol> <li>Population of Places Reporting Jews</li> <li>Population of Places Not Reporting</li> </ol>	4,265,639 757,210	1,306,237 65,287	457,115 91,254
9. Per Cent of Jews Among Uncanvassed Population (Sample C)	0.339	0.148	0.436
10. Number of Jews Among Uncanvassed			
Population <sup>1</sup>	2,560	96	396

To determine the number of places having Jews and the number of Jews among uncanvassed places in the United States as a whole, the conservative figures of the three major divisions, namely North, South, and West, were added and the result accepted as the sum total for the country as a whole, in spite of the fact that this procedure affected changes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See footnote to p. 71.

· NOTES

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#### NOTE B.

#### On Method of Determining the Specific Density of Jews in Places Which Did Not Report Jews

The density of the Jews in places estimated to have Jews was computed in the following way: Since the number of all the uncanvassed places and the combined population thereof are known, the average size of the uncanvassed places may be determined. Multiplying then the number of places estimated to have Jews, previously determined, by the number of the average size of the uncanvassed places, we arrive at the total population of such of these places estimated to have Jewish residents. The density of the Jews in such places is then found by computing the percentage of the estimated number of Jews to the estimated total population. These computations, applied to the Divisions, yielded the following results:

		1	
	North	South	West
RURAL UNINCORPOR	RATED PLACE	CES	
Number of Uncanvassed Places.  Population of Uncanvassed Places.  Average Size.  Number of Places Estimated to Have Jews.  Population in Estimated Places.  Number of Jews in Estimated Places.  Per Cent of Jews.	22,599 18,348,379 812 1,071 869,652 20,173 2,32	12,890 20,351,746 1,580 1,410 2,227,800 32,557 1,46	8,906 3,324,010 373 641 239,093 3,319 1,39
Rural Incorpora			1.09
Number of Uncanvassed Places. Population of Uncanvassed Places. Average Size. Number of Places Estimated to Have Jews. Population of Estimated Places. Number of Jews in Estimated Places. Per Cent of Jews.	7,159 4,613,908 644 1,690 1,088,360 15,217 1.40	3,601 2,267,040 627 929 584,341 7,021 1.20	1,080 759,292 703 256 179,968 1,134 0.63
Urban Places of		0	
Number of Uncanvassed Places. Population of Uncanvassed Places. Average Size. Number of Places Estimated to Have Jews. Population of Estimated Places. Number of Jews in Estimated Places. Per Cent of Jews.	•	311,256 811 0.26	210,629 3,343 47 157,161 900 0.57
Urban Places 5	,000–10,00	0	
Number of Uncanvassed Places. Population of Uncanvassed Places. Average Size. Number of Places Estimated to Have Jews. Population of Estimated Places. Number of Jews in Estimated Places. Per Cent of Jews.	1,128,975 6,720 115 752,800 3,819 0.51	37 236,992 6,405 16 102,480 347 0.34	169,849 6,290 16 100,640 709 0.70
URBAN PLACES 1		00	
Number of Uncanvassed Places. Population of Uncanvassed Places. Average Size. Number of Places Estimated to Have Jews. Population of Estimated Places. Number of Jews in Estimated Places. Per Cent of Jews.	757,210 18,460 30 55,380 2,560	65,287 13,057 2 26,114 96 0.37	91,254 15,209 2 30,418 396 1.30

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Regarding the total population in places estimated to have Jews, and the Jewish population thereof, see footnote on p. 71.

To determine the density of the Jews in those places in the United States as a whole which have been estimated to have Jewish residents, the figures obtained for the three major divisions were added, and the sum total was adopted as the total population of the estimated places in the United States as a whole. The figures this method yielded did not tally with those we would have obtained had we applied to the United States as a whole the method followed in the case of the divisions (See footnote to p. 71.

#### NOTE C.

### On Method of Computing Population on Basis of Number of School Children

The method of computing the number of Jews on the basis of the number of Jewish school children involved the following: In addition to the population of given city as of 1927, the number of children enrolled in the elementary public schools and junior high schools (but not kindergartens) of an average day was determined. To the latter figure were added the enrollment in the Catholic elementary schools and junior high schools, and in the case of New York, the enrollment in the Jewish parochial schools. By adding the latter the ratio of the number of children in the public schools to the population of the given city was established in terms of a coefficient. The number of Jewish children was then determined in the following way: by examining the enrollment and the attendance on an average school day, the percentage of normal absentees in the elementary public school was determined.

This figure was then deducted from the enrollment on the Day of Atonement, and the resulting figure showing the undue absence of children on that day was considered as representing the number of Jewish children in the elementary public schools. By multiplying the figure for the Jewish children in the public elementary schools (in the case of New York also those enrolled in the Jewish parochial schools) by the coefficient for the given city, the number of Jews in that city was determined. (For criticism of this method see below.) Below are given the statistical data for eight cities. October 6th represents the Day of Atonement in the fall of 1927 and October 4th the average school day (in the case of Philadelphia, October 1st). In the case of St. Louis. the figures for 1927 could not be used because of the tornado that struck that city about that time and the figure given is that of 1925, September 28th representing the Day of Atonement and September 30th, the average school day. In the case of Pittsburgh, the figures are those of 1926, and in the case of Cleveland, for 1925.

# DATA EMPLOYED IN ESTIMATING JEWISH POPULATION OF EIGHT CITIES ON BASIS OF NUMBER OF JEWISH SCHOOL CHILDREN

Cleveland <sup>6</sup> Pittsburgh <sup>8</sup>						9,217		654,478	5.833	9,217 53,735 55,6397
Cleveland						14,259		934,930	5.833	14,259 83,129 86,4397
St. Louise	65,873 <sup>3</sup> 61,420	4,453	65,8734 55,567	10,306	4,453	5,853	65,873	96,536 815,831	8.45	5,853 49,457 50,8717
Phila.	246,864 <sup>1</sup> 219,225	27,639	246,864 <sup>4</sup> 178,630	68,234	27,639	40,595	246,864 51,173	298,037	6.83	40,595
Newark	65,128 61,856	3,272 5.02	65,196 50,591	14,605	3,273	11,332	65,128 15,321	80,449 466,700	5.80	11,332 65,725
Detroit	210,434 196,204	14,230 6.76	210,500 180,326	30,174	14,230	15,944	210,434 67,882	278,316 1,334,500	4.79	15,944 76,376
Boston	102,700³ 95,779	6,921	102,700 <sup>4</sup> 82,747	19,953	6,921	14,0548	102,700 28,882	132,604 <sup>5</sup> 793,100	5.98	14,054 84,042
New York	871,590 836,175	35,415	870,366 529,314	341,052	35,336	308,6462	871,590	1,041,2862 5,970,800	5.73	308,646
Items	1. Average Registration 2. Average Attendance		5. Registration on Yom Kippur		8. Normal Absences (Item 5 X Item 4)	y. Abnormal Absences( Jewish children) (Item 7 – Item 8)	10. Average Registration (Item 1).		14. Coefficient of School Children (Item 13 ÷ Item 12)	15. Jewish School Children (Item 9) 16. Jewish Population

10ct. 1, 1927

\*Including 2,930 children in Jewish parochial schools

\*Including 2,930 children in Jewish parochial schools

\*Including Blackington—Cheverus having 1,022 pupils all Jewish

\*Including Blackington—Cheverus having 1,022 pupils all Jewish

\*In 1925, on the basis that the increase of the Jewish population was proportional to that of the total population. See note on p. 10

\*In 1926, on the basis that the increase of the Jewish population was proportional to that of the total population.

Similarly we may determine the distribution of the Jews of the City of New York by borough. The writer had before him the registration and the attendance of both the average day of October 4, 1927, and of October 6, 1927, the Day of Atonement, by borough. By following the method explained above we obtain the following results:

Items	N. Y.	Man.	Bronx	Brooklyn	Queens	Richmond
1. Average Registration	871,590		153,170		120,397	
Average Attendance     Normal Absences	836,175 35,415		148,011 5,159		117,167 3,230	
4. Percentage of Normal Absences	4.06	4.82	3.36	4.38	2.68	3.73
5. Registration on Yom Kippur.	870,366	210 674	152,947	252 075	120.220	02.422
6. Attendance on Yom				1	120,338	23,432
Kippur	529,314				103,964	
7. Total Absences	341,052				16,374	
8. Normal Absences 9. Abnormal Absences	35,336	10,588	5,142	15,506	3,226	874
(Jewish children)1	308,646	68,797	79,325	146,888	13,148	488
10. Average Registration	871,590	220,358	153,170	354,238	120,397	23,427
11. Registration Catholic						
Schools	166,766				21,447	
13. Population 1927 <sup>2</sup>			176,664		141,844	27,922
14. Coefficient of School	3,970,800	1,014,000	920,100	2,274,400	809,100	146,600
Children	5.73	6.68	5.24	5.37	5.7	5.25
15. Jewish School Children.	308,646					
16. Jewish Population3	1,768,541					

The paucity of the number of Jewish school children in the borough of Richmond namely 488 precludes our acceptance of 2,601 as the total of the number of Jews in that borough. Considering the number of congregations in that borough, their membership, and the number of Jewish children in their schools, we may estimate the total Jewish population of that borough as 7,200 (in 1917 Dr. Dushkind estimated the total population as 5,000 on the basis of school children). Of the other boroughs we estimate the number of Jews as follows: Manhattan, 465,000; Bronx, 420,000; Brooklyn, 797,000; Queens, 75,800; total, 1,765,000. See pp. 21 and 22.

<sup>1</sup>Including 1,576 children in Jewish parochial schools in Manhattan; 206 in Bronx; and 1,148 in Brooklyn,

<sup>2</sup>See note on p. 10.

The figures for the boroughs arrived at by the use of the respective coefficients were 459,563 for Manhattan, 415,663 for Bronx, 788,788 for Brooklyn, 74,943 for Queens, and 2,562 for Richmond, totalling 1,741,519, 27,022 less than the figure for the City of New York as a whole on the basis of the coefficient of 5.73; the difference was proportionally distributed among the boroughs on the basis of 1.5517, the percentage of 27,022 of 1,741,519.

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#### NOTE D.

#### On Method of Computing Jewish Population on Basis of Mother-Tongue Statistics

The method employed to estimate the number of Jews on the basis of mother-tongue involved the following: In the census of 1920 as well as in the census of 1910, the census enumerators collected data on the mother-tongue of the foreign-born persons, and summaries were then prepared of the number of such persons and the number of their native-born children, by state and city. In 1910, a total of 1,051,768 foreign-born persons were enumerated as reporting their mother-tongue to have been Yiddish and Hebrew, and these had 612,371 children. In 1920, a total of 1,091,820 foreign-born persons reported Yiddish and Hebrew as their mother-tongue and those had 951,793 native-born children. The difference in the number of foreign-born who reported Yiddish and Hebrew as their mother-tongue between 1910-1920 was only 40,052, but during 1910 and 1920 there entered the country a total of 460,000 Jews, the vast majority of whom would ordinarily report Yiddish and Hebrew as their mother-tongue. It is therefore evident that numerous foreign-born persons with Yiddish as their mother-tongue were errone-

ously reported as of some other mother-tongue.

Now in 1910 a total of only 57,926 foreign-born persons reported Russian as their mother-tongue and these had in that year 33.415 native-born children. Ten years later 392,049 foreign-born persons reported Russian as their mother-tongue with 339,900 native-born children. It is obvious that the small immigration of Russians during the ten years cannot account for the enormous increase of 334,123 foreign-born persons with 306,485 native-born children. The statisticians of the United States Bureau of the Census, therefore, rightly concluded that the number 731,949, reported as of Russian mothertongue "probably includes a considerable proportion of Hebrews erroneously reported as of Russian mother-tongue." It is possible, however, to go further than this general statement, for we know that the various people of Slavic and Lettic mother-tongues, other than Russian, numbered 3,103,306 in 1910 and 4,538,632 in 1920, an increase of 1,435,326 or 46.25%. Assuming that the persons of Russian mothertongue increased in the same proportion, such persons numbering 91,341 in 1910 should have increased to 133,586 in 1920. The figure of 731,949 reported in 1920 thus includes 598,363 foreigners and their children of a mother-tongue or mother-tongues other than, but erroneously reported as Russian. Inasmuch as the figure given for foreigners and their children with Yiddish and Hebrew as their mother-tongue is probably too low by 550,000 from the point of view of the number of immigrants that entered the country between 1910 and 1920 and their native-born children (even after allowing for a decrease by death of, say, 8 per 1,000) we may assume that at least 75% of the 731,949 persons reported as of Russian mother-tongue were "Hebrews erroneously reported as of Russian mother-tongue." On this basis the actual number of persons of Yiddish or Hebrew mother-tongue in 1920 probably was 2,592,575, made up of the 2,043,613 who reported

Yiddish or Hebrew and 548,962 or 75% of the 731,949 erroneously reported as of Russian mother-tongue. Hence to determine the number of foreigners in 1920 of Yiddish mother-tongue and their progeny in a given city, it is necessary, other circumstances permitting, to add 75% of the number reporting Russian to the number reporting Yiddish as mother-tongue. Thus, the actual number of persons of Yiddish mother-tongue and their children in the city of New York in 1920 may be determined as follows:

Number of persons reporting Yiddish	946,139
75% of 221,153 reported as Russian by error	166,865
Corrected number of persons of Yiddish mother-tongue1	

It is evident that if we can determine the ratio which the number of persons reported as of Yiddish mother-tongue and their children bears to the number of Jews who are native-born of native parentage, or foreign born of mother-tongues other than Yiddish, it would be possible to estimate the total number of Jewish people of a given place. Now, estimates based on a method other than mother-tongue or school children, prepared by Dr. Laidlaw, gave the total number of Jews in the city of New York as 1,643,002 in 1920. The corrected figure for Jews with Yiddish as their mother-tongue and their progeny was 1,113,004 or 67.74% of the total. This ratio, however, cannot be accepted for the other largest cities, for an examination of data for these cities indicates that this percentage was too low for the other cities in the East and too high for cities in the West. It was, therefore, proposed that in 1920 the foreign-born Jews of Yiddish mother-tongue and their native-born children be assumed to have constituted 60% of the total number of Jews in the cities of the Middle West and the West,

<sup>1</sup>To show how this erroneous reporting of mother-tongues affected the eleven cities under consideration, we append hereto the following table:

City	Persons Reported as of Yiddish mother-tongue  1910 1920		Persons Reported as of Russian mother-tongue		
City			1910	1920	
Baltimore	26,943	39,333	1,620	8,665	
	56,864	60,042	607	12,571	
	110,089	159,518	2,782	28,199	
Cleveland Detroit Los Angeles	22,893	30,383	1,559	14,145	
	9,986	34,727	583	13,414	
	5,681	10,540	329	8,812	
New York	857,700	946,139	27,155	221,153	
	33,787	39,863	590	8,865	
	119,560	143,514	4,251	42,826	
PittsburghSt. Louis	20,655	22,752	1,405	7,286	
	18,608	20,420	483	6,335	

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and 75% in the cities of the East other than the City of New York. On this basis, estimates of the Jewish population of the ten cities on the basis of the mother-tongue statistics, have been worked out as follows:

#### CITIES OF THE EAST

	Newark, N. J.	Boston, Mass.	Philadelphia Pa.
Number Enumerated as of Yiddish or Hebrew Mother-Tongue, and their Children, Census of 1920	39,863	60,042	143,514
Add 75% of Number Enumerated as of Russian Mother Tongue, 1920	6,649	9,428	32,120
Corrected Total of Yiddish Speaking Jews and Their Children	46,512	69,470	175,634
Estimated to be 75% of Total Number of Jews, 1920	62,016	92,626	234,180
Estimated Total for 19271	69,818	98,185	261,409

#### CITIES OF THE WEST

	Cleveland, Ohio	Pittsburgh, Pa.	St. Louis, Mo.
Number Enumerated as of Viddish or Hebrew Mother-Tongue and their Children, Census of 1920	30,383	22,752	20,420
Add 75% of Number Enumerated as of Russian Mother Tongue, 1920	10,609	5,464	4,752
Corrected Total of Yiddish Speaking Jews and their children	40,992	28,216	25,172
Total Number of Jews, 1920	68,320 84,371	47,027 53,106	<b>41,953</b> <b>45,484</b>

If we assume that the percentage of foreign-born Jews of Yiddish mother-tongue and their children to the total number of Jews in the city of Baltimore is the same as in the majority of the large cities of the East namely Boston, Newark, and Philadelphia, while in the case of Chicago and Los Angeles it is similar to the other cities in the West namely Pittsburgh, Cleveland, and St. Louis, we have the following:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See note 7 on p. 75,

	Baltimore Md.	Chicago, Ill.	Los Angeles Cal.
Number Enumerated as of Yiddish or Hebrew Mother-Tongue and their children, Census of 1920	39,333	159,518	10,540
Add 75% of Number Enumerated as of Russian Mother-Tongue, 1920	6,499	21,149	6,609
Corrected Total of Yiddish Speaking Jews and their children Estimated to be 60%.	45,832	180,667	17,149
Total Number of Jews 1920 (60% of Item 3)	61,109	301,112	28,582
Estimated Total for 19271	68,140	345,651	64,480

The city of Detroit, though not one of the cities of the East, appears to have the same percentage of foreign-born Jews of Yiddish mother-tongue and their children as do the cities of the East, namely 75%. The number of Jews on the basis of mother-tongue in the city of Detroit is thus 80,070 Jews as follows:

thus 60,070 Jews as follows:	
Number of persons reporting Yiddish	4,727
Number erroneously reported as of Russian mother-tongue	10,001
Corrected total of Yiddish speaking	4.788
Corrected total of Fludish speaking	0 717
Total number of Jews in 1920	0,070
Total number of Jews in 1927 <sup>1</sup>	50,070

#### NOTE E.

#### Comparison of Results of the Two Preceding Methods

In the case of the city of New York the estimate arrived at on the basis of school children in the fall of 1927 which was 1,767,510 may now be compared with two other figures. As has been stated above, in 1920 Dr. Laidlaw, using a method other than those used here, estimated the Jewish population at 1,643,012. Assuming that the increase of the Jewish population equalled the increase of the total population during the seven years following, the number of Jews in 1927, on the basis of Dr. Laidlaw's 1920 estimate, would be 1,745,264. Again, the Bureau of Jewish Social Research on the basis of a study of Jewish deaths in a number of districts in New York, estimated that in 1925 the Jewish population was 1,713,000, which would give a Jewish population in 1927 of 1,741,085 Jews. It will be seen that the figures arrived at on the basis of Dr. Laidlaw's estimate and on the basis of the estimate of the Bureau of Jewish Social Research closely approach our estimate of 1,767,510, at the end of 1927.

<sup>1</sup>See note 7 on p. 75.

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In the case of the three cities for which we used only one method, namely, that based on the mother-tongue statistics, the figures of 68,140 for Baltimore and 64,480 for Los Angeles probably approach the true figures for the respective cities.

On the other hand, the figures of 345,651 for the city of Chicago may be a little too high because our estimate that its Jews of foreign-birth of Yiddish mother-tongue constituted 60% of the total number of Jews was probably a little too low. We have therefore estimated the

number of Jews in Chicago as 325,000 in 1927.

In the case of the remaining seven cities, the figures arrived at on the basis of mother-tongue statistics closely approach the figures arrived at on the basis of the number of school children. The latter method is to be preferred except in the case of Boston where it gives 84,324 while the former method give 98,185. It is, of course, conceivable, that between 1920 and 1927 the ratio of increase among the Jews in Boston was less than the increase of the non-Jews of the city of Boston, but that would not decrease our figure materially inasmuch as the increase of the city of Boston during the seven years was but by 45,000 persons. Now in 1920 over 60,000 foreign-born persons and their children actually reported Yiddish as their mother-tongue and over 9,000 "Hebrews" were probably erroneously reported as of Russian mother-tongue. The foreign-born Jews of Yiddish mother-tongue with their children could hardly constitute more than 80% of the total number of Jews in that city. Hence, the Jewish population of the city of Boston cannot be estimated as less than 90,000 in 1927.

The number of Jews in each of the remaining six cities may be fixed as follows:

	On basis of school children	On basis of mother- tongue	Figure adopted
Cleveland Detroit Newark Pittsburgh <sup>1</sup> Philadelphia St. Louis	65,725 55,639 277,263	84,371 80,070 69,818 53,106 261,409 45,484	85,000 75,000 65,000 53,000 270,000 50,000

Our chief method, namely that of determining the number of Jews on the basis of the number of school children absent on the Day of Atonement suffers chiefly from three possibilities of error: The undue absence on the Day of Atonement includes a percentage of non-Jewish children who abstain from attending school because they know that Jewish children would be absent.

<sup>1</sup>The number of Jewish children in the city of Pittsburgh, was determined on a different basis from that in other cities. The lower figure is, therefore, adopted.

The ratio of Jewish children to the total number of Jews is probably larger than the ratio of the whole number of children to the total population. These errors would have a tendency to render too large the estimate of the number of Jews arrived at on the basis of this method. On the other hand, it is undoubtedly incorrect to assume that fully 100% of the Jewish children in the large cities are recorded as absent on the day in question. A certain percentage are undoubtedly recorded as "present." From this point of view, the number of Jews arrived at would be too small. Is it not possible that the errors neutralized one another or nearly did so in the fall of 1927? The fact that the figures for the cities arrived at on the basis of the number of children correspond closely to those arrived at on the basis of mother-tongue statistics leads the writer to believe that the method used for the group of cities as a whole is correct, and the figures arrived at approach the true number of the Jews in these cities.

#### GENERAL TABLES

THE general tables that follow deal with the number of places, total population, number of places that have Jews, and the number of Jews in them. In the case of the Jews, the year of estimate is 1927, as is also the case with the total population by state and of cities 25,000 or over. In all other cases the figures are for the census year of 1920. The figures for numbers of places are always those of the census year of 1920<sup>1</sup>.

#### LIST OF GENERAL TABLES

- A. Incorporated Places Reporting Jews.
- B. Rural Areas Reporting Jews.
- C. Urban Places 25,000 to 2,500 Reporting Jews.
- D. Jews in Urban Places 25,000 or Over.
- E. Estimates of Jews by States, 1877 to 1927.
- F. List of Places<sup>2</sup> Reporting Jews and Number Reported.

In these tables only those cities, towns, villages, and rural areas are enumerated which directly reported to us the number of Jewish inhabitants in the respective places and areas. No account is taken in those tables of those places and areas which did not report but were estimated to have Jews.

See note on p. 14.

#### GENERAL TABLE A

#### Incorporated Places Reporting Jews, 19271

State	Total Places	Places Having Jews <sup>1</sup>	Number of Jews Reported
	294	119	9,692
Alabama	30	19	1.056
Arizona	349	135	6,225
Arkansas	254	154	121,087
California	229	82	19,543
Connecticut	41	34	87,968
Delaware	50	20	5,141
District of Columbia	1	1	16,000
Florida	202	85	12,247
Georgia	585	208	19,285
Idaho	148	53	581
Illinois	1,111	417	341,306 24,827
Indiana	491	200	13,438
Iowa	913 525	168	5,385
Kansas	323 391	157	16,418
Kentucky	202	96	14,414
Louisiana	44	29	7,772
Maine	120	47	70,016
Maryland	169	146	223,615
Michigan	450	206	86,931
Minnesota	692	237	40,812
Mississippi	333	137	3,765
Missouri	712	232	77,628
Montana	107	41	990
Nebraska	513	164	12,566
Nevada	16	5	184 2.411
New Hampshire	29	181	222,015
New Jersey	275	27	656
New Mexico	47 534	295	1,897,919
New York	468	173	4,595
North Carolina	294	103	1.934
North Dakota	820	323	169,876
OhioOklahoma	475	176	4,964
Oregon	198	65	12,302
Pennsylvania	973	488	398,644
Rhode Island	27	21	24,526
South Carolina	261	112	4,490
South Dakota	275	92	699
Tennessee	236	94	19,477
Texas	455	224	40,953
Utah	137	45	1.618
Vermont	76	33	22,833
Virginia	203 210	77	13,630
Washington	210 203	83	5,517
West Virginia	203 457	188	33,457
Wisconsin	73	26	1,102
Wyoming			
Total	15,698	6,420	4,124,872

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See p. 83.

#### GENERAL TABLES

## GENERAL TABLE B RURAL AREAS REPORTING JEWS, 1927<sup>1</sup>

	Uninco	rporated Te	erritory	Inco	rporated P	laces
States	No. of Places Report- ing Jews	Total Popula- tion	No. of Jews Re- ported	No. of Places Report- ing Jews <sup>1</sup>	Total Popula- tion	No. of Jews Re- ported
AlabamaArizona	3	4,000 2,464	25 3	26 2	34,128 2,154	213 17
Arkansas	2 2 2	4,522 8,261 707	28 12 26	29 26 13	34,669 40,349 15,470	431 268 198
Connecticut	43	132,145	3,141	3 8 19	4,742 10,240 24,889	51 129 301
Florida	1	620 465	25 12	27	36,059 8,429	223 32
IllinoisIndianaIowa	3 2 1	2,622 2,045 862	16 9 1	51 25 32	66,392 30,412 37,661	458 178 172
Kansas	1	1,478	2	7 32 28	7,215 37,867 32,599	23 172 395
Maine	6 1 7	11,884 1,809 11,719	54 27 213	11	3,732 14,549	14 191
Michigan	9 3 1	11,461 1,969	152 17 12	47 47 44	54,798 52,503 46.657	458 278 824
Mississippi Missouri Montana	1	2,401	12	30	40,960 10,466	261 62
Nebraska	3	3,572	19	30	29,842 2,173	146 20
New Jersey	18 1 21	47,197 715 71,920	1,874 1 2,841	11 71	56,227 12,116 93,989	5,166 74 3,951
North Carolina North Dakota Ohio	2	6,629 2,668	20 17	25 32 38	33,340 23,661 41,462	333 221 515
Oklahoma	11	45,134	264	23 4 61	30,708 7,674 82,382	186 37 991
Rhode Island. South Carolina. South Dakota.	2	1.057	10	35 24	41,961 25,594	469 170
Tennessee	3 6	3,821 12,833	24 46	11 49	15,028 75,983	79 727
Utah. Vermont. Virginia.	1 1	4,739 1,817	6 3	. 4 9 15	6,766 14,544 18,178	17 72 232
Washington	1 1 6	117 1,763 7,061	30 36 60	6 13 33	7,746 18,299 36,952	53 311 836
Wyoming	1	164	12	6	7,436	186
Total	170	412,641	9,038	1,068	1,329,001	20,141

<sup>1</sup>See p. 83.

#### GENERAL TABLE C

#### Urban Places of 2,500 to 25,000 Reporting Jews, 19271

		Places of	0		Places of 00—10,00	00		Places of	
State	No. of Places	Popu- lation	Jews	No. of Places	Popu- lation	Jews	No. of Places	Popu- lation	Jews
Alabama	12	45,087	354	6	39,597	244	7	99,293	931
Arizona	5	18,652	66	3	21,970	148	1	20,292	400
Arkansas	12	42,264	379	7	46,909	645	4	53,280	1,350
California	30	110,368	1,034	17	116,598		11	170,530	2,388
Colorado	12	45,654	298	4	28,333	137	2	21,864	210
Connecticut	5 1	16,564	176 12	4	30,851	360	9	152,390	5,631
Delaware	8	3,854 29,211	200	10	68,645	1,716	2	32,986	180
FloridaGeorgia	22	75,086	614	11	74,649	363	7	101,857	965
Idaho	6	19,417	53	4	28,370	60	2	36,394	436
Illinois	47	157,322	531	30	212,572	1,164	21	309,076	2,373
Indiana	26	94,821	331	20	146,786	768	18	288,135	1,904
Iowa	29	104,867	271	15	95,389	425 72	9 11	157,555 151,731	2,428 1.111
Kansas	12	43,452	79	6 10	44,077 74,642	440	4	69,057	1,112
Kentucky Louisiana	20 14	70,119 48,620	344 471	7	46,272	418	4	65,055	2.130
Maine	4	12,734	166	7	46,221	642	5	77,189	1,300
Maryland	6	20,168	261	3	21,037	142	1	11,066	102
Massachusetts	15	49,012	660	18	134,857	1,415	28	445,182	8,840
Michigan	20	76,869	414	22	160,134	1,218	14	179,991	1,833
Minnesota	17	60,608	224	14	102,606	579	7	95,652	751 2.057
Mississippi	7	25,449	279 429	7	45,381 73,763	605 339	6	136,201 88,392	389
Missouri	21	79,655 11,032	15	5	31,698	81	4	63,926	292
Montana Nebraska	7	26,586	64	7	49,989	181	3	36,060	125
Nevada	'	20,000					1	12,016	164
New Hampshire.	4	15,677	72	4	31,677	193	5	73,947	776
New Jersey	32	108,983		23	168,597	6,184	15	223,587	
New Mexico	8	29,990	284	2	14,269	58	1	15,157	9.948
New York	45	161,983		25 11	167,909 74,813	4,495 553	31 10	464,231 153,903	1,514
North Carolina	15	49,902 22,903	380 125	3	18,889	608	3	46,447	980
North Dakota Ohio	6 29	108,008		28	207,326	889	25	391,000	
Oklahoma	18	61,230	228	11	78,968		8	113,438	439
Oregon	7	28,301	92	3	20,802	61	2	24,620	112
Pennsylvania	83	308,709	4,507	60	442,444		52	819,326	
Rhode Island	4	14,281	121	2	17,649	135	1	11,375	200 369
South Carolina.	10	38,677	497	7	50,826	415 121	4	67,303 14,537	130
South Dakota	12	9,489 43,927	276		36,981 26,443	131	3	39,349	356
Tennessee	33	115,667	954		119,827	642		218,382	2,045
Texas Utah	3	9,671	52		5,282		1	10,303	7
Vermont	2	9,792	38	4	27,316	397	3	47,741	1,111
Virginia	7	21,859	194	6	38,805	457	5	67,639	635
Washington	9	31,693			35,937	208		56,737	184
West Virginia	8	49,646			40,052		6	88,494 181,029	1,344
Wisconsin	27	97,787			80,189 15,631	51	111	25,276	
Wyoming	1	3,479	4	4	15,031	31		20,210	
Total	727	2,629,125	26.599	489	3,461,978	36,980	399	6,028,991	108,690

<sup>1</sup>See p. 83.

GENERAL TABLE D Jews in Urban Places of 25,000 or Over, 1927

Alabama	P. C. 3.45 1.02 3.45 1.02 3.45 1.02 3.08 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.03 1.03 1.03 1.03 1.03 1.03 1.03 1.03	Distribution  Total Jew 0.94 1.0 0.34 0.0 0.34 0.1 0.62 0.4 0.62 0.4 0.62 0.4 0.62 0.4 0.63 0.63 0.6 0.63 0.64 0.65 0.64 0.65 0.64 0.65 0.64 0.65 0.65 0.64 0.65 0.65 0.64 0.65	tion Jews 1.04 0.11 0.90 0.90 0.45 5.08 2.59 1.62 1.62	Total 217,500 2,143,300 289,800 505,700 126,400 540,000	Jews 4,000 106,000 17,000 62,500 5,000	P. C.	Distribution	ution
104449  114,449  11,596 110,879 110,879 110,879 11,449 11,449 11,4449	02020200	Total 0.94 0.34 0.94 0.34 0.62 2.63 2.63 2.11 2.11 2.11	Jews 1.04 0.90 2.42 0.45 5.08 5.08 1.62	2,143,300 2,89,800 505,700 126,400 540,000	4,000 106,000 17,000 62,500 5,000	1 6		-
114,449 41,596 110,879 110,879 110,879 114,649 110,879 110,879 110,811 110,812	1	0.94 0.34 0.34 0.63 2.63 2.14 2.11 2.11 2.15	1.04 0.11 0.90 2.42 0.45 5.08 5.08 1.62	217,500 2,143,300 289,800 505,700 126,400 540,000	4,000 106,000 17,000 62,500 5,000	1 04	Total	Jews
## 1,390 10,899 10,899 17,86 20,771 25,0,37 811,191 811,191 140,512 13,477 4 4 13,235		2.14 2.14 2.11 2.11	2.59 2.59 2.59 2.59 3.10	2,143,300 289,800 505,700 126,400 540,000	106,000 17,000 62,500	I.O.I	0.68	0.11
a 5,6089 74,786 320,771 of Columbia 259,658 256,737 811,191 679,254 33,887 140,512 143,477 54,975 143,275 143,235 14		2.63 2.63 2.14 2.11 2.11 6.65	2.42 0.45 5.08 2.59 1.62	2,143,300 289,800 505,700 126,400 540,000	106,000 17,000 62,500 5,000			
f. Columbia 259,658 256,771 (679,254 311,891 (679,254 311,887 140,512 144,77 144,77 144,77 144,77 144,77 144,77 144,77 144,77 144,77 144,259 14,77 14,259 14		2.63 2.14 2.11 6.65	2.59 1.62	289,800 505,700 126,400 540,000	62,500	4.95	6.71	2.98
f Columbia 259,658 256,737 811,191 679,254 331,887 144,777 144,777 144,777 144,777 144,777 144,777 144,777 144,277 144,277 144,277 144,277 144,259 144		2.14 2.11 6.65	2.59	126,400 540,000 250,000	2000	12.36	1.62	1.73
of Columbia 259 658 256,737 259,658 256,737 25		2.14 2.11 6.65	1.62	250,000	2000	3.96	0.40	0.14
29,058 226,737 811,191 6,9254 331,887 140,518 1,44,77 54,975 1,9235 1,15,235 1,13,259 1,2,335 1,2,335		2.14 2.11 6.65 5.57	1.62	250,000	16,000	2.90	1.09	0.43
811191 679.254 140.512 140.512 144.77 144.77 144.77 144.77 144.77 113.259 113.259 113.259		6.65	3.10	200,000	11,000	4.4	0.78	0.31
811,191 079,254 331,887 140,512 134,477 54,975 139,235 71,589 etts 7,62,915 113,232		6.65	3.10		200177			
70,254 331,887 140,518 140,518 140,518 13,235 11,529 113,235 115,231 113,231		5.57	200	3.102.800	325,000	10.47	69.6	9.15
130,1887 140,512 134,475 134,975 139,235 11,589 11,43,259 113,232 113,232			3.08	374,300	10,000	2.67	1.18	0.28
140,512 134,477 54,975 15,235 71,539 etts 7,62,95 113,232		2.72	1.57	148,900	4,200	2.82	0.46	0.12
54,477 54,477 54,977 54,235 71,529 6tts 1,62,915 113,232	_	1.16	0.42	117,500	2,500	2.13	10.37	0.07
139,235 71,589 71,589 762,915 113,232		1.11	0.45	320,100	0000	2.12	1.32	0.25
etts	_	1.15	1.40	201120				
etts. 1,143,259 8 762,915 113,232	_	0.59	0.35	819,000	000'89	8.3	2.56	1.92
762,915		9.38	21.17	1,622,335	132,470	8.16	2.08	3.13
707,611		6.25	1.04	1,496,400	25,500	5.13	2.18	0.00
000000		#X.0	76.0	000,140	20000	ò.		
Missouri 149,428 4,210	,210 2.81	1.23	1.11	1,222,300	72,000	5.89	3.82	2.03
43,323	_	0.35	0.14		000	L	070	0 31
62,630		0.52	0.28	219,200	11,000	20.6	0.09	0.31
		0.03	0.36					
New Jersey 842,211 67,940	940 8.07	6.91	17.93	1,201,800	124,000	10.32	3.76	3,49

GENERAL TABLE D (Continued) JEWS IN URBAN PLACES OF 25,000 OR OVER

	3									
		25,000 t	25,000 to 100,000	0			100,000	100,000 or Over		
Q.	E	Toma	٥	Distribution	ution	Total	Town	ر م	Distribution	ntion
	Toran	S A D	;	Total	Jews	A OLGI	ewaf	;	Total	Jews
New York	845,453 195,378	35,890 1,815	4.25 0.98	6.86	9.47	7,280,600	1,837,500	25.23	22.69	51.72
North Dakota	655,011	9,781	1.49	5,38	2.58	2,564,200	147,400	5.75	8.02	4.15
Oregon	\$69°667	0,000	1.32	2.00	7.07	340,740	12,000	3.52	1.06	0.34
PennsylvaniaRhode Island	1,009,315	31,910	3.17	8.28	8.42	2,959,800	334,500	7.48	9.26	9.41 0.59
South Carolina.	119,701	2,740	2.29	0.98	0.72					
Tennessee	174,047	4,635	2.66	1.43	1.22	316,700	14,000	4.42	0.00	0.39
Texas. Utah	355,706	7,985	2.24	2.92	2.17	842,600	28,600	3.39	2.63	0.81
Vermont.	243.918	5,515	2.26	2.01	1.46	371,000	15,800	4.26	1.16	0.44
Washington	162,331	1,700	1.05	1.33	0.45	520,500	11,350	2.18	1.63	0.32
West Virginia. Wisconsin.	346,256	5,435	1.57	2.84	1.43	536,400	25,000	4.66	1.67	0.71
	40 404 477	070 070	2 44	100	100	21 000 275	3 553 600	11 11	100	100
1 oral	. 12,191,173	200,016	3.11	100.		01,000,00	200,000,0	77.77		

## GENERAL TABLE E

TOTAL NUMBER OF JEWS IN 1877, 1897, 1907, 1917, AND 1927, BY STATE

States		4	A. Number	er		1		B.	B. Percentages	ges	
	1877	1897	1907	1917	1927	States	1877	1897	1907	1917	1927
	1		000	700 77	4000	4 1 4		200	0.24	4.4	u
Alabama	2,045	0000	0000	11,080	12,891	Alabama	0.7	1.64	0.31	38	332
	4 466	0000	2 005	E,013	8 850	Arkonese	0.18	0.30	0.17	28	46
18a8	1,400	4,000	2,000	3,012	102,000	Colifornia	27.0	2,00	2.10	2 10	2,18
rinia	18,380	23,000	42,000	144 565	123,204	California	20.0	96.0	0.21	1 47	1 80
ado	775	1,500	0,000	14,303	20,321	Colorado	2000	0.20	217	200	7 20
onnecticut	1,492	0000	22,000	200,000		Commecticate	27.0	77.0	100	110	100
Jelaware	585	3,000	1,000	3,800		Delaware	0.43	1.00	10.04	2.74	2010
District of Columbia.	1,508	3,500	5,100	10,000		District of Columbia .	0.00	1.31	1.34	7.7	000
Florida	772	2,500	3,000	6,451		Florida	0.34	0.52	0.40	). !	0 %
zia	2,704	2,000	9,300	22,414		Georgia	0.21	0.34	0.35	1.1	57.
Idaho	85	2,000	300	1,078		Idaho	0.31	1.57	0.1	-24	.21
100	12,625	85,000	110,000	246,637		Illinois	0.40	1.95	1.96	3.95	4.74
ndiana	3,381	15,000	12,000	25,833		Indiana	0.17	0.64	0.44	.91	98°
	1.245	5.000	000.9	15,555		Iowa	0.08	0.23	0.27	.70	89:
Капеае	819	3,500	1.500	9,450		Kansas	0.15	0.12	0.00	.51	.59
1ckv	3.602	12.000	10,000	13,362		Kentucky	0.25	0.59	0.41	.56	.77
Onisiana	7.538	20.000	12,000	12.723		Louisiana	-	1.61	0.61	89°	.85
Moine	200	1,000	5.000	7.387		Maine	0.08	0.15	0.68	.95	1.07
Maryland	10.337	35.000	41,000	62,642		Marvland	1.22	3.13	2.84	4.56	4.44
Massachusette	8 500	20,000	90.000	189.671		Massachusetts	0.52	0.78	2.83	'n	5.32
Michigan	3 233	0000	16,000	63.254		Michigan	0.21	0.37	0.0	2.04	1.99
Minnesota	414	0000	13,000	31,462	43,197	Minnesota	0.00	0.36	0.59	1.36	1.61
seinni	2 262	5,000	3.300	3.881	6.420	Mississippi	0.26	0.35	0.19	.19	,36
out pressure and a second	7 385	25,000	52,000	80.807	80.687	Missouri	0,35	0.82	1,34	2.35	2.3
Montana	131	2 500	1 500	2.518	1.578	Montana	0.39	1.16	0.54	.53	.22
auta	222	2,000	2,500	13 547	14 200	Nebraska	0.12	0.13	0.53	1.06	1.02
dSKH	7777	2,000	0000	20107	796	Newsda	1 1 2	5.28	0.46	45	.34
da	001	7,300	\$	2 25.7	2 770	Now Homoshira	0.04	0.25	0.22	.73	19
New Hampsnire	OCT I	1,000	1,000	2,000	200	New Manupolinic	2000	1 2 2	2 05	90 F	4 0 4
New Jersey	2000	23,000	000,07	147,410	223,300	NTOWN JOINGS	111	90	20.0	200	22
Mexico	108	22,000	200	000	1,032	New Intexactor	1.1	20.3	10.67	15.23	16.67
Y OF K.	80,505	350,000	000,506	1,003,923	1,505,000	INEW YOLK	7.7	3.6	10.01	20.04	

GENERAL TABLE E. (Continued)

TOTAL NUMBER OF JEWS IN 1877, 1897, 1907, 1917, AND 1927, BY STATE

			A. Number	ı				B.	B. Percentages	iges	
States	1877	1897	1907	1917	1927		1877	1897	1907	1917	1927
						:	0	270	0 04	00	26
North Carolina	820	12,000	1,500	4,915	8,252	North Carolina	0.0	70.0	70.0	100	43
North Dakota	6		1,000	1,492	2,749	North Dakota	20.0	1 25	1 26	3.10	2.50
Ohio	14,581		85,000	106,361	173,970	Old-lobome		67.1	0.00	.23	.33
Oklahoma	070	000	000	0,100	12,043	Oregon	0.73	1.29	1.09	1.13	1.47
Oregon	40 003	2000	1000	307,406	404 070	Pennsylvania	0.45	1.43	0.21	3.72	4.16
Pennsylvania	18,097	2,500	12,000	20,502	25,003	Rhode Island	0.4	0.89	2.38	3.27	3.56
Knode Island	1 415	000	2.500	4.816	6,851	South Carolina	0.2	0.63	0.17	.29	.37
South Delrote	10	04	300	1.262	1.584	South Dakota	0.01		0.00	00 y	.23
Tourses	2 751	15 000	10.000	14.034	22,532	Tennessee	0.27	0.78	0.45	.61	.91
Tomos	3 300	12,000	16,000	30,839	46,648	Texas	0.34	0.44	0.44	08.	0 1
Titch	250	5.000	1.000	3.737	2.857	Utah	0.21	1.88	0.28	20.	55.
Vormont	120	1,000	1.000	2.221	2,036	Vermont	0.03	0.3	0.29	.61	35.
Veliminio	2 506	18 000	10.000	15,403	25,656	Virginia	0.3	1.02	0.49	69.	1.01
Vilginia	145	2 800	5.500	0.117	14,698	Washington	0.44	0.5	0.61	.57	, y 4
Washington	711	0000	1.500	5.129	7.471	West Virginia	0.11	0.69	0.12	.36	.44
West virking	2 550	10,000	15,000	28.581	35,935	Wisconsin	0.5	0.51	0.00	1.13	1.23
Wyoming	40	1,000	300	498	1,319	Wyoming	0.04	1.09	0.25	.27	.55
Potol	220 087	037 800	1 776 885	776 885 3.388 051	4.228.029	Total	0.52	1.31	2.	3.24	3.58
Toran	100'477		7,110,000	-							

<sup>1</sup>Including South Dakota <sup>2</sup>Included in North Dakota

#### GENERAL TABLE F

LIST OF PLACES REPORTING JEWS AND NUMBER REPORTED, 19271

#### ALABAMA

Albany17	Eufaula29	Montgomery 3,000
Alexander City20	Fairfield11	Precinct 21: Quinton
Anniston	Florala14	(Ebenezer) Walker
Athens28	Florence	Co12
Bessemer111	Gadsden	Precinct 22: Parish
Birmingham 4,000	Greensboro12	(Walker Co.)11
Brookside11	Huntsville68	Selma281
Cordova14	Hursboro15	Sheffield85
Decatur47	Jasper38	Talladega34
Demopolis150	Leeds20	Troy29
Dothan	Marion25	Tuscaloosa208
Enterprise11	Mobile950	Tuskegee16

Places having 10 Jews or less: Aliceville, Andalusia, Atmore, Boyles, Brundige, Columbiana, Foley, Girard, Greenville, Hartsell, Heflin, Inglenook, Jackson, Linden, Monroeville, Opp. Pell City, Precinct 12: Spring Hill (Mobile Co.), Precinct 18: Corona (Walker Co.), Red Bay, Roanoke, Tarrant City, Union Springs, Uniontown, Wetumpka.

#### ARIZONA

Bisbee       .52         Douglas       .108         Globe       .20         Jerome       .18	Phoenix	Yuma18
--	---------	--------

Places having 10 Jews or less: Casa Grande, Clifton, Flagstaff, Holbrook, Precinct 2: Superior (Pinal County).

#### ARKANSAS

Places having 10 Jews or less: Arkadelphia, Arkansas City, Bates, Batesville, Corning, Crawfordsville, Danville, Dardanelle, De Valls Bluff, De Witt, Edmonson, Fayetteville, Fogleman township (Turrell) Crittenden Co., Holly Grove, Lonoke, Paris, Readland, Sheridan, Van Buren, Wilmot.

#### **CALIFORNIA**

Alameda400	Calexico20	Hayward46
Albany 12 I	Chico 90	Healdsburg20
Alhambra 240 l	Colton 20	Hollister
Anahaim 201	Compton	Huntington Death
Arcata	Dolar Citar 50 l	nuntington raik
Benicia14	Fort Bragg 14 Fresno 700	rance) Los Angeles
Berkeley300	Fort Bragg4	Co30
Reverly Hills 300	Fresno700	Long Beach1,750
Rurhank 74	Function	Los Angeles
Burlingame50	Glendale200	Los Gatos50

<sup>1</sup>See note 2 on p. 83.

Madera22	Redlands50	Santa Barbara150
Martinez25	Redondo Beach24	Santa Cruz90
Marysville59	Redwood City18	Santa Maria17
Merced50	Riverside72	Santa Monica700
Modesto	Sacramento1.100	Santa Paula24
Monrovia45	Salinas55	Santa Rosa91
Napa38	San Bernardino250	Sonora
Oakdale		South Pasadena30
Oakland 6.000	San Bruno	Stockton1,150
Ontario	San Diego2,000	Taft104
Oroville41	San Fernando42	Tracy23
Oxnard64	San Francisco35,000	Tulare
Pasadena5,600	San Gabriel25	
Petaluma500	San Jose	Uklah12
Piedmont	San Leandro48	Vallejo80
Pittsburg41	San Luis Obispo11	Venice
Placerville	San Mateo	Ventura50
Pomona	San Rafael200	Visalia
Redding15	Santa Ana300	Watts25

Places having 10 Jews or less: Beaumont, Brea, Colusa, Davis, Dunsmuir, Exeter, Fillmore, Fowler, Granite township (Folsom) Sacramento Co., Gridley, Lompoc, Manteca, Mill Valley, Pleasanton, Point Arena, Red Bluff, St. Helena, Sanger, Santa Rosa Township (ex. Santa Rosa) Sonoma Co., Sunnyvale, Vacaville, Vernon Township (Verona) Sutter Co., Whittier, Woodland township (Yolo) Yolo Co., Yreka.

#### COLORADO

Aurora	Grand Junction     .12       Greeley     .100       La Junta     .33       Lamar     .11       Las Animas     .51       Leadville     .40       Littleton     .40	Montrose.     24       Pueblo.     1,200       Rocky Ford     20       Salida.     21       Trinidad.     110       Walsenburg.     22
--------	---	--

Places having 10 Jews or less: Arvada, Ault, Buena Vista, Edgewater, Florence, Lakeside, Monte Vista, Pagosa Springs, Precinct 9: Tolland (Gilpin Co.), Saguache, Silt.

CONNECTICUT		
Ansonia	East Haddam town (East Haddam, Moodus) Middlesser Co 465 East Windsor town (Broad Brook, Windsorville) Hartford Co. 14 Ellington town (Ellington) Tolland Co 156 Enfield town (Thompsonville) Hartford Co 41 Franklin town (Franklin) New London Co 18 Glastonbury town (East Glastonbury, Glastonbury, South Glastonbury) Hartford Co 27 Greenwich Goriswold town (Griswold) New London Co 16 Groton. 25 Guilford. 25 Guilford. 25 Hartford. 27,000 Hebron town (Amston, Gilead, Hebron)	Jewett City

#### GENERAL TABLES

Places having ten Tews or	Waterbury 5,300	town) Litchfield Co20 West Hartford town (West Hartford Co500 Westport town (Westport) Fairfield Co43 Wethersfield town (Wethersfield) Hartford Co18 Willimantic340 Woodbury town (Woodbury) Litchfield Co17
field town (Bloomfield) Fair	field Co., Guilford town (Lee Windham Co., Salisbury tow	tes Island) New Haven Co.,
Hampton town (Hampton)	William Co., Sansbury tow	II (Dansbury) Diccinicia

Sharon town (Sharon) Litchfield Co.

#### DELAWARE

Dover	0   Middletown	Newark
Coorgotown	3   Milford	1 Seaford
Harrington	2   New Castle	Wilmington5,000

Places having 10 Jews or less: Bridgeville, Delaware City, Elsmere, Hartly, Lewis, Millsboro, Milton, Selbyville, Townsend.

#### DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Washington......16,000

#### FLORIDA

Dade Čity     .14       Daytona     .250       DeLand     .12       Fernandina     .27       Fort Lauderdale     .75       Fort Pierce     .18	Lake Worth     12       Live Oak     27       Manatee     19       Miami     2,650       Ocala     60       Okeechobee     26       Orlando     290	(Duval Co.) 30 Quincy 41 St. Augustine 300 St. Petersburg 100 Sanford 60 Sarasota 75
Gainesville       58         Jacksonville       4,000         Key West       80         Lake City       42	Pensacola	Sebring       60         Tallahassee       59         Tampa       2,000         West Palm Beach       600         West Tampa       12
Lakeland60	Co25	Winter Haven12

Places having 10 Jews or less: Arcadia, Bartow, Blountstown, Bowling Green, Dania, Homestead, La Belle, Mayo, Monticello, Panama City, Plant City, Wauchula, Winter Garden.

#### GEORGIA

Places having 10 Jews or less: Arlington, Bremen, Buford, Cornelia, Doerun, Eatonton, Edison, Fayetteville, Glenwood, Gordon, Lumber City, Manchester, Marietta, Milan, Norman Park, Palmetto, Rochelle, Rockmart, Royston, Soperton, Sylvania, Tennille, Toccoa, Uvalda, Vienna, Woodbury.

#### IDAHO

Bedrock Prec.	Idaho Falls	Twin Falls25
Boise316	Pocatello41	***************************************

Places having 10 Jews or less: Ashton, Blackfoot, Buhl, Burley, Eden, Gooding, Hailey, Jerome, Montpelier, Rexbury, St. Anthony, Wallace.

#### ILLINOIS

Alton	Forest Park100	Nokomis
Aurora480	Galena	North Chicago 100
Batavia	Galesburg150	Oak Park1,600
Belleville206	Geneseo11	O'Fallon16
Benld	Geneva	Olney11
Benton	Gillespie21	Ottawa59
Berwin	Glen Carbon12	Pana26
Bloomington350	Glencoe	Pekin57
Blue Island42	Granite City275	Peoria1,500
Bremen township (excl.	Granville20	Peru40
Robbins, Tinley Park.	Harrisburg17	Petersburg15
Hazel Crest and Posen	Harvard28	Pittsfield25
villages) Cook Co40	Harvey98	Pontiac49
Cairo	Herrin30	Quincy350
Canton21	Highland Park200	Rochelle
Carlinville20	Highwood 20	Rock Falls
Centralia45	Homewood16	Rockford500
Champaign300	Joliet 630	Rock Island1,675
Chester	Kankakee120	St. Charles
Chicago325,000	Kewanee	Sesser
Chicago Heights325	La Grange50	Springfield600
Christopher20	La Salle	Spring Valley
Cicero	Lawrenceville21	Staunton56
Clinton	Lemont Village20	Sterling50
Coal City	Lincoln50	Streator49
Collinsville72	Litchfield18	Sycamore15
Crystal Lake29	Madison95	Taylorville42
Danville335	Marion	Tinley Park50
Decatur85	Matteson Village 15	Toluca
Deerfield township	Maywood400	Urbana37
(Ravinia) Lake Co60	Mendota12	Villa Park20
Dixon	Milford11	Waukegan1,000
Du Quoin	Moline	West Chicago11
Dwight	Momence11	WestFrankfort53
East St. Louis2,750	Morris33	Wilmette220
Elgin300	Mount Carmel18	Winnetka
Evanston	Mount Olive14	Woodhull12
Evergreen Park58	Mount Vernon28	Woodstock22
Fairfield14	Murphysboro32	Zeigler

Places having 10 Jews or less: Abington, Anna, Arcola, Assumption, Athens, Barry, Brown Township (excl. Fisher Village) Champaign Co., Bushnell, Champaign Township (excl. Champaign City) Champaign Co., Carbondale, Carmi, Cornell, Deerfield, Earlville, East Mollne, Elizabeth, Fairbury, Farmington, Flanagan, Flora, Frankfort, Gibson, Glenwood, Greenville, Havana, Hebron, Herscher, Hinsdale, Johnston City, Lake Forest, Lanark, Lyons, McLeansboro, Macomb, Malden, Manito, Marshall, Marysville, Maryville, Metropolis, Mound City, Mounds, Mount Morris, Mount Pullaski (Logan Co.), Newman, North Chillicothe, Oglesby, Paxton, Peotone, Pincheey-ville, Plainfield, Plainfield Township (excl. Plainfield) Wills Co., Posen, Princeton, Riverdale, Robbins, Rock Creek (excl. Lanark City) Carroll Co., St. Anne, Salem, Shelbyville, Silvis, Tuscola, Venice City, Vienna, Villa Grove, Viola, Virginia, Watseka, Westville, Willisville, Witt.

#### INDIANA

Alexandria36	Greencastle11	Muncie131
Anderson150		New Albany59
Attica51	Hammond 1,200	New Castle58
Aurora14	Hartford City13	North Manchester12
Bedford24		Plymouth15
Bloomington18	Indianapolis10,000	Portland22
Clinton	Jeffersonville25	Richmond45
Columbia City36	Kendallville21	Rochester12
Columbus40	Kokomo100	Rockport12
Connersville50	Lafayette350	Seymour12
Crawfordville20	La Porte50	Shelbyville30
Crown Point25	Lawrenceburg39	South Bend3,000
Dunkirk14	Ligonier City50	South Whitley
East Chicago	Linton27	Sullivan
Elkhart102	Logansport84	Terre Haute1,000
Elwood11	Madison24	Union City12
Evansville1,800	Marion500	Valparaiso100
Fort Wayne1,800	Michigan City300	Vincennes86
Gary	Mishawaka159	Wabash150
Goshen	Mount Vernon120	Warsaw39

Places having 10 Jews or less: Albany, Albion, Bicknell, Bremen, Brookville, Churubsco, Decatur, Delphi, Earl Park, Ellettville, Fowler, Frankfort, Garrett, Gas City, Greenfield, Huntingburg, Jasonville, Jasper, Kentland, Lakeville, Lebanon, Liberty, Lyons, Martinsville, Milan, Mitchell, Monon, Monticello, Morocco, North Vernon, Pendleton, Peru, Princeton, Rising Sun, Salem, Sellersburg, Spencer Township (Harrison Co.), Summitville, Tipton, Wakarusa (Union County), Washington Township (Starke County), West Baden, West Lafayette, Winamac.

#### IOWA

Albia31	Creston	Mason City1,501
Ames24	Davenport690	Monona11
Anamosa16	Decorah12	Muscatine300
Atlantic	Des Moines4,200	Newton
Boone22	Dubuque420	Onawa17
Burlington107	Emmetsburg11	Osage18
Cedar Rapids697	Fairfield50	Osceola
Centerville84	Fort Dodge140	Oskaloosa73
Charles City12	Glenwood16	Sioux City3,150
Cherokee	Grinnell	Spencer
Clarinda12	Iowa City	Valley Junction23
Clarion	Iowa Falls12	Victor
Clinton41	Keokuk27	Waterloo
Council Bluffs600	Marshalltown139	Webster City12

Places having 10 Jews or less: Ackley, Akron, Algona, Altoona, Anthon, Belle Plaine, Bellevue, Chariton, Charter Oak, Chatsworth, Clear Lake, Columbus Junction, Cushing, De Witt, Dyersville, Eagle Grove, Eldora, Elkader, Estherville, Forest City, Fort Des Moines, Hampton, Independence, Jefferson, Le Mars, Lynn Grove Township (excl. Lynnville and Sully) Jasper Co., Manchester, Maquoketa, Marengo, Marion, Mount Pleasant, Moville, Neola, New London, Oto, Parkersburg, Pocahontas, Red Oak, Riceville, Rock Rapids, Rockwell, Sheldon, Shenandoah, Storm Lake, Stuart, Vinton, Volga, Waukee, Waverly, West Union, Woodbine.

#### KANSAS

Anlangana Citys 12	Fort Scott 20	Lawrence25
Arkansas City12	Port Scott	T COO
Augusta11	Galena17	Leavenworth800
Chanuce	Gardice	Parsons 17
Coffeyville48	Hutchinson73	Parsons       17         Pittsburg       35         Salina       41
Eldonado 20	Tolo 20	Pittsburg
Eldorado	101a29	Salina41
Emporia14	Junction City11	Topeka900
	Kansas City 2.500	

Places having 10 Jews or less: Caney, Dodge City, Florence, Garden City, Girard, Goodland, Great Bend, Holton, Horton, Kiowa, Lacygne, McPherson, Marysville, Ogden, Oskaloosa, St. Marys, Wellington, Winfield.

#### KENTUCKY

Bowling Green         30           Central City         23           Corbin         30           Covington         500           Cynthiana         29           Danville         28           Falmouth         12           Frankfort         74           Georgetown         15	Harlan     33       Harrodsburg     11       Hazard     18       Henderson     93       Hopkinsville     86       Lexington     750       Louisville     12,500       Madisonville     21       Mayfield     15       Maysville     21	Owensboro     49       Paducah     800       Paris     70       Pineville     41       Princeton     18       Providence     21       Russellville     12       Shelbyville     34       Somerset     18
Georgetown	Maysville21 Middlesborough42	Somerset

Places having 10 Jews or less: Adairville, Anchorage, Augusta, Campbellsville, Catlettsburg, Columbia, Crofton, Elizabethtown, Eminence, Evarts, Flemingsburg, Fulton, Hawesville, Hickman, Hustonville, Jackson, La Grange, Lebanon, Marion, Midway, Mount Sterling, Neon, Nicholasville, Olive Hill, Owenton, Owingsville, Pewee Valley, Pikeville, Salt Lick, Scottsville, Springfield, Stanford, Sturgis, Taylorsville, Uniontown, Vanceburg, Williamsburg.

#### LOUISIANA

Places having 10 Jews or less: Baldwin, Elton, Glenmora, Homer, Kaplan, Kinder, Mansfield, Mansura, Marksville, Rayville, Ruston, Slidell, Thibodaux, Vidalia, Ward 1 (Beauregard Parish), Ward 3 (Oil City) Caddo Parish, Ward 7 (Caddo) Caddo Parish, Welsh, Winnfield, Zachary.

#### MAINE

Auburn	Gardiner120	Old Town
Augusta45	Hallowell147	Portland 3 500
Rangor	Lewiston	D11 1 100
Bath	Millinocket	Rockiand100
Bath300 Biddeford325	(Penobscot Co.)	Rumford Falls231
Danier (Co Duewers) 16	Old Orchard	Saco/0
Brewer (So. Drewer)26	(York County)15	Waterville 150
Brunswick	(YOLK COUNTRY)	THE CLITICITY OF THE COLUMN TO

Places having 10 Jews or less: Ashland (Aroostook County), Brownville (Brownville Junction) Piscataquis County, Eastport, Fairfield, Lincoln, Madison, Newport (Penobscot County), Oakfield (Aroostook County), Pittsfield, Richmond (Sagadahoc County).

#### MARYLAND

Annapolis300	District 13 (Towson)	Hagerstown650
Baltimore68,000	Baltimore Co24	Hancock38
Bel Air29	District 19: Riverdale	Havre de Grace38
Bowie Town18	(Prince Georges Co.)27	Laurel
Brunswick52	Fikton 43	Mount Rainier35 Salisbury50
Cambridge32	Filicott City 40	Salisbury 50
Centreville12	Tandadala 103	Talama Park 40
Chestertown35	Frederick102	Takoma Park40
Cumberland720	Frostburg00	Westminster53

Places having 10 Jews or less: Bladensburg, District 4 (Reistertown, St. George) Baltimore Co., St. Michaels, Snow Hill, Solomons, Taneytown, Thurmont.

#### MASSACHUSETTS

	T t - 1-	0 1650
Amesbury		Quincy
Amherst20	Lawrence3,775	Randolph33
Athol180	Leominster 120	Revere8.000
Attleboro200	Lexington	Rockland48
Ayer36	(East Lexington)163	
Belmont (Waverly)52	Longmeadow100	Rockport12
Beverly1,000	Lowell2,700	Salem
Boston90,000	Ludlow (Indian Orchard) 14	Saugus
Brockton4,000		Sharon (Norfolk Co.) 150
Brookline	Lynn9,000	Somerville2.500
Cambridge5,200	Malden10,000	Southbridge45
Chelsea20,000	Marblehead40	Southwick
Chicopee	Marlborough90	(Hampden County)20
Clinton	Maynard135	
		Springfield12,100
Danvers	Medfield25	Stoneham12
Dedham49	Medford	Stoughton250
Easthampton24	Medway	Swampscott150
Everett	Middleborough20	Taunton
Fall River5,500	Milford	
Falmouth43	New Bedford3,970	Wakefield105
Fitchburg580	Newburyport300	Waltham725
Foxborough33	Newton	Ware75
Framingham360	North Adams 800	Watertown
Gardner		West Brookfield
Gloucester	North Attleborough21	(Worcester Co.)12
Great Barrington80	Northampton500	Westfield110
Greenfield185	Norwood140	
Haverhill3.385	Palmer	Whitman64
Holliston75	Peabody1,400	Winthrop2,000
Holyoke 2,000	Pittsfield2,100	Woburn100
Hudson	Plymouth132	Worcester13,000
11440011	1	

Places having 10 Jews or less: Ashland (Middlesex County), Avon (Norfolk County), Berkley (Bristol County), Deerfield, Holbrook, Holden, Kingston, Ludlow (Ludlow), Marshfield (Plymouth County), Orange, Warren (West Warren), West Bridgewater.

#### **MICHIGAN**

Adrian35	Hamtramck	Niles29
Albion38	Hancock	Norway13
Alpena52	Harbor Springs16	Owosso42
Ann Arbor150	Highland Park1,765	Paw Paw
Bad Axe15	Holland40	Petoskey
Bangor30	Houghton14	Plymouth12
Battle Creek58	Iron Mountain130	Pontiac
Bay City695	Ironwood228	Port Huron
Bellaire29	Ishpeming27	Redford12
Benton Harbor800	Jackson	Redford township (excl.
Bessemer25	Kalamazoo345	Redford) Wayne Co19
Big Rapids11	Lansing200	Richmond13
Birmingham 19	Ludington40	Rogers23
Buchanan	Manistee	Saginaw410
Boyne City19	Manistique12	Sault Ste Marie32
Charlotte13	Marcellus19	South Haven250
Detroit75,000	Marine City11	Traverse City34
Dowagiac	Marquette43	Trenton
East Grand Rapids30	Midland11	Washington Heights24
East Tawas14	Monroe140	Washington township
Escanaba115	Mount Clemens500	(Gratiot County)24
Flint	Munising	Wayne17
Geneva Township	Muskegon275	West Branch14
(Van Buren Co.)87	Muskegon Heights25	Wyandotte95
Grand Rapids	Negaunee32	Ypsilanti100

Places having 10 Jews or less: Ahmeek, Algonac, Alma, Alpha, Belding, Belleville' Bessemer township (Ramsay) Gogebic County, Cadillac, Carson City, Caspian' Charlevoix, Cheboygan, Chelsea, Chesaning, Clifford, Curits Township (Gennie) Alcona County, Custer, Dearborn, Decatur, Dryden township (excl. Dryden village) Lapeer County, Durand, Fruitport, Garden, Gladstone, Greenville, Grout township (Gladwin County), Harbor Beach, Ionia, Kingston, Lake Linden, Lakeview, Lapeer, Lawton, Manton, Marenisco township (Gogebic County), Menominee, Mikado, ount Pleasant, Newberry, Niles township (excl. Niles) Berrien Co., Onaway, Otsego, igeon, Plymouth township (excl. Plymouth) Wayne County, Port Austin, Richmond ownship (Palmer) Marquette County, Rose City, St. Clair, St. Ignace, St. Joseph, St. Louis, Scottville, Sebewaing, Shelby, Tawas City, Three Rivers, Utica, Wakefield, West Branch Township (Prescott) Ogemaw Co., Whittemore.

#### MINNESOTA

Anoka 12 Austin 32 Belle Plaine 15 Bemidji 19 Bovey 16 Brainerd 28 Buhl 13 Chisholm 134 Crookston 24	Ely	Park Rapids     20       Red Wing     28       Rochester     96       St. Paul     13,500       South St. Paul     25       Stillwater     22       Tracy     15       Virginia     160       Windom     11
Crookston24 Crosby16	Mankato57 Minneapolis22,000 Moorhead22	Windom

Places having 10 Jews or less: Afton, Aurora, Blackduck, Blue Earth, Breckenridge, Browntown, Bruno, Buffalo, Calumet, Cambridge, Cloquet, Coleraine, Danube, Dennison, Ellsworth, Foley, Frazee, Fulda, Gibbon, Gilbert, Grasston, Houston, Jasper, Jordan, Kinney, Lake City, Lake Crystal, Le Sueur, Maple Ridge Township (Beltrami Co.), Maple Ridge Township (Isanti County), Marble, Melrose, Montevideo, Mora, Morristown township (Rice Co.), Mountain Iron, New Rickland, North St. Paul, Owatonna, Paynesville, Preston, Proctorknott (Proctor), Riverton, Royalton village, Ruthton, Sandstone, Sebeka, Staples, Stewartville, Thief River Falls, Two Harbors, Wabasha, White Bear Lake, Willmar, Zumbrota.

#### MISSISSIPPI

Aberdeen	Greenwood	Natchez
Alligator12	Gulfport22	Okolona20
Beat 1 (Lula) Coahoma	Gunnison21	Oxford12
Co12	Hattiesburg148	Port Gibson48
Beat 4 (Pace) Bolivar Co.18	Hazlehurst25	Rolling Fork14
	Holly Springs27	Rosedale
Beat 5 (Glen Allen),	Indianola68	Ruleville47
Washington Co12		Shaw48
Belzoni34	Isola	
Benoit12	Iverness20	Shelby31
Biloxi	Jackson	Starkville39
Boyle	Jonestown	Sumner
Brookhaven60	Lambert12	Sunflower23
Canton108	Laurel74	Tunica38
Clarksdale200		Vicksburg467
Cleveland	Lexington77	Webb24
Cleveland		
Columbus80		
Corinth29	Marks24	Willoud
Drew51	Meridian575	Woodville
Greenville375	Merigold30	Yazoo City88
701 1 1 40 T	Jane Amerilla Post 2 (Poul	oh) Rollivar County Reat 3

Places having 10 Jews or less: Anguilla, Beat 2 (Beulah) Bolivar County, Beat 3 (Rich) Quitman Co., Bude, Coahoma, Como, Flora, Hollandale, Ittabena, Macon, Mayersville, Newton, Pascagoula, Picayune, Pickens, Polarville, Rome, Shubuta, Summit, Tupelo, Wiggins.

#### MISSOURI

Bonne Terre	Festus20	New Madrid18
Roonville21	Hannibal88	Portageville17
Cana Girardeau 47	Hayti12	Richmond Heights50
Cardwell14	Tefferson City80	St. Francois township
Caruthereville 36	Joplin	(Flat River, Elvins)
Charleston12	Kansas City22,000	St. François Co40
Chillicothe 14	Kennett	St. Joseph
Clayton 50	Kirksville27	St Louis50,000
Columbia115	Kirkwood36	Sedalia35
		Sikeston
De Soto24	Louisiana95	
Doniphan11	Maplewood92	Trenton14
East Prairie	Marshall36	Washington14
Elvins	Mexico23	Webb City
Excelsion Springs 28	Moberly24	Webster Grove84
Tracerore observed.	,	

Places having 10 Jews or less: Bernie, Bowling Green, Bridgeton, Brookfield, Butler, Clarksville, Dexter, Fayette, Fulton, Greenfield, Ironton, Keytesville, King City, Lebanon, Lees Summit, Linneus, Ma'den, Marceline, Martinsburg, Maysville, Milan, Morehouse, Neosho, Oronogo, Panell, Parma, Richmond, Salisbury, Slater, Unionville, Warrensburg, Warrenton.

#### MONTANA

Anaconda14	Great Falls125	Malta16
Billings52	Helena79	Miles City14
Butte540	Lewistown35	Missoula36
Bozeman	Livingston14	Scobey24

Places having 10 Jews or less: Big Timber, Dillon, Froid, Glendive, Harlowton, Kalispell, Polson, Red Lodge, Roundup, Twin Bridges.

#### NEBRASKA

Alliance	Hastings42	Omaha
Beatrice30	Lincoln	Plattsmouth14
Columbus54	Nebraska City27	Scottsbluff22
Fremont	Norfolk35	Sidney 21
Grand Island56	North Platte27	Walthill

Places having 10 Jews or less: Allen, Arapahoe, Ashland, Atkinson, Bloomfield, Chadron, Chappell, Clearwater, Dakota City, Decatur, Elk Creek, Ericson, Friend, Fullerton, Gretna, Hartington, Havelock, Hooper, Huntington, Kearny, Laurel, Lyons, McCook, Madison, Mitchell, Neligh, Oakland, Pender, Pierce, Ponca, Schuyler, Spencer, Wakefield, Wayne, Winnebago, York.

#### NEVADA

Elko20	Reno164

#### NEW HAMPSHIDE

Berlin         250         Franklin         46           Claremont         100         Keene         64           Concord         120         Laconia         117           Derry         30         Laconia         117           Durham (Strafford Co.) 45         Lebanon         27           Exeter         29         Manchester         935	Milford       13         Nashua       435         Newport       26         Portsmouth       225		

Places having 10 Jews or less: Canaan (Enfield) Grafton County, Marlow (Cheshire County), Newmarket, Whitefield (Coos County).

#### NEW JERSEY

11 THE 11 GRANT A			
Alpha Asbur Atlanı Atlanı Audul Bayor Beach Belma Berge Bloom Bogot Boont Borde Bound	on. 23 y Park 1,387 tic City 12,160 tic Highlands 45 oon 28 nne 12,150 . Haven 15 rr 600 nfield 150 ly 34 hfield 1,400 a 25 ntown 25 l Brook 130 evy Beach 394	Bridgeton   300	(Ringoes) Hunterdon County. 31 East Orange. 2,000 Eatontown township (Eatontown) Mon- mouth Co. 13 Edgewater. 120 Egg Harbor. 69 Elizabeth. 9,500 Elmer. 112 Englewood. 750 Englishtown. 64 Flemington. 97 Fort Lee. 70 Pranklin. 90 Freehold. 400 Frenchtown. 455
	ev Beach394	Dover800	Frenchtown45
	hburg Tnshp.	Dover township (Toms	Garfield600
	rth Branch)	River) Ocean Co300	Glen Ridge
		Dumont	Glen Rock
502			

Hackensack500	Newark65,000	Rockaway41 Roosevelt (Carteret)500
Haddonfield40	Newton	Roosevelt (Carteret)500 Roselle150
Hanover township (Pine	North Plainfield 3,200	Salem
Brook) Morris Co300	township (Watchung)	Sea Bright16
Harrison	Somerset Co12	Somerville600 South Amboy115
Hasbrouck Heights55	Northampton township (Mt. Holly) Burling-	South Orange1,000
High Bridge16 Highlands43	ton Co	South River375
Hightstown48	Nutley	Stanhope21
Hoboken 2,780 l	Oaklyn40	Stockton32 Stone Harbor11
Irvington1,295	Ocean City	Summit
Jamesburg123	Palisades Park400	Swedeshorn33
Jamesburg       123         Jersey City       18,000         Kearny       750	Park Ridge110	Trenton
Kenilworth	Passaic	Union
Keyport	Paulsboro94	Verona50
wood) Ocean Co400	Pennsgrove103	Vineland/00
Lambertville46	Perth Amboy4,500	Warren township (Warrenville)
Linden 1,800	Phillipsburg82 Pittsgrove Township	Somerset County120
Little Ferry20	(Alliance, Monroeville,	Westfield
Lodi	Norma) Salem Co250	West Hoboken1,320
Madison23	Plainfield3,000	Westmont
Magnolia	Pleasantville	West Orange500
Merchantville95	Princeton	West Paterson30
Metuchen	Rahway500	Westville45
Millstone Tnshp.	Ramsey12 Randolph township (Mt.	Westwood45
(Perrineville) Monmouth County160	Freedom) Morris Co. 160	Wharton
Milltown	Raritan	Woodbine1,200
Millville560	Raritan township (Croton) Hunterdon Co32	Woodbridge township
Montclair	Red Bank520	(Woodbridge)
Netcong	Red Bank520 Ridgefield Park220	Middlesex County110
	1 Divroggide 100	Woodstown33
Places having 10 Jews or	less: Barnegat City, Fanwood	d, Garwood, Hamilton Town-
ship (Mays Landing) Atlan	Holmotta Linwood Mour	thip (Mullica Hills) Atlantic to Olive township (Flanders) in field, Rocky Hill, Rumson, County.
Morris County Mountains	ide. New Providence, North	nfield, Rocky Hill, Rumson,
Sussex, Tuckerton, Waterfor	rd Township (Atco) Camden	County.
	NEW MEXICO	
Albuquerque240	Las Cruces29	Sante Fé40
Carlsbad14	Las Vegas City	Silver City
Clovis	(East Las Vegas)80	Silver City 12 Socorro 12 Tucumcari 41
Gallup25	1 Koswell	ning Hot Springs Lordshurg.
Precinct 10: Jemez Spring	s (Sandoval Co.), Portales,	ning, Hot Springs, Lordsburg, Roy, Santa Rosa, Springer,
Vaughn.	NEW YORK	
Albany9,000	Cairo (Gayhead)	Coxsackie26
Alden43	Greene Co	Depew
Ameterdam	Callicoon (Jefferson-	Deposit
Angola30	ville)Sullivan Co120 Carthage48	
Auburn480 Babylon town (Linden-	Castleton20	Dunkirk
hurst) Suffolk Co200	Catskill	East Rochester
Ralleton Spa	Cedarnurst	
Batavia126 Bath14	Chatham29 Cohoes142	
Reacon	1 C-11-Ab 20	Endicott120
Ringhamton	61	
Brewster	Cornwall20	
Buffalo20,000		burg) Sullivan Co1,060

Fleischmans Village 100	Long Beach700	Rockville Center 500
Fort Plain11	Lowville21	Rome255
Freeport950		
	Lynbrook1,000	Rye
Friendship30	Malone45	Sag Harbor90
Fulton	Mamakating (Summit-	St. Johnsville11
Geneva64	ville) Sullivan Co29	Salamanca40
Glen Cove350	Mamaroneck350	Saranac Lake300
Glens Falls560	Margaretville22	
		Saratoga Springs250
Gloversville1,500	Massena102	Saugerties50
Goshen34	Mechanicville66	Scarsdale35
Gouverneur45	Middleburg12	Schenectady3,500
Gowanda	Middletown520	Sea Cliff
Granville51	Monticello1.200	Seneca Falls
Great Neck Estates550	Mount Kisco225	Schodack town (East
Green Island11	Mount Vernon8,000	Schodack)650
Greenport96	Newark19	Smithtown town (Kings
Greenwich29	New Rochelle4,500	Park) Suffolk Co150
Harrison town <sup>1</sup> 98	Newburgh	Spencerport village24
Hastings on Hudson130	Newburgh Town (Burling-	
		Spring Valley900
Haverstraw450	ham), Orange Co24	Springville16
Hempstead250	New York1,765,000	Stamford
Hempstead town	Niagara Falls1.000	Stephentown town
(W. Hempstead,	North Hempstead town	(Stephentown)642
Baldwin, Bellmore,	(Floral Park) <sup>2</sup> 300	Suffern250
Port Washington)2450	Northport23	Company 44 000
		Syracuse14,000
Henrietta (East Henri-	North Tonawanda40	Tannersville112
etta) Monroe Co24	Norwich	Tarrytown500
Herkimer84	Nyack250	Thompson town (Glen-
Highland Falls63	Ogdensburg150	wild) Sullivan Co40
Hilton12	Old Forge21	Ticonderoga17
Holley		
	Olean175	Troy
Honeoye Falls12	Oneonta29	Tupper Lake64
Hornell33	Ossining	Utica5.000
Hoosick Falls100	Oswego125	Walden69
Hudson680	Owego49	Walton
Hunter190	Patchogue	Wanton Calla
		Wappinger Falls11
Huntington town (Hunt-	Peekskill1,000	Warwasing
ington) Suffolk Co 305	Pelham Manor250	(Greenfield,
Ilion32	Penfield (Monroe Co.)12	Dairyland)7290
Ithaca	Pittsford	Waterloo
Jamestown150	Plattsburg416	Watertown450
Johnson City25	Pleasantville65	
Johnstown50		Watkins20
	Port Chester850	Waverly47
Kingston1,750	Port Henry55	Webster24
Lake Placid62	Port Jervis	Whitehall18
Lancaster11	Poughkeepsie1,850	White Plains1,700
Lawrence200		
Liberty300	Ramapo town (Monsey).94	Woodridge800
	Rensselaer85	Wurtsporo36
Liberty town (Parksville,	Riverhead <sup>5</sup> 127	Yonkers7.000
Youngsville) <sup>3</sup> 100		
Little Falls112	Rochester22,500	Youngstown50
TH. 1 1 40 T . 1	. A 1 A . 1 1 A . 1 *11	(D.1 (1 ) D1

Places having 10 Jews or less: Adams, Ardsley, Arkville (Delaware County), Bloom-Places having 10 Jews or Iess: Adams, Ardsley, Arkville (Delaware County), Bloomingdale, Briarcliff Manor, Brightwaters. Brocton, Caledonia, Canisteo, Cattaraugus, Cazenovia, Cherry Valley, Clay (Onondaga County), Cobleskill, Cold Spring, Crotonon-Hudson, De Ruyter, Delhi, De Witt (excl. E. Syracuse and Eastwood) Onondaga County, East Syracuse, Eastwood, Edwards, Fonda, Gardiner (Ulster County), Hancock, Horseheads, Hudson Falls, Interlaken, Irvington, Jordan, La Grange (Hudson Co.), Manchester (Port Gibson) Ontario County, Manlius, Middleport, Millerton, Monroe, Ogden (Spencerport) Monroe Co., Penn Yan, Perry, Potsdam, Rifton, Rosendale town (Binnewater Ulster Co., Rouses Point, Salem, Schuylerville, Silver Creek, South Dayton, Spencer, Taghkanic (E. Taghkanic) Columbia County, Victory Mills West Haverstraw, Whitesboro, Yorkville.

#### NORTH CAROLINA

11OILIL GILLODALIA			
Ahoskie	Charlotte400	Forest City13	
Albermarle24	Dunn	Gastonia99	
Asheville	Durham375	Goldsboro	
Belhaven11	Elizabeth City16	Greensboro400	
Brevard12	Enfield19	Hamlet19	
Burlington26	Fairmount19	Henderson48	
Chapel Hill	Fayetteville116	Hendersonville115	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Westchester Co. <sup>2</sup> Nassau Co. <sup>3</sup> Sullivan Co. <sup>4</sup> Rockland Co. <sup>6</sup> Suffolk Co. <sup>6</sup>Rensselaer Co. <sup>7</sup> Ulster Co.

Places having 10 Jews or less: Asheboro, Benson, Bessemer City, Biltmore, Edenton, Gatesville (Gates Co.), Greenville, Jacksonville, Laurinburg, Rutherfordton, St. Pauls, Scotland Neck (Scotland) Halifax County, Southern Pines, Troy, Williamston.

#### NORTH DAKOTA

Beulah       .14         Bismarck       .400         Devils Lake       .180         Diskingen       .24	Fargo.         500           Garrison         17           Glen Ullin         19           Grand Forks.         350           Jamestown         28           Lehr         14           Mandan         19	Valley City. 20 Williston 49 Wishek 13
Dogden14	Mandan	Zap

Places having 10 Jews or less: Bowdon, Casselton, Edgeley, Fessenden, Flasher, Fullerton, Golden Valley, Grafton, Halliday, Hankinson, Harvey, Hazen, Hebron, Hillsboro, Larimore, Linton, Milnor, New Salem, Oakes, Palermo, Parshall, Rugby, Streeter, Tappen, Velva, Wahpeton, White Earth.

#### OHIO

70.1	Elmwood Place12	Mingo Junction24
Ada	Elyria310	Mount Vernon44
Akron	Elyria	Murray City14
Alliance208	Fairport Harbor17	Napoleon12
Ashland34	Fremont	Newark72
Ashtabula40	Galion18	Niles41
Barberton220	Gallipolis13	Niles
Bellaire300	Geneva	Norwalk37
Bellefontaine	Girard64	Norwood200
Bellevue	Grand View Heights15	Orrville
	Grand view Heights15	Painesville82
Berea	Hamilton450	Piqua90
Bowling Green35	Harrisburg14	Portsmouth200
Bucyrus30	Hilliard	Salem40
Cambridge56	Hubbard23	St. Marys27
Canal Winchester15	Ironton	Sandusky95
Canton3,600	Johnstown15	Shaker Heights300
Chillicothe58	Lakewood555	Sidney
Cincinnati23,500	Lancaster60	Springfield580
Circleville52		Steubenville920
Circlevine	Lebanon40	Steubenville60
Cleveland85,000	Lima400	Struthers60
Cleveland Heights8,000	Linden Heights50	Tiffin
Clyde40	Lockbourne	Toledo10,000
Columbus8,500	Lockland	Troy34
Conneaut28	Lorain975	Upper Sandusky13
Coshocton45	Lowellville13	Urbana
Crestline18	Mansfield160	Wadsworth12
Cuyahoga Falls20	Mantua21	Warren
Dayton4,900	Marietta100	Wellsville29
Dayton	Marietta40	Westerville15
Delaware29	Marion49	Wilmington
Dover32	Martins Ferry38	Wooster101
East Cleveland850	Marysville	Xenia45
East Linden100	Massillon128	Youngstown8,000
East Liverpool500	Medina19	Zanesville260
East Youngstown14	Middletown215	Zanesville
Trans Townshoom in the second		

Places having 10 Jews or less: Arcanum, Brunswick (Medina County), Byesville, Caldwell, Canfield, Carey, Carrollton, Corning, Dennison, Dublin, Forest, Flushing, Franklin, Gahanna, Greenfield, Grove City, Groveport, Hanford, Hillsboro, Huron, Jackson, Jamestown, Lisbon, London, Mantua township (excl. Mantua village) Portage County, Marble Cliff, Maumee, Miamisburg, Montpelier, New Albany, New Lexington, Pomeroy, Rittman, Sebring, Seville, South Euclid, Spring Valley, Thompson (Geauga Co.), Upper Arlington, Van Wert, Wellston, Willard, Worthington.

#### OKLAHOMA

Places having 10 Jews or less: Avant, Beaver City, Caddo, Carney, Claremore, Collinsville, Durant, El Reno, Fort Gibson, Frederick, Hennessey, Idabel, Keota, Locust Grove, Newkirk, Okemah, Purcell, Ramona, Sentinel, Stroud, Tecumseh, Valliant, Vinita, Wagoner, Weatherford, Wellston, Woodward.

#### OREGON

Albany24	Eugene61	Oregon City12
Astoria51	Hood River13	Pendleton14
Baker City35	McMinnville12	Pendleton       14         Portland       12,000         Roseberg       20
Burns	Marshfield	Salem 80

Places having 10 Jews or less: Ashland, Hillsboro, Klamath Falls, St. Helens, Tillamook.

#### PENNSYLVANIA

Aliquippa115	Brookville	Connellsville100
Allentown 1.960	Brownsville400	Conshohocken 80
Altoona1.500	Burgettstown23	
		Coraopolis200
Ambler40	Butler300	Corry55
Ambridge200	California111	Cresson
Archbald30	Canonsburg240	Danville140
Ashland30	Carbondale600	Darby190
Ashley99	Carlisle	Delta21
Aspinwall15	Carmichaels11	Derry12
Athens	Carnegie	Dickson City150
Avoca	Castle Shannon12	Donora800
Bangor40	Catasauqua14	Doylestown31
Barnesboro93	Centralia	DuBois240
Beaver Falls300	Chambersburg100	Dunmore218
Bellefonte44	Charleroi300	Dupont41
Bentleyville68	Cheltenham township	Duquesne920
Berwick100	(Melrose Pk.)	East Pittsburgh500
Bethel (Broughton)	Montgomery Co220	East Stroudsburg180
Allegheny Co12	Chester 2.125	Easton
Bethlehem 1.500	Clearfield	Eddystone33
Blairsville	Clifton Heights47	Elizabeth49
Bloomsburg87	Clymer29	Ellwood City150
Boyertown15	Coaldale41	Train 4 575
Braddock2,000	Coatesville 675	Erie1.575
Bradford400	Collingdale	Etna
		Exeter Boro150
Bridgeport29	(Darby P.O)110	
Bristol,120	Columbia60	Farrell500

Fayette City49	Mauch Chunk14	St. Clair (Schuylkill Co.) 36
Fell (Simpson)	Mayfield33	St. Marys32
Lackawanna Co47	Meadville80	
Finleyville	Mechanicsburg17	Sayre47
Ford City68	Media157	Scottdale57
Forest City63	Middletown100	Scranton9,000
Forty Fort36	Millvale12	Sewickley25
Franklin	Milton52	Shamokin
Freedom	Miners Mills83	Sharon
Freeland	Minersville140	Sharpsburg44
		Sharpsville34
Gallitzin13	Monaca32	Sheffield township
Gettysburg19	Monessen265	(Sheffield) Warren Co.14
Glassport140	Monongahela City142	Shenandoah600
Greensburg450	Morrisville50	Shickshinny12
Greenville39	Morris (Morristown)	Shippensburg16
Grove City12	Clearfield County600	Slatington25
Hanover28	Mount Carmel325	Slippery Rock12
Harrisburg5,000	Mount Jewett12	Smethport11
Haverford township	Mount Pleasant197	Somerset30
(Brookline, Upper	Mount Union44	South Brownsville500
Darby P. O.)	Munhall50	South Fork48
Delaware Co50	Nanticoke200	Steelton
Hawley44	Nanty-Glo45	Stroudsburg100
Hazleton1,000	Nazareth28	Sunbury300
Homestead 1,100	New Bethlehem23	Susquehanna Depot12
Honesdale90	New Brighton95	
Hooverville13	New Castle750	Swissvale150
Houghesville15	New Kensington 640	Swoyersville125
Houtzdale	New Salem	Tamaqua125
Indiana106	Norristown600	Tarentum300
Ingram23	Northampton90	Titusville400
Irwin88	Northampton Heights100	Towanda50
Jeannette200	Northumberland 14	Tyrone40
Jenkintown250	Oakdale	Uniontown1,100
Jermyn28	Oil City500	
Jersey Shore30		Upper Merion township
Johnsonburg13	Olyphant	(Merion Station)
		Montgomery Co12
Johnstown1,000	Overbrook400	Wall12
Kane94	Palmerton57	Warren
Kennett Square19	Parsons25	Warrington (Warring-
Kingston400	Pen Argyl	ton, Neshaminy)
Kittanning109	Philadelphia270,000	Bucks County79
Lancaster1,500	Philipsburg140	Washington575
Lansdowne200	Phoenixville128	Waynesboro47
Larksville35	Pittsburgh53,000	Waynesburg27
Latrobe	Pittston	Weissport71
Lebanon	Plymouth165	Wellsboro23
Leechburg63	Portage	West Chester350
Lehighton325	Portland (Mt. Bethel) 14	West Eaton12
Lewisburg19	Pottstown700	Westfield
Lewiston	Pottsville1,000	West View12
Lock Haven125	Punxsutawney125	West Wyoming18
Lower Merion township	Quakertown44	Wilkensburg200
(Ardmore) Mont-	Reading2,500	
gomery Co150	Redstone township (Fair-	Wilkes Barre5,500
Luzerne	bank, Republic)	Williamsport500
McAdoo38	Fayette County42	Wilson51
McDonald70	Renovo	Windber70
McKeesport5,000	Reynoldsville14	Winton50
McKees Rocks240	Rochester62	Woodlawn35
Mahanoy City200	Roscoe	Wyoming32
Masontown90	St. Clair (Allegheny Co.) 50	York750
	less: Austin, Avondale, Bar	
Places naving to Jews or	less: Austin, Avondale, Bar	Igor (Martins Creek) North

Places having 10 Jews or less: Austin, Avondale, Bangor (Martins Creek) North Hampton Co., Bath, Bedford, Bessemer, Blossburg, Buckingham (Forest Grove) Bucks County, Burgettstown Borough (Avilla) Washington Co., Coalport, Curwensville, Daisytown, East Brady, Elizabethtown, Elizabethville, Elmhurst, Emaus, Emlenton, Galeton, German (Adah) Fayette Co., Giradville, Glen Rock, Gratz, Herndon, Junlata, Lower Mt. Bethel township (Mt. Bethel) Northampton Co., Lumber City, Lykens, McIntyre (Ralston) Lycoming Co., Manheim, Meyersdale, Mifflintown, Milford, Montgomery, Montgomery (Arcadia) Indiana County, Muncy, Narberth, Newport, North Charleroi, North York, Penn, Perkasie, Petrolia, Port Carbon, Portland, Red Lion, Roseville, Rouseville, Salisbury (Gap) Lancaster Co., Schuylkill Haven, Solebury (Lumberville) Bucks County, State College, Sugar Notch Borough (Nocanaqua) Luzerne Co., Sutersville, Sykesville, Trafford, Tremont (Schuylkill County), Wind Gap, Zelienople.

#### RHODE ISLAND

Bristol	Providence21,000	Westerly85 West Warwick
Newport	(Wakefield) Washington Co12	(Arctic) Kent Co
Places having 10 Jews or town (Conimicut) Kent Co.		nithfield, Tiverton, Warwick-

#### SOUTH CAROLINA

Aiken.     75       Ailendale.     20       Anderson.     66       Andrews.     12       Bamberg.     19       Batesburg.     12       Bishopville.     93       Blackville.     40       Branchville.     14       Camden.     108	Conway         13           Darlington         85           Denmark         14           Dillon         39           Elloree         18           Estill         11           Florence         28           Gaffney         25           Georgetown         135           Greenville         195           Greenwood         35	Little Rock     12       Manning     38       Newberry     27       Orangeburg     88       Rock Hill     17       St. Matthews     39       Spartanburg     80       Summerville     31       Sumter     200
Camden	Greenwood35	
Chester	Kingstree	Whitmire

Places having 10 Jews or less: Belton, Clinton, Clio, Ehrhardt, Eutawville, Hardeeville, Hillsboro Township (Lake View) Dillen Co., Inman, Kershaw, Lane, Laurens, Liberty, Loris, Mayersville, Norway, Olar, Pickens, Saluda, Sharon, Timmonsville, Wagener.

#### SOUTH DAKOTA

Aberdeen	130   Madison	24	Rapid City21
Deadwood	36 Mitchell	49	Sioux Falls210
Eureka	17   Parker	18	Vermilion40
Huron	17   Parkston		Yankton

Places having 10 Jews or less: Avon, Avon (Bon Homme County), Blunt Clty, Canton, Centerville, Dell Rapids, Elk Point, Ethan, Herman (Lake County), Ipswich, Lennox, Leola, Marion, Menno, Pierre, Platte, Pollock, Redfield, Roscoe, Springfield, Sturgis, Tyndall, Viborg, Wagner, Watertown.

#### TENNESSEE

Bristol70	Humboldt27	Ripley
Brownsville100	Jackson	Rutherford County12
Chattanooga3.385	Johnson City60	Somerville17
Clarksville62	Knoxville	Springfield18
Columbia35	Memphis10,000	Trenton
Dyersburg32	Murfreesboro29	Union City
Fayetteville19	Nashville4,000	No. 3 (Obion Co.) 21
Harriman17	Pulaski	No. 12 (Rutherford Co.) 12

Places having 10 Jews or less: Alamo, Cleveland, Cookeville, Dayton, Decherd, Dresden, Greenville, Halls, Kenton, Lebanon, Lenoir City, Newbern, Paris, Raleigh, Shelbyville, South Pittsburg, No. 16 (Dyer Co.), No. 17 (Wilson Co.).

#### TEXAS

Abilene	Brownsville40	Dublin
Austin	Bryan	Eagle Lake
Bartlett12	Calvert	Eagle Pass29
Bay City	Cameron	Eastland21
	Clarksville40	
	Colorado	
Big Spring56	Corpus Christi200	Elgin24
	Corsicana330	
Breckenridge83	Dallas	Ennis40
Brenham	Denison	Florenceville12

Fort Worth 2.100	Luling	Rosenberg52
Gainesville	McAllen52	San Antonio8.000
Galveston1.940	McKinney20	San Benito24
Gonzales 40	Marlin24	San Marcos
Greenville	Marshall	Schulenburg18
Grosbeck City16	Mart	Seguin
United and the City	36	
Hallettsville27	Mercedes250	Sherman56
Harlingen50	Mexia94	Sour Lake14
Hearne17	Midland	Sweetwater32
Henderson14	Mineral Wells18	Taylor70
Highland Park11	Mount Pleasant16	Temple30
Houston11.000	Nacogdoches19	Terrell
Jacksonville14	Navasota30	Texarkana
Jefferson40	New Braunfels26	Texas City19
Kenedy	Orange	Tyler500
Kerens	Palestine120	Victoria96
Kerrville11	Pharr11	
Kingsville16	Port Arthur	Waco1,500
Laredo	Precinct 1 (Hempstead)	Wharton
Liberty	Waller Co26	Wichita Falls505
Lockhart80	Robstown18	Yorktown16
Locanat	ICODSCOWIL	I DIECOMA

Places having 10 Jews or less: Albany, Arlington, Athens, Ballinger, Barstow, Belton, Boerne, Brownwood. Carrizo Springs, Camanche, Coolidge, Cooper, Crockett, Denton, Farmersville, Flatonia, Fort Stockton, Fr port, Frost, Granger, Haskell, Italy, Itasca, Jourdanton, Lampasas, Maypearl, Memphis, Mineola, Nocona, Paris, Plainview, Rockdale, Rogers, Rusk, San Angelo, Slaton, Smithville, Spur, Weatherford, Weimar, Precinct 1 (Edna) Jackson Co., Precinct 1 (San Diego) Duval Co., Precinct 2 (Fort Hancock) Hudspeth Co., Precinct 2 (West Columbia) Brazoria Co., Precinct 4 (Victoria County), Precinct 6 (Matagorda County), Precinct 7 (Jackson County).

#### UTAH

Bingham Canyon37 Ogden290	Park City11	Salt Lake City2,000
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Places having 10 Jews or less: Brigham, Cedar, Lewiston, Provo, Salina, Sandy Tooele,

#### VERMONT

Barre51	Fair Haven	St. Albans98
Bellows Falls24	Montpelier	Springfield24
Bennington175	Richford12	Winoski 14
Burlington900	Rutland160	AAIIIOOSEI

Places having 10 Jews or less: Bristol, Enosburg Falls, Hartford (White River Junction) Windsor County, Ludlow, Northfield, Swanton, Vergennes, Woodstock.

#### VIRGINIA

Alexandria140	Front Royal	Pocahontas26
Appalachia44	Hampton144	Portsmouth2,180
Bedford	Harrisonburg105	Potomac30
Bristol40	Hopewell50	Richmond8,000
Charlottesville112	Lexington14	Roanoke
Clifton Forge35	Lvnchburg425	Staunton
Covington29	Martinsville46	Strasburg20
Culpeper	Newport News1,750	Suffolk114
Danville	Norfolk	Washington District
Farmville20	Norton	(Berkeley) Norfolk
Franklin24	Petersburg705	Co
Fredericksburg30	Phoebus66	Williamsburg21

Places having 10 Jews or less: Berryville, Crewe, Galax, Gordonsville, Herndon, Martinsville District (excl. Martinsville) Henry County, Onancock, Orange, St. Charles, Scottsville, Washington district (Rosslyn) Arlington Co.

#### WASHINGTON

Aberdeen98	Kelso	Seattle10,000
Auburn25	Lake Bay Prec. (Lake	Spokane1,350 Tacoma1,000
Bellingham200	Bay) Pierce County30	Tacoma1,000
Or starting	Olympia12	Vancouver40
Cheholie 31	Pasco	Walla Walla
Everett500	Port Angeles48	Yakima75

Places having 10 Jews or less: Colfax, Colville, Ellensburg, Hoquiam, Lynden, Port Townsend, Raymond, Republic, Sedro-Woolley, Toppenish, Wapato, Wenatehee, Zillah.

#### WEST VIRGINIA

Bath Dist. (Hancock)	Huntington 1,125	Mount Hope18
Marron Co 36	Voycer 20	New Martinsville15
Poolsloy 51	Variationa 37	Northfork74
Bluefield220	Kimball	Parkersburg98
Charleston1,200	Kimball 42 Logan 116	Princeton41
Charlestown32	Marlinton	Thomas
Chester	Mariniton	Welch81
Clarksburg235	Martinsburg304	Wellsburg12
Elkins25	Montgomery47	Weston93
Fairmount140	Morgantown250	Wheeling
Grafton26	Moundsville33	Wullamson128
ms 1 1 40 T	tore Portrolou Springe Bram	wall Ruckhonnon Fronklin

Places having 10 Jews or less: Berkeley Springs, Bramwell, Buckhannon, Franklin, Matewan, Piedmont, Richwood, Romney, Sistersville.

#### WISCONSIN

Appleton 215 Arpin (Wood Co.) 200 Ashland 75 Baraboo 16 Barron 20 Beaver Dam 20 Beloit 125 Burlington 35 Clintonville 14 Eagle River (Vilas Co.) 15	Madison     1,000       Manitowoc     160       Marinette     220       Marshfield     30       Mayville     12       Merrill     27       Milwaukee     25,000       Neenah     32       Oconto     52	Rice Lake   35   South Milwaukee   62   Seymon   11   Sheboygan   1,075   Sparta   18   Stevens Point   66   Superior   1,050   Thiensville   12   Tomah   15   Viroqua   20
Barron20		Sparta
Burlington35		
Clintonville14	Neenah32	Tomah15
Eau Claire70	Oconto Falls	Watertown30
Fond-du-Lac142	Oconomowoc28	Waukesha60
Green Bay350	Oshkosh	Waupaca14
Hurley36	Phillips	Wausau200
Independence	TO 1 337 - 1 1	West Allis100
Janesville22	Racine735	Wieconein Rapids 12
Kenosha900	Racine	Wisconsil respids
Di La dia 10 Igwe er loge: Algoma Amery Auburndale Berlin Black River Falls.		

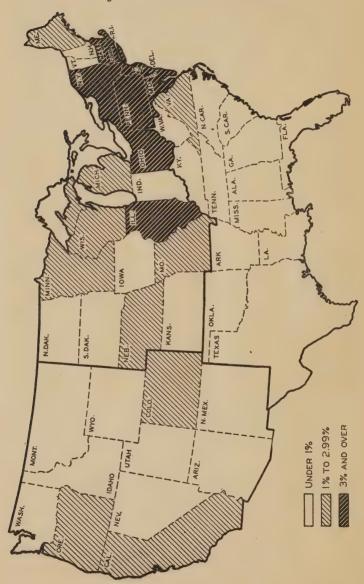
Places having 10 Jews or less: Algoma, Amery, Auburndale, Berlin, Black River Falls, Brodhead, Butternut, Clayton, Coleman, Cuba City, Delavan, De Pere, Durand, Florence (Florence County), Fort Atkinson, Fox Lake, Goodrich (Taylor County), Hartford, Hilbert, Hillsborn, Hudson, Jefferson, Kewaunee, Lady Smith, Lake Geneva, Lena (Oconto County), Lisbon (Sussex) Waukesha County, Mauston, Medford, Menasha, Minocqua town (Minocqua) Oneida Co., Monroe, Mosinee, Necedah, New London, Ontario, Osceola, Park Falls, Redgranite, Richland Center, Rio, Rothschild, Shiocton, Sturgeon Bay, Sun Prairie, Tomahawk, Washburn, West Bend.

#### WYOMING

Casper	Cody	Torrington14 Sheridan17
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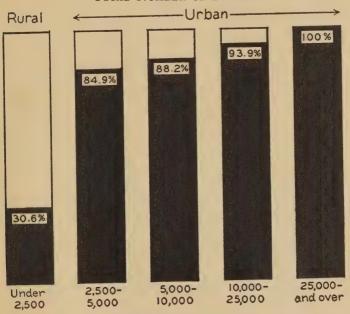
Places having 10 Jews or less: Cowley, Evanston, Glenrock, Kemmerer, Lovell, District 25 (Park Co.).

JEWS IN THE UNITED STATES, 1927 P. C. of Jews to the Total Population



#### JEWS IN INCORPORATED PLACES

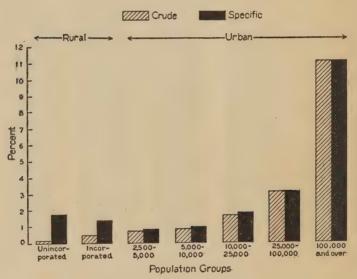
P. C. of Places Having Jewish Residents to Total Number of Places



Population Groups

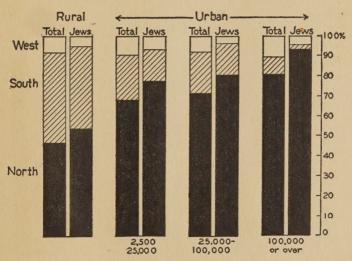
## DENSITY OF THE JEWS IN THE UNITED STATES

P. C. OF JEWS TO TOTAL POPULATION (CRUDE DENSITY)
AND TO POPULATION OF THE PLACES IN WHICH
JEWS RESIDE (SPECIFIC DENSITY)



## DISTRIBUTION OF THE JEWS IN THE UNITED STATES

Distribution of Total Population and of Jews Among the Major Divisions of the Country



Population Groups

